RICKETTS (B.M.)

FIFTY CASES

OF

RECTAL SURGERY.

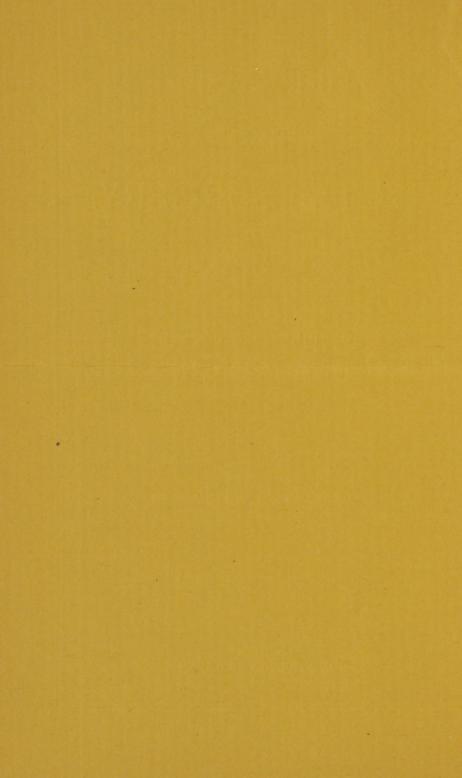
BY

B. MERRILL RICKETTS, M. D.



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FIFTY CASES OF RECTAL SURGERY.

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[Written for Mathews' Medical Quarterly.]

Although rectal disease offers one of the most fruitful and available branches of surgery, it seems to have been the most sadly neglected. In consequence thereof statistics avail but little, in that but few cases have been tabulated as compared with other kinds of surgery.

Although cancer, stricture, fistulæ, hemorrhoids, ulcers, fissures, etc., have been recognized from time immemorial as the more common conditions existing within and about the rectum, the treatment, until within a comparatively recent date, was of but little consequence. The progress in their management, however, has been as varied within recent years as in the management of any other class of surgical cases. Lives are not only saved, but prolonged, comfort given and pain relieved in these conditions so often found about the anus.

It is my personal experience in the treatment and good results obtained in these various conditions which prompts me to offer the following observations upon fifty subjects on whom I have operated for the various conditions herein mentioned:

SUMMARY

	REMARKS.	Good recovery. Cured.	Cured.	Cared.	Cured.	Very slight trouble remaining.	Cured.	Cured.	Cured.	Cured.	Cured.	Died eighteen weeks later.	Springer of Died three days later. Slough about	Cared.	Cured.	Cured.	Improved.	Cured,	Cured.	Cured.	Cured.
	SPHINCTER	Good	Good	Good	Good	Good	Good	Good	Good	Good	Good	Bad	Poor.	Good	Good	Good	Good	Good	Good	Good	Good
	Loss of Time	2 wks Good	4 dys	8 dys		3 wks	1 wk	None	None	None	1 dy			2 dys	Yes 1 dy	Yes 1 wk	Yes 2 dys	10 dys Good	3 wks	2 dys Good	-
1	EXTENSIVE	Yes Yes	Olto Hoos		Yes Yes	Yes	Yes Yes Yes	-		-	-	-	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes	-		1	
	ULCERS	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	:		-	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	Yes
1	FISSURES	1	-	П	-	10	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	:	-	-	Ī
1	FISTULE	1		-	-		-	-	-		1		1	1	1	1	-	1	C4	1	-
	HEMORRHOIDS	22	00	4	9	7	4	Н	22	1	*****				1	1	-	-	-		00
	STRICTURE				-	-	******	-			******	******				:	1		-	:	
	TUBERCULOSIS		*****	Yes	-	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes	******	-	******					-	-		
	SYPHILIS	Yes	Yes		Yes	-	-	Yes	Yes		-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		1
	CANCER	1	1		-		-	-	-	-	-	+	:	-	1	:	-	-	-		1
	OPERATION.	Cautery, ligature and cut.	Ligature	Clamp & cautery, division	Clamp and eautery	Clamp and cautery	Clamp & cautery, division	Ligature	Ligature	Ligature	Division, knife	Curette and cautery	Curett'd, extensive slough	Division, knife	Division, clamp & cautery	Division with finger	Division with finger	Division, knife	Knife	Knife	1 yr Clamp and cautery
	DURATION	6 yrs	4 yrs	8 yrs	6 yrs	Life	1½ yrs	4 yrs	2 yrs	3 yrs	2½ yrs	9 mos	2 wks	2 yrs	3.yrs	18 mos	8 yrs	1 yr	14 yrs	2 mos	1 yr
	COCAINE	-	-	:	-	-	-		:	:	-	-	:	-	!	-	-	-	-	:	
	CHLOROFORM	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	-	н	1	H	-
	COLOR	W.	W.	W.	W.	W.	W.	W.	W.	W.	W.	W.	W.	W.	W.	W.	W.	W.	W.	W.	×.
	SEX	M.	M.	M.	M.	M.	M.	E.	M.	M.	H	M.	E.	M.	M.	E.	M.	M.	M.	M.	M.
	AGE	25	28	87	31	26	53	31	31	53	29	35	45	34	48	65	88	26	40	38	34
	NUMBER	1	CI	00	+	10	9	7	00	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20

Cause: Gonorrheal(?), Cured. Cause: Rectal connection.(?)Cured. Trauma. Cured. Cause: Gonorrheal(?), Cured.	Cured.	Improved and operation repeated. Improved and operation repeated. Improved. Improved. Improved. Improved. Improved. Nothing done. Carcinoma. Nothing done. Carcinoma. Improved. Whitehead's operation. Cured. Whitehead's operation. Cured. Removed foreign body.	
poog poog poog	рооб рооб рооб рооб рооб рооб	Good Good Good Good Good Good Good Good	
1 wk Good 1 wk Good 10 dys Good 2 wks Good 2 wks Good 2 wks Good 4 dys		Yes 2 wks. Good Yes 5 dys Good Yes 2 dys Good Yes 10 dys Good Yes 6 dys Good Yes 6 dys Good Yes Bad Yes Bad 2 dys Good Yes 1 mo Good Yes 1 mo Good Yes 5 wks Good	
	Yes	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
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	Yes 1		g Few days.
Yes	Yes Yes Yes	Yes	Few
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			·y.
Knife Knife Knife Knife Knife Knife Knife Knife			† Carcinoma. † Injury.
3 wks 2 wks 10 dys 3 wks 2 wks 1 wk	15 mos 3 mos 2 yrs 6 mos (?) 3 yrs	3½ yrs 2 yrs 3 yrs 8 yrs 10 mos 7 mos 1 yr 2 yrs 2 yrs 7 yrs 7 yrs	or.
			o Ischio-rectal abscess.
	нининин		al a
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	C W W W W W W W	***********	-rect
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2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	********	8 8 9 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	

The following deductions are made from the foregoing table:

1. White
2. Colored 4
3. Males
4. Females
5. Syphilitie
6. Tubercular 8
7. Hemorrhoids (seventeen patients)48
8. Fistulæ
9. Strictures
10. Fissures 7
11. Ulcers
12. Cancers 4
13. Extensive
14. Chloroform42
15. Cocaine 3
16. Average age 36+years
17. Loss of time (average)1+week
18. Operations
19. Cured
20. Improved
21. Not operated upon 3
22. No deaths 0

In conclusion I will say that to do rectal surgery it is necessary to have the patient completely anesthetized, and that the use of chloroform is the quickest and best means of securing it. Cocaine has been used in this kind of work very unsatisfactorily. I do, however, give this drug the preference in minor surgery.

As to the clamp and cautery, I rely wholly upon them in removing hemorrhoids of any size or number, it being the safest and quickest method, and enables the patient to be up and about sooner than after any other procedure.

The application of the actual cautery to the entire number of ulcers and fissures at one sitting under the complete anesthesia has been the most efficacious means of destroying them that I have found.

Division of fistulæ with the bistoury has not failed in any

attempt to obliterate them, without in a single case destroying the function of the sphincter.

Of the eight cases of ischio-rectal abscess we find five occurring at the time or immediately following an acute gonorrhea. Fistulæ resulted, and were operated upon in each of the eight cases. I believe that acute gonorrhea is the most frequent cause of ischio-rectal abscess in the male; however, an acute inflammatory process, due to any cause, is as likely to produce an abscess, the contents of which may escape into the rectum.

It is interesting to note that thirty of the cases were either tubercular or syphilitic. In the four cases of carcinoma the disease had progressed to such a degree as to render it unwise to attempt a radical operation, except toward the last when colotomy should have been resorted to but was refused.

Case No. 50 was unique in that in falling from a table a piece of ducking, one and a quarter inches square, was driven along the side of the rectum by a chair leg. The foreign body remained concealed for five months without detection, until I was consulted. A portion of the sphincter was torn away, but its office remains good at the present time.

The average loss of time is but little for surgical cases of this nature.

