

Selective Segregation: ClA<sup>R</sup>

SD9.

A. Y88 x Y40.

B. Y53 x Y91

C. Y40 x Y53.

Plate into T(0) + :

0 Clas 500 Biotin Biotin + ClA.

A. ca 80      26      see 0. > ClA.  
 do.      30.      smallish  
 were too turbid. It may provide a  
 source of ClA<sup>R</sup> cells.

This experiment is not  
 entirely valid because the plates  
assayed.

ca 40

B	ca 40 - turbid. 3	see 0.	Clas 500
	ca 50 - turbid. 5		
	12		
	19		
		40	
		12	
C	12	0	0
P3:	25	1?	24

As A, the difference between 0 and ClA  
 is not clear cut. In B, it is. There  
 are relatively few resisters in X B  
 as compared to A. Clean plates will  
 be needed: use B, suggl.

series.

series.

A & B P, have large numbers of viable c

ells.

g. demonstration of  
 use B. plates

later, more colonies  
 appear in B =  
 probably  
 undiluted  
 ratio

Cla segregation.

509a

See 509

See 496.

A.  $Y88 \times Y40$ .  
 $T(O)$   $17/17$  Res.

B.  $B4$ -cla  $\text{lac}$   $v$   $TL$   
 $- + R$   $- S$   $- S$   $-$   
 $+ - S$   $+ R$   $+$ .

B.  $18/18$  Res.

$35/35$  Res.

.

$Y53 \times Y91$ .

$T(O)$

$T(B_1)$   $74/76$  ~~Sens.~~  
 $2(?)$  ~~sens.~~ Res.

$\therefore$  Reverse cross is supported.

Summary.

A.  $Y91 \times Y53$

496.  $4/56$   $T(B_1)$

509 ~~24/26~~  
 $2/76$   $T(B_1)$

$6/132$

$4.5\%$

$Y40 \times Y88$   
 $486$   $14/16$   $\begin{cases} 1/7 & T(O) \\ 1/7 & T(B_1) \end{cases}$   
 $35/35$   $T(O); T(B_1)$

$49/54$

$4\%$ .

~~Streak~~ Camphor

May 3, 1947.

Strains Y40, Y87, Y64, Y10 on 10 Camphor/V.A.

May 5 - streak out as EMB

May 7 - isolated colonies. Test by streaking heavily on Cl 2 agar. Following showed no papillae were recovered:

Recover streak out on EMB.

Y40 2 / 15

Y87 1 / 18

Y10 + 9/9

Y64 1/3

Y53 0/8

Phage resistance patterns

5-11

May 5, 1947.

Spread on EMB lactose plates, Y53 + phages:

T1 many resists; some smooth; a few mucoid.

T3 do. mostly mucoid.

T4 scattered <sup>small</sup> plaques. and bitter stocks.

T5 many smooth resists. 30 tested on T1 all resistant.  
present stocks from previous bottle

T7 all mucoid?

T1+T5 as T1; no mucoid.

T3+T4 scattered <sup>small</sup> plaques! (protected by T4??) Repeat!!!

T3+T7. as T3.

T6 confluent plaques; not continuous lysis except (?)  $\rightarrow$  incites. Break out to obtain Y53-V<sub>6</sub><sup>R</sup>

T1/Y60. no plaques (resists?)

Y53-mutants.

1. Pick colonies from /T3 and /T7 and test reciprocally.
2. Test and compare /T1S and /T1M on T1 + "T5"
6. Purify + cross-test /T6. < of 20 tested ca 3 were sensitive!
7. Repeat: /T1, T3      /T4      /T3, T4.

/3 on T7: Some sensitive. Strain out and compare  
with Y53/3/7      N.: turned out Y53/3, 7

Brilliant Green Resistance

512

May 4, 1947.

Strain out on NAgar +

B.G. 50 H.G. 100.

Y77	A few isolated colonies	only a small part of the medium.
Y79.	A few isolated colonies.	Background shows + growth.

Strain out Y77/Hg as Hg + BG same as above!

Y79/Bg on BG.

Identification of "T5".

573

Enumerate stocks.

a: 506-⑤ K-12; Y40 S.,

b: "T5 - Batch 2" 506-⑥ Y40 R.,

r. "small plaques" from 506-⑤

s "large plaques" from 506-⑤

[wait for indicator stocks  
from Bernrene.]

1. Streak out stocks with K-12; Y40 for plaque size determination.

2.

	T1	T5	T1+T5	2	r	s	δ	r+s
Y40	R	R	R	S	R	R	R	R

∴ a has another component not yet isolated. Isolate on Y40.

Plate 453 x 491      on B.<sub>1</sub> Cl<sub>a</sub> agar. Picks second day +  
TLB,- BM Cl<sub>a</sub><sup>R</sup>

select the resistant recombinants.

With considerable lag, varying from colony to colony, an equal yield (ca.  $10^6$ ) was obtained ~~for~~ on Cl<sub>a</sub>-B<sub>1</sub> and B<sub>1</sub> plates. The "~~resistant~~" formed <sup>susceptible</sup> tiny colonies early, & evident frequent ~~and~~ mutations! And higher conc. of Cl<sub>a</sub>??

May 15, 1947.

1). Strain 58-161  $\in$  T1.

2) Strain 58-161 alone.

no mucoids developed!!

~~Haben~~ Mucoid sometimes develops on old plates on lactose agar.  
look into this!

Camphor: Test for polyploidy

517

May 16, 1947.

Test isolates from 510 by following crosses. on T(0).

A. Y10<sub>n</sub>/Cam × Y87/Cam.      T-L-B<sub>1</sub>-B+M+Lac+V<sup>s</sup> ×  
n T(0) 1  
2  
3  
4

B. Y40<sub>n</sub>/Cam × Y88      B+M+Lac+Cla<sup>s</sup>V<sup>R</sup> ×  
1  
2

401).      -R    →    +R    +S.    Cla<sup>#</sup>    all R.    normal segs.

402)	* -R	-S	+R	+S.	Cla <sup>#</sup>
	8	2	7	0	17 all R.
	7	5	5	0	17 1)-R 2)-R see Cla <sup>s</sup>
	4	4	5	1	
	19.	11	17	1	normal segregation

2/43 Cla<sup>s</sup>.

Phage - Resistance Patterns.

517

May 17, 1947.

	T1	T3	T4	T5	T6	T7	"T5"
K-12	"R"	"R"	S	"R"	S?	"R"	"R"
Y40	"	"	S	"	S	"	"
Y94 (Y53/6)	"	"	S	"	R?	"	"
Y95 (Y53/6)	"	"	S	"	R?	"	"
Y53/3	"	"	R	"	?	"	"
Y53/3,7.	"	"	R	"	?	"	"

These tests are obviously fallacious. Probably phage stocks were allowed to "set" too long before adding bacteria.

Repeat. P18.

	T1	T3	T4	T5	T6	T7	"T5"
K-12	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Y40	11	R	S	S	R	S	S
Y94	16	S	S	S	S	R	S
Y95	16	S	S	S	S	R	S
Y53/3	=	S	R	R	S	R	R
Y53/3,7	=	S	R	R	S	R	R

Resistance to T6 seems to be included in the  
3,4,7 pattern.

probably  
T4.

∴  $V_0^R; V_5^R; V_6^R; V_{3,4,6,7}^R$  are available!

5174.

 $\gamma_{10}/\text{cam} \times \gamma_{87}/\text{cam}$ .

$+R$	$+S$	$-R$	$-S$
3	6	8	0
9	8.		

Lact + Lact -

15. 7.

 $\gamma_{10}/_1.$ 

22 6

17 1

39. 7 / 46. ?

22. 5

 $\gamma_{10}/_2.$ Is  $\gamma_{10}_4$  absent?

Add mixture of phages + Y53 and spread on E. coli B agar.

T3 ca 200 R.

T4 lysis patchy at circumference. Scattered resists.

T5 complete lysis only in center; occasional resists.

T6. " " ". occasional resists.

T1 + T3. Complete lysis: Ca 10-12 R \* lysis in confluent zone; nibbled colonies.  
Some whole.

T1, T4. " 1 surviving colony. ? \* Same nibbling! mostly OK.

T1 T6 " 1 surviving colony? \* small colonies.

T3, T4 " Many R. \*

(T3, T5) " O. - R; many tiny \* OR. plaques in rings of confluent growth

T3, T6. " Many R!

T4, T5. lysis patchy. Occ. mucoid R. \* somewhat mucoid; no nibbling

T4, T6. lysis patchy No resists.

T5, T6 complete lysis. 3 colonies?? \* v. small colonies. see (1, 6.)

\* struckout.

# Segregation of $V_6^R$

518

A B

Y94, Y95 x Y40.

(T-L-B<sub>1</sub>-Lac-V<sub>6</sub><sup>S</sup>V<sub>6</sub><sup>R</sup> x B-M-Lact+V<sub>6</sub><sup>R</sup>V<sub>6</sub><sup>S</sup>)

O, B<sub>1</sub>.

Y94-O. Lac

+	++	++	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
---	----	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

T<sub>6</sub>  
R S R R R  
R R R R R  
R R R R R  
R R R R R  
R R R S R S  
R R R R R

T <sub>1</sub>	✓
R	
R	
R	
S	✓
R	
R	
R	
R	
S	
R	
R	✓
S	
R	
R	
R	
R	

Y94-B<sub>1</sub>. Lac

-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

T<sub>6</sub>  
R R R R R  
R R R R R  
R R R R R  
R R S S R  
R R R R R  
R R R R R

T <sub>1</sub>	✓
S	✓
S	✓
R	✓
S	✓
R	✓
S	✓
R	✓
R	✓
R	✓
S	✓
R	✓
S	✓
R	✓
R	✓
R	✓
S	✓
R	✓

Lac V <sub>6</sub>	V <sub>6</sub> <sup>R</sup>	V <sub>6</sub> <sup>S</sup>
- R	23	1
- S	17	0
+ R	5	14
+ S	1	0
}		
		41
		Lac-
		20 Lac+

46. 15  
V<sub>6</sub><sup>R</sup> V<sub>6</sub><sup>S</sup>.

Cum:

Lac	6 R	6 S	T1
-	44	2	
-	28	0	
+	9	20	
+	1	2	

10/11

V<sub>6</sub> Lac

82 74

Dec 28

518a

Y95 x Y40.

 $T(0)$ 

vac	$T_G$	$T_1$
-	R	S ✓
-	R	R ✓
-	R	R ✓
+	R	R ✓
+	S	R ✓
-	R	R ✓
-	S	R ✓
+	R	R ✓
-	R	R ✓
-	S	R ✓
-	R	R ✓
-	R	R ✓
-	S	R ✓
-	R	R ✓
-	R	R ✓
-	R	R ✓
+	R	R ✓
-	R	R ✓
-	R	R ✓
-	R	R ✓
-	R	R ✓
-	R	R ✓
-	R	R ✓
-	R	R ✓
+	R	R ✓

 $T(\beta_3)$ 

vac	$T_6$	$T_1$
+	+	R ✓
+	+	R ✓
-	-	S ✓
+	+	R ✓
-	-	R ✓
+	+	R ✓
-	-	R ✓
+	+	R ✓
-	-	R ✓
+	+	R ✓
-	-	R ✓
+	+	R ✓
-	-	R ✓
+	+	R ✓
-	-	R ✓
+	+	R ✓
-	-	R ✓
+	+	R ✓
-	-	R ✓
+	+	R ✓
-	-	R ✓
+	+	R ✓

 $\text{vac } T_1 \quad V_6^R \quad V_6^S$ 

- R
- S
- +
- +

R  
S.

Phage effect

519

Y40 X Y53

May 19, 1947.

(T1)

- A. Add phage to Y53. Infect 10 mins. Mix Y40 and wash  
good yield of colonies!!
- B. Mix Y53 + Y40. ~~Let stand 1 hour.~~ Let stand in H<sub>2</sub>O overnight.  
Add phage before final wash + plate
- C. Mix as above, no phage. (Repeat)

May 21, 1947.  
 A Y94 x Y40 ( $V_6^R \times V_1^R$ ).

T(A).

Lac	$V_6$	$V_1$
-	R ✓✓	R ✓✓
-	R S	S R ✓
+	S S	S R
++	S R	R S ✓
-	R R	R R
-	R R	R R
-	R R	R R

T(B<sub>1</sub>)

Lac	$V_1$	$V_6$
-	S R	R R
-	R R	R R
-	R R	R R
-	R R	R R
-	R R	R R
-	R R	R R
-	R R	R R
-	R R	R R
-	R R	R R
-	R R	R R
-	R R	R R
-	R R	R R
-	R R	R R

Lac	$V_6$	$V_1$
-	R R R R R R	R R R R R R
-	R R R R R R	R R R R R R
-	R R R R R R	R R R R R R
-	R R R R R R	R R R R R R
-	R R R R R R	R R R R R R
-	R R R R R R	R R R R R R
-	R R R R R R	R R R R R R
-	R R R R R R	R R R R R R
-	R R R R R R	R R R R R R
-	R R R R R R	R R R R R R
-	R R R R R R	R R R R R R
-	R R R R R R	R R R R R R
-	R R R R R R	R R R R R R

T(B <sub>1</sub> )	+	R	R
-	R R	R R	S ✓✓
-	R R	R R	S ✓✓
-	R R	R R	S ✓✓
-	R R	R R	S ✓✓
-	R R	R R	S ✓✓
-	R R	R R	S ✓✓
-	R R	R R	S ✓✓
-	R R	R R	S ✓✓
-	R R	R R	S ✓✓
-	R R	R R	S ✓✓
-	R R	R R	S ✓✓

$V_6^R$	$V_1^S$	$V_1^R$
-	4+17	O+1
-	2+9	O+0
+	0+4	2+4
+	O+0.	1+1

Total:

$V_6$	$V_1$	IR
21	1	IS
11	0	IR
4	6	IR
0	2	IS

Cum. total: See 518.

B.) Y96 x Y40. ( $Y53 - V_4^R V_6^R \times Y40 - V_1^R$ ). Test on 1, 4, 6.

12 strains - all rather smooth - all resistant mucoid. n-q.

Tests on complex mutants.

520

May 19, 1947.

	T1	T3	T4	T5	T6.
Y53/1					
1,3	S	R	R	R?	R
1,4	S	R	R	R	R
1,6	?	?	?	?	?
					Y99.
3,5	R?	R	R	R	R
4,5 <sub>MHC.</sub>	R	S	R	R	R
5,6.	S	S	S	S	S. !

Do not use these mutants further; their origin as independent mutations  
is not excluded.

Y53/3 or T6. 19 R. comparable to Y94.

pick at random. 1 good sensitive. Y98.  
(3 nibbled throughout.).

check on 16 types.

	T1	T3	T4	T5	T6	T7
Y53/3						
Y94 Y53/6.	R	R	S	R	R	R
Y98. Y53/3,6 <sup>3</sup>	R	S-	S-	S-	S-	R-
Y99 Y53/1,6	S	R?	S	S	R?	S
Y88. Y53/1,M.	R	S	S	R	R	R
Y53/3	R	R	R	R	R	R
Y53/3 <del>old</del>	R	R	R	R	R	R

probably common.

Mix Y53 + phages in a tube & plate on EYB.

16,1 No survivors. See Y99.

16,5 2 v. mucoid colonies; a few tiny ones.

13,5 Numerous mostly mucoid.

13,6

11,4 Very numerous colonies. (Ext.)<sup>(ext)</sup>  $\eta^{1,4}$ . V. considerable growth before lysis! Probably invalid.

14,5 Several mucoid colonies; occ. smooth.

15,3 Several "mucoid" colonies. Test as T1,3. Mostly very mucoid + nibbled.  
Strains apparently  $T_1^R T_3^R$ . = 521-1

Y53/6. Mostly patchy lysis, but many well-defined resistant colonies.

Test for  $T_3^R$ .

Y53/1 Test for  $T_5^R$ . large colonies:  $65/67 = T_5^R$ . small col

Pick Y100. =  $T_1^R T_5^S$ .  $5/18 = T_5^R$ . Pick both var.

440/6 Test for  $T_3^R$ .

Smooth susceptible; mucoid generally  $\eta$ -resistant.  
isolate one as Y101.

Y53/1,4. Mostly nibbled. Strains are  $T_1^R T_4^R$  as Y102.

larger colonies are mucoid; v. watery or nibbled.

Y53/4,5. Test on 1,4. Mucoids are doubly resistant. Do not use.

Tests on Resistant mutants.

521a

Y53/(1,4). on T1, T4.

Y40/6 on T3.

Y53/1 on T5.

<del>T</del>	Y40/6	T1 R	T3 R	T4 S	T5 R	T6 R	T7 R	T4 S! T3 R!
"Y53/(1,6)	Y99	R	S	S	S	S	R!	T7 R! Stock??
Y53/3 6 <sup>s</sup> !	Y98	S	R	(S)	R	R	R	
Mucoid!	Y86	R	S	S	R	R	R	
Mucoid! 58-161 Cam.	R	R?	R	R	R	R	R	
Y53/3	Y96	S	R	(R)	R	R	R	

Papillation of the L-reversion.

522

May 20, 1947.

To 20 ml plates of T(0) + excess B, and threonine, add varying amounts of leucine. Streak Y53 on these plates to determine suitability for assay of mutation frequency. Spec. A21.

Leucine, per plate.	24h.	48h.	72h.	84h.
0	0	0	~	
1R	min. colonies.	→ do.	✓	<u>no change!</u>
2	"	p. points	✓	
5	"	— "do."	✓	
10	Discernible p. points	v. tiny	(1 colony)	
20	> " "	tiny but visible	(1 colony)	
50	> " "	v. small; fairly uniform	(Microcysts not noted)	
100	tiny colonies.	small colonies. <sup>fairly</sup>	No papillae! <sup>large</sup>	
1 mg.	v. small colonies. papillae in gross streak?	Good sized (1-2 mm.) Some variations. no obvious papillation.		

range of papillation  
tests.

May 19, 1947.

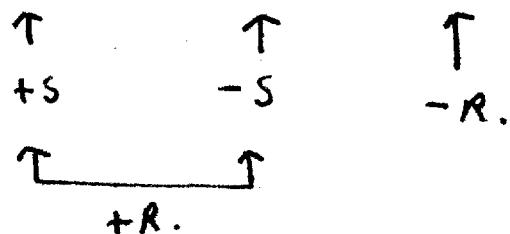


- a) Y26 grew poorly in YB. [OK = cystine supplement or "Protease Peptone 1%"]
- b) Y87 in B gave no M+ colonies. ∴ Probably OK as a single factor.
- c) in T(0). 5 in 6 plates. (ca  $10^{-8}$ ).
- d) in T(B) ca 10/ plate (ca  $10^{-7}$ ).

These testify to the predicted tight linkage of

$$B-M \in \phi-C.$$

523 B.	-R	-S	+R	+S.	<u>C,φ+</u>	<u>Lac</u>	<u>V</u>
					<u>-</u>	<u>+</u>	<u>R</u>
	9	1	1	1	C,φ-	+	S



May 21, 1947

A. Y26 x Y53. B. Y26 x Y87.

B. - No colonies in 9 T(0) plates  
2 colonies in 4 T(B) plates!

A. T(0). 75. T(B<sub>1</sub>) 184. Compare with previous determinations of 1:1 T(0):T(B<sub>1</sub>).

~~B~~ ~~B~~  $\phi$ -C- x T-L-B, -Lac- all V<sub>1</sub>'s

T(0)

6/51 Lac +.

T(B<sub>1</sub>)

~~14/43~~ Lac +.

The T(B) tests are divisible into 2 parts:

$$\text{a) } 75/184 \times 43 = 17.5 \stackrel{\circ}{=} B_1^+ \stackrel{\circ}{=} 2 \text{ Lac-} ; 15 \text{ Lac+}$$

$$25.5 \stackrel{\circ}{=} B_1^- \stackrel{\circ}{=} 12 \text{ Lac-} ; 13 \text{ Lac+}$$

(9)	14	34	29	43
(11)	6	42	45	51
	20	7	9	94

$$\therefore \text{the } B_1^- \text{ may have ca. } \frac{1}{2} \text{ Lac- } \frac{1}{2} \text{ Lac+}.$$

i.e. This may not be precisely true.....

$$\chi^2 = 25(.091 + .11 + .03 + .02)$$

.11

.03

.02

.25

B<sub>1</sub>

Lac

T-L.

$\approx 6.2$

$p = .01+$

Campbell -

525.

May 16, 1947.

Add 3 mg/ml Campbell to NA plates. streak with Y40, etc.  
Growth not markedly inhibited, but ca 3-4 da. papillae are  
noted. On 5th day, streak out. Test colonies by  
streaking on Ca I plates. Reject those that show papillae.  
Inoculate others in broth for further test.

Y40 <sup>"</sup>	Pap.	No pap.
	8	8 (too heavily streaked)
	14	0.
	12	0
	2	0
Y10 (purulent)	5+5	0
	11	11. (too heavy!)
58-161 C.	0	17. (too heavy).

all these eventually gave papillae

May 24, 1947.

A. Y26 x . . .  
x  
Y87

No colonies on 4 minimal plates.

ca. 50 colonies/plate = hetero.

Test  $\equiv$  V<sub>1</sub>; Lac.

B. Y26 x Y64.

Reversion of Y87 to  $14^+$  not checked.

$\therefore$  compare  $= +$  Lac  $+ V$

-R	-S	+R	+S.
21	1	1	—
18	2	0	1
18	0	0	0
23	0	0	0
19	1	0	1
15	1	0	0

114. 5 1 2

reversion of  $021$  to  $B$  not checked; perhaps suggested by relative frequency of  $B^-$

in this series!

<del>ΦA</del>	$H^+ C^-$	+	S
<del>ΦA</del>	$H^- C^+$	-	R
		$\uparrow$ +S	$\uparrow$ -S
			For now. -R.

B. Plates very turbid; samples poor.

T(0)	-R	+X	-S	+S.
	3	1	8	10
T(B.)	12	10	1	0

indications: phage u.y.

Total, recently lac segregation

compare 524: (n.g.).

T(0) :	29- : 31+	48% lac -
T(B.) :	70- : 15+	32% lac -

45- : 6+ !

29- : 14 +



# Segregation of Lac, V<sub>1</sub>, V<sub>6</sub>

528

Y94 x Y40.

T(0)

Lac	V <sub>6</sub>	V <sub>1</sub>
+ - - + - - -	S R R S R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R	R S R S S S R R R R R R S R
- + - + - - -	S R R R S R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R	R R S R P R S R R S R S R S R S R S R S R S R
- - + + - - -	S R	R R
- - - + + + -	S R	R R
- - - - + + + +	S R	R R
- - - - - + + + +	S R	R R
- - - - - - + + + +	S R	R R

22588.

Cum.

Lac

- - + + - - + +

6 R

29  
25  
21

6 S

10  
71  
30  
27  
3

T<sup>1</sup>

R S S S R S R S R S S

75
53
38
5
171

T(B<sub>1</sub>)

Effect of hardness of agar on recombination.

Use plates = undiluted  $T(B)$  + 1½% agar. Add 5 ml of a mixture of Y5.3 + Y50 to 100 ml of a series of agar concentrations, mix thoroughly, and pour 10 ml quantities. Compare yields. [This should further delimit the mobility of the transforming principle.]  
 Agar concentrations of ½%, ¾%, 1%, 1.5%, 2% should be tried.

A 27.

½% Undiluted: 54+ ; -

1% . . . . 16, 7

1.5% . . . . 5, 2

2% . . . . 32, 27

mis-spelling.

2.5% . . . . 28?, 10.

$\frac{3}{4}\%$  is lowest suitable concentration.

$\frac{3}{4}\%$ . . . . 54, 36

May 17-1947.

Streak NA plates  $\in$  Y40; 58-161, and invert over acenaphthene crystals. Incubate 5 days  $37^\circ$ . No marked inhibition noted; no papillation. Streak out on EMB. A 23.

P24. Marked size dimorphism noted. 

Test colonies on Cfa for papillation.

Streak out large & small colonies and Y40 standard:

dimorphism breeds true, but is present in standard streak!

Test biochemically.

B M BN

This dimorphism must be pursued, as it may L.C. — — ++  
be responsible for the heterogeneity in segregation S.C. — — ++  
data previously observed.

Colony tests:

Pop. No pop.

58-161 Sm. col.

10 3

probably too heavily streaked.

161 L.C.

3 1

Y40. L.C.

6 0  
10 0.

S.C.

7 5  
6 ; 6 ?

Some small colony types don't papillate on first test.

Degeneration of  $V_3^R$ .

531.

May 27, 1947

Y98 x Y40. Test on T6, T3, T1.

T(0); T(B<sub>1</sub>)

Lac	T6	T3	T1	Lac	T6	T3	T1
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T(0).

- - +

R

R

S      T(B<sub>1</sub>).  
R  
R  
R  
S  
S  
R  
R  
R  
R  
R  
R  
S  
R  
R  
S  
R  
R  
R

all R →

all R →

all R

R.

probably  
selective picking  
(T<sub>3</sub>, R, T, A types.)

Y26 x Y87.

532

May 27, 1947

var. ~~Y26~~ Y87 x Y64. (the reverse cross      4.5.)  
no leafs.]

Segregation of V<sub>2T</sub>

533

May 27, 1947.

Y100 x Y40

See below for Y100 x Y40L.  
x 58-161L.

Batch - tested, variously, on T6, T3, T1.

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Phages n.g.? - all R.