adopted country. Similarly, the high incidence of tuberculosis in the States of middle latitude is probably to be ascribed, in part, to the resort of the tuberculous to the Appalachian Mountains. It will be noted that the States of the Northwest are characterized by a small amount of pulmonary tuberculosis. The South Atlantic and Gulf States vary in the amount of tuberculosis found. Thus, Mississippi stands relatively high in this group. This is probably due to the large percentage of negroes coming from this State, for this race is known to be exceptionally susceptible. On the other hand, Florida and South Carolina have a relatively low rate, because they have the smallest population of mulattoes. (Negro population, United States Census 1790-1915, p. 218.) Looked at broadly, there are three tuber-culosis areas in the United States: (1) New England and New York States—the centers of the Irish and great manufacturing centers; (2) The Southeast, the areas of greatest density of the (susceptible) mulatto population; (3) the Southwest, the greatest "health resort" for the tuberculous.

Table 6.—Grand total for tuberculosis, pulmonary plus suspected tuberculosis, with ratio per 1,000 men; total rejections, D+Vg.

State.	Number of cases.	Ratio per 1,000 men.	State.		Ratio per 1,000 men
Arizona	685	63. 61	Arkansas. Pennsylvania. Wisconsin.	1,058	19. 50
New Mexico	822	60.87	Pennsylvania	4,516	19.47
Colorado	1,385	49.32	Wisconsin	1,549	19.40
California	4, 167 528	43. 49	Nevada	79	18.96
Rhode Island	528	35. 14	Alabama		18, 85
Maryland	1,598	34. 57	Ohio	3, 184	
Alaska	53	29.66	District of Columbia		18. 34
Maine	643	28.14	South Carolina	809	17.78
Kentucky	2,224	27.74	Florida	531	17. 59
Virginia	1,735	27.50	Kansas		17. 58
North Carolina	1,828 1,942	27.06	Oklahoma		16, 82
Pennessee	1,942	26.97	New Hampshire	170	15, 43
Louisiana	1 584	25.71	Minnesota. South Dakota.	1,276	15. 20
Washington	1,021	24.62	South Dakota	382	14.9
Vermont	228	24. 22	West Virginia	686	14.9
Connecticut	1,106	24.06	Iowa	1,202	14. 9
New York	1, 106 7, 286	23, 93	Idaho	211	13, 82
Missouri	2,507	23, 71	Utah	186	13. 02
Mississippi	1 004	21, 62	Delaware		12.66
Georgia	1,550 406	21. 25	North Dakota	259	11. 4
Oregon	406	21, 25	Nebraska	419	11.0
Massachusetts	2, 279	21, 01	Montana	367	10, 88
Pexas	3, 101	20. 91	Wyoming	91	10. 25
Indiana	1,831	20, 62	Wyoming State not specified	1,049	22. 09
Illinois	4,355	20.35	come man abanamaga	2,020	22.00
Michigan		19, 90	Total	71,385	22, 0
New Jersey	1,736	19, 63		11,000	22.0

<sup>1</sup>Klebs (1909, p. 123) refers to the greater fatality of tuberculosis among mulattoes than among fullblooded negroes. When the mulatto rate is low, as in rural Louisiana, South Carolina, and Georgia, or in Florida, as a whole the mortality from tuberculosis is low. It is in the cities where the mulatto rate is high, such as Boston, New York, Charleston, Nashville, New Orleans, that the death rate is highest.