

Microbiology

N. Y. U.

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Dear Josh,

Thank you for your letter, and New Year wishes, also for your Christmas card, which with others now adorns the wall of my apartment. I am most grateful to you for your most flattering invitation to spend a year at Wisconsin, but, very much to my regret, I do not think I shall be able to take advantage of it; I should probably have been able to get my fellowship from the Commonwealth Fund extended, but the difficulty is my teaching commitments in London. I get leave more or less on the understand that I should be back for the beginning of next academic year, and I ~~know~~ think that because of other staff movements, my department would be in some difficulty in getting my work done if I did not turn up. (I know this sounds like the delusion

of indispensability on my part.) Thank you also for your generous offer of a temporary appointment.

I am, of course, most anxious to see what I can do for your work; I gather from Norton (whom I only saw for 1/2 hour or so, owing to his having been unwell, & I having to go off elsewhere shortly after he looked in) that your lab. works at more or less full blast through the summer: my fellowship normally would expire in June, but I am ~~now~~ fairly sure of getting a three months extension. If you think it a good idea, I should certainly like to spend those three months at Wisconsin: I have had originally intended to spend the summer travelling round the country (I get a special allowance for travelling, and in fact must spend 2 months travelling as a condition of my fellowship.) I now realize that I am not going to get anything very great accomplished in the Pneumococcus transformation field in the time I have available, & that it might be better to go off round the country earlier, & spend some time with you, if that is feasible. I hope you will let me know what you think about this, I know that

3 months is not long enough to get anything much done but it would at least enable to pick up your techniques, & perhaps get started on something, to finish later.

I have not got any results yet on pneumo. transforming principle filtration; I have been using my time on trying to find other characters, i.e. growth requirements, <sup>& fermentative characters</sup> which might be included to give more quantitative data, i.e. something for which one can screen, so far without any results: even on the fairly complex semi-defined medium they use here it is difficult to get satisfactory growth on agar, and the cocci <sup>have</sup> bearing an infuriating habit of drying & autolysing if conditions are not such as ~~best~~ <sup>best</sup> them: apparently no one has isolated any pneumo. phages, so there seems nothing left except antibiotic resistance, & H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> tells me that even a penicillin resistance the quantitative aspects are full of doubts as to interpretation. I hate not being able to titre a thing to even a  $\times 2$  or  $\times \frac{1}{2}$  accuracy, especially as it more or less rules out experiments on adsorption & saturation of cells, comparable to your *N. taylori* or *S. ty-mur.* factor.

A propos flagella, I have no personal knowledge of the phenol suppression: I have been told, however, by people who run labs. making vaccines & suspensions

for agglutination tests that it is not uncommon to get a batch of nutrient broth which is satisfactory for growth but gives very poor development of H antigen, possibly this is comparable with the (reported, I have not tested it) failure of flagella to develop on a synthetic medium. If the latter phenomenon occurs, it may perhaps be analogous to the low titre of <sup>nitratease</sup> nitratease & other <sup>"non-essential"</sup> constitutive enzymes of cells grown on synthetic agar medium.

Dr. Backer of this dept. did some interesting (unpublished) work on swarming in *Proteus* which might be relevant. On synthetic agar + nicot. acid there was good growth but no swarming, the most active constituent of complex media in restoring swarming was found to be glutamine (or its precursors).

As to the H-specific stages, Mark Adams tells me Rakieten is no longer at Brooklyn, & he does not know where he is. However, having recently heard from Asheshov, of Bronx Botanic Garden, that Bilgakov, (of the lab. ~~stud~~ du bacteriophage 75 Rue Olivier-de-Serres, Paris XV) who was I think co-author with Sertic, was still alive & active, I wrote to him about it, & got a reply a couple of days ago in which he says he thinks he

will be able to send me the phase as soon as he has resuscitated it. I will send it you when I get it. I have always thought it a most extraordinary thing. I shall be interested to see whether it selects stable O<sub>9</sub>, or only (or mainly) unstable poorly-"flagellated" variants. I thought at one time that they might provide one side of a system in which one could measure mutation rates in each direction with an appropriate screening medium for each.

I was most interested, in fact fascinated, to hear of the experiments on transferring typhi-murium flagella to *S. typhi*. I am still brooding on the significance of the non-mutability of phase of the transformed type. If rate of mutation is controlled by a second single gene, ~~the~~ <sup>stage</sup> of *S. typhi* transformed to H by means of ~~the~~ filtrate of *S. typhi* (if this is possible) should readily mutate, to presumably to the second "artificial" phase of *S. typhi*.

I don't think I have anything else to say. Thank you again for your generous invitation.

Best wishes for 1952 to you and Esther

Yrs Sincerely

Bruce Stoker