

Service Project Descriptions (cont'd.)

this with the measured height of some portion of the composite resonance spectra.

Investigator: M. Lexie Nall
Dept. of Dermatology
Project Began April 1969

Project: L_NALL. PSORIASI
Non-Realtime

The computer is used to perform calculations in connection with a study of the genetics of psoriasis. A questionnaire requesting information on presence or absence of the disease in relatives was sent to almost 700 psoriasis sufferers and to 100 controls. A statistically significant familial concentration of the disease has been demonstrated which, together with twin studies, supports the concept that hereditary factors contribute to the etiology of psoriasis.

Pedigree analysis and frequencies of psoriasis among siblings of sufferers were not consistent with inheritance of genetic differences at a single autosomal or x-linked locus, even with decreased penetrance due to delayed age of onset. These findings, plus further analysis, suggested that psoriasis is determined by multifactorial inheritance.

Application of the twin method to this study is still in process. The sample of monozygotic and dizygotic twins (one or both members affected) was drawn from the United States.

The questionnaire used in this study has been translated into several languages. An international information exchange and coordination center is being set up in the Department of Dermatology.

Investigator: John Petralli
Stanford Univ. Hospital Clinical
Lab. - Infectious Disease
Project Began January 1969

Project: J_PETRAL. MED DATA
J_PETRAL. INFCON
J_PETRAL. PROGRESS
Non-Realtime

Antibiotic-sensitivity testing gives physicians important information about treatment of specific infections. To improve the quality of antibiotic-sensitivity data (high potency single disc method) and to guide the interpretation of results and antibiotic selection, a computer program has been developed. Clinical information and zone sizes are entered into the ACME computer each day. As the information is given to the computer, the quality-control program immediately detects and challenges unusual results and directs the laboratory technicians to appropriate restudy of the organism in question. This system converts zone sizes to resistant, intermediate, or sensitive and prints final reports from its memory. These final results are generated three days to eight weeks after the specimen enters the lab. Reports for "routine" specimens are printed for distribution to the nursing units. Antibiotic sensitivity test

Service Project Descriptions (cont'd.)

results are compared to previous results and unusual values are flagged for further study before release to the physician. Results which pass this screening are interpreted for the physician. Previous results are analyzed every six months to allow updating of acceptable criteria and to provide the fellows and residents of Infectious Diseases with patterns of antibiotic susceptibility for approximately fifty organisms. The results for rare organisms are accumulated until sufficient data is present to include them in the daily quality control program.

Decreased potency of an antibiotic disc is detected by comparison of periodically determined mean zone sizes. Limits of confidence of a single reading are established by review of zone sizes observed with a standard organism tested on different occasions.

Knowledge of antibiotic sensitivities of organisms isolated from a specific site such as blood or urine will help to guide the selection of antibiotics before specific sensitivities are known. Such information is of value in selection of antibiotics in treating rarely encountered organisms with less well-known sensitivity patterns or in selection of alternate antibiotics when the first choice drug is hazardous. Yearly comparison of antibiotic sensitivity patterns obtained will give information about major trends and suggest appropriate changes in treatment of various infections.

Currently the project is testing the feasibility of automatically generating patient charges from the specimen identification data entered into ACME. This would hopefully decrease the paperwork for the lab personnel, facilitate data control and practically eliminate keypunching from charge slips. This also involves automatic routing of charges, depending on whether the patient made an in-house, clinic, or other outpatient visit.

There are plans to use ACME to provide physicians with preliminary results on a daily basis. Such a system would be adaptable to a hospital information system to provide instant preliminary and final results at nursing units as they are generated. This system should be running on a small scale within the near future.

Another plan involves using ACME to study the possibility of routinely identifying bacteria with gas chromatography.

This summer we will begin parallel testing of an automated sensitivity testing instrument for approximately four months. The machine will provide sensitivity results twenty hours sooner than conventional methods.

In addition to improving the accuracy of laboratory results for the benefit of patients, the computer has proved valuable in checking the work of laboratory technicians and students in training.

TRAINING PROJECTS

Investigator: James Calvert
Medical Student
Project Began November 1969

Project: J_CALVER. TEXT
Non-Realtime

The computer is used for calculations involving the economics of investment in biomedical research. Given some fraction of the gross national product as appropriate for the total national expenditure on health, national investment policy can be made more explicit and rational by considering for each major disease category:

- (1) medical care costs and lost income per year,
- (2) yearly probability of premature death or continued disability,
- (3) fraction of the health budget allocated to research,
- (4) discount (interest) rate for patient lives saved or improved,
- (5) the maximum number of years allowed to complete cure or prevention of the particular disease.

A second study investigates the economics of effectiveness and efficiency in patient care. Effective patient care simultaneously focuses on the patient's visit, the current illness, the patient's year, and the patient's lifetime. Schedules for effective care are integrated by a simultaneous analysis of policies relating investments of professionals and facilities to benefits of patient care at each of the four time foci. Optimal schedules can then be derived for the care of individual patients within the national population by a weighting matrix of investment policies.

Efficient utilization of invested professionals and facilities is markedly influenced by such human capital factors as:

- (1) degree of specialization and rate of ongoing improvement,
- (2) flexibility of allocation, and
- (3) overall state of the technical art.

Investigator: Glenn Funk
Medical Student
Project Began June 1971

Project: GAFUNK. RHINO
Non-Realtime

The intent of this project is to study rhinovirus defectiveness from three approaches:

- (1) an attempt to derive a subgenomic "defective interfering" (DI) rhinovirion by rapid passage at high multiplicity of infection.

Training Project Descriptions (cont'd)

- (2) study of the kinetics of viral RNA production at permissive and non-permissive temperatures, and
- (3) study of the intracellular development of rhinovirions under both temperature conditions using an electron microscope.

In addition, an attempt will be made to determine a particle-to-PFU-ratio as an indicator of the degree of defectiveness of a viral suspension.

Investigator: Rodney Levine
Medical Student
Project Began December 1968

Project: RLLEVINE. CPS
Non-Realtime

The project was undertaken to clarify some of the mechanisms of pyrimidine synthesis in mammals, and the relationship of that synthesis to the control of cellular proliferation. The computer is used for data analysis and statistical evaluation. It greatly accelerates the pace of the experiments.

As the work has progressed into an examination of enzyme kinetics, the computer has been used for theoretical curve fitting. Important properties of the enzyme system have been deduced, and theoretical equations have led to the conclusion that an allosteric enzyme is involved.

The computer has been an indispensable aid in calculation related to prediction of enzyme preparation behavior in a sucrose gradient centrifugation.

Investigator: D. Craig Miller
Medical Student
Project Began February 1972

Project: C MILLER. CAB
Non-Realtime

This project is an attempt to define concrete risk/benefit guidelines for the new saphenous vein - coronary artery bypass surgery.

Method:

1. Collection of 15 significant pre-operative parameters on 400 patients who have undergone the surgery at Stanford.
2. Collection of follow-up clinical and angiographic data on as many of the 400 patients as possible.
3. Collection of 5 operative parameters.
4. Using computer and non-parametric multivariable biostatistical methods, attempt to find correlations among the parameters collected.

Training Project Descriptions (cont'd)

5. Report Stanford's results and formulate pre-operative risk/benefit guidelines from the above data.
6. Report on subpopulations of patients with unique pre-op or post-op courses.

Investigator: Larry Nestor
Medical Student
Project Began January 1970

Project: L_NESTOR. DIFFDX
Non-Realtime

This project has developed a program to aid in diagnosis. Its original purpose was to provide a teaching aid for students. The program would output differential diagnoses with probability-like values associated with them, in response to a given set of symptoms.

Clinical practitioners can also make use of the program in an effort to avoid overlooking an obscure diagnosis. By asking the program what other diseases can show a given set of symptoms, the number of missed diagnoses can be reduced.

Investigator: Marc Nuwer
Medical Student
Project Began February 1971

Project: MRNUWER. NEURON
Non-Realtime

The computer is used for modeling of neurons and groups of neurons. Arrays are constructed which simulate the temporal and spatial relationships of electrical activity on neuron surfaces, using an array for the soma, and a set of arrays for dendrites. In this manner, the interactions of "slow potential" gradients on neurons can be matched; inputs can interact with both spatial and temporal summation.

Plans have been formulated to order the modeling to fit the parameters of known neuron types (e.g. pyramidal cells, stellate cells, etc.).

Array values will be changed to simulate the properties of the neuron membranes in a way which will simulate learning and memory, principally as proposed in a holographic memory model.

Investigator: William Rosenthal
Medical Student
Project Began December 1968

Project: W_ROSENT. RESEARCH
Non-Realtime

This project investigates speech and language pathology and normal speech perception, utilizing studies of language-deviant children. ACME is used for

Training Project Descriptions (cont'd)

statistical data reduction of auditory processing of these children and for longitudinal study and follow-up.

The project includes research into the effectiveness of stuttering therapy, speech and auditory perception in aphasic children, and normal speech perception in adults and children.

VIII. UTILIZATION DATA

A. Interpreting Utilization Charts

The terms used to discuss ACME utilization involve charging units and categories of users.

1. Charging Units

Last year, the computer service charge units were:

page minutes
terminal connect time
blocks of disk storage
terminal service charge

In April, 1972, our rate structure was revised and charge units for batch execution, CPU time slices, and tape mounts were added. However, due to their recent incorporation in the rate structure, no data is included for them.

A pageminute is defined as occupancy of 4096 bytes of core for one minute. Terminal connect time is the total number of minutes that a terminal is connected to the system in a logged-on condition. A block of disk storage is a fixed length block of 2000 bytes of 2314-type disk storage. The terminal service charge covers monthly terminal rent plus other services offered by the ACME staff. This service charge is handled by the University independent of the ACME grant.

2. User Categories

This table shows the category identifier, rate, and definition of each user category. The rate charged per pageminute varies by user categories and some categories are subsidized 100% by the ACME Grant. An asterisk next to the category identifier (*4) designates those so subsidized. All other categories are paying. There is a distinction between real-time and non-realtime users. Realtime users use the 1800 processor or 2701 data adapter for data collection or process control functions.

PAGE-MINUTE CHARGE TABLE

Category	Pre-April, 72	Post-April, 72	cents/pageminute
1. Realtime User - Sponsored Research		.50	1.00
2. Non-Realtime User - Sponsored Research		1.00	1.70
3. Non-Stanford Medical		2.00	2.50
*4. Medical Students		1.00	2.00
*5. Realtime User - Core Research		.50	2.00
*6. Non-Realtime User - Core Research		1.00	2.00
*7. ACME Staff		1.00	2.00
8. Hospital Data Processing		1.25	1.70
9. Non-Medical - Stanford and Non-Stanford		2.50	2.00
*10. Realtime - Pilot and Pending Proposal		.50	2.00
*11. Non-Realtime - Pilot and Pending Proposal		1.00	2.00
*12. Realtime - Extended Non-Funded		.50	2.00
*13. Non-Realtime - Extended Non-Funded		1.00	2.00
16. Negotiated Rates - Combination of Core Research and Medical Administration		.25	1.20

*No cash charges, i.e., absorbed by the ACME project budget.

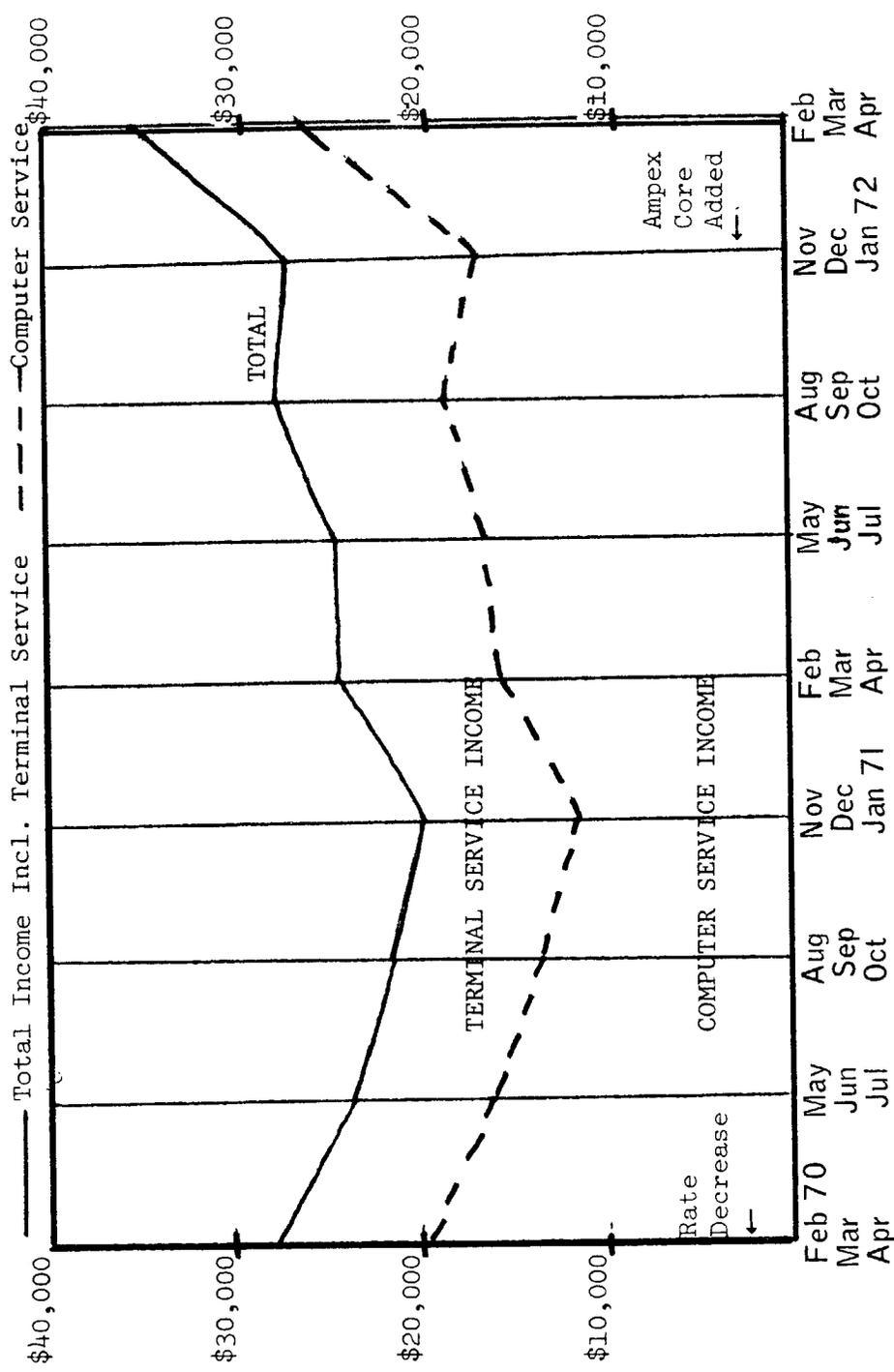
The four graphs in Section C show utilization since February, 1970 by user-supplied income, pageminutes of use, block storage, and number of terminal connect time hours. An additional table in Section C summarizes ACME utilization by Department. Section D summarizes computer resource usage by charge category and primary investigator.

B. Patterns of Use

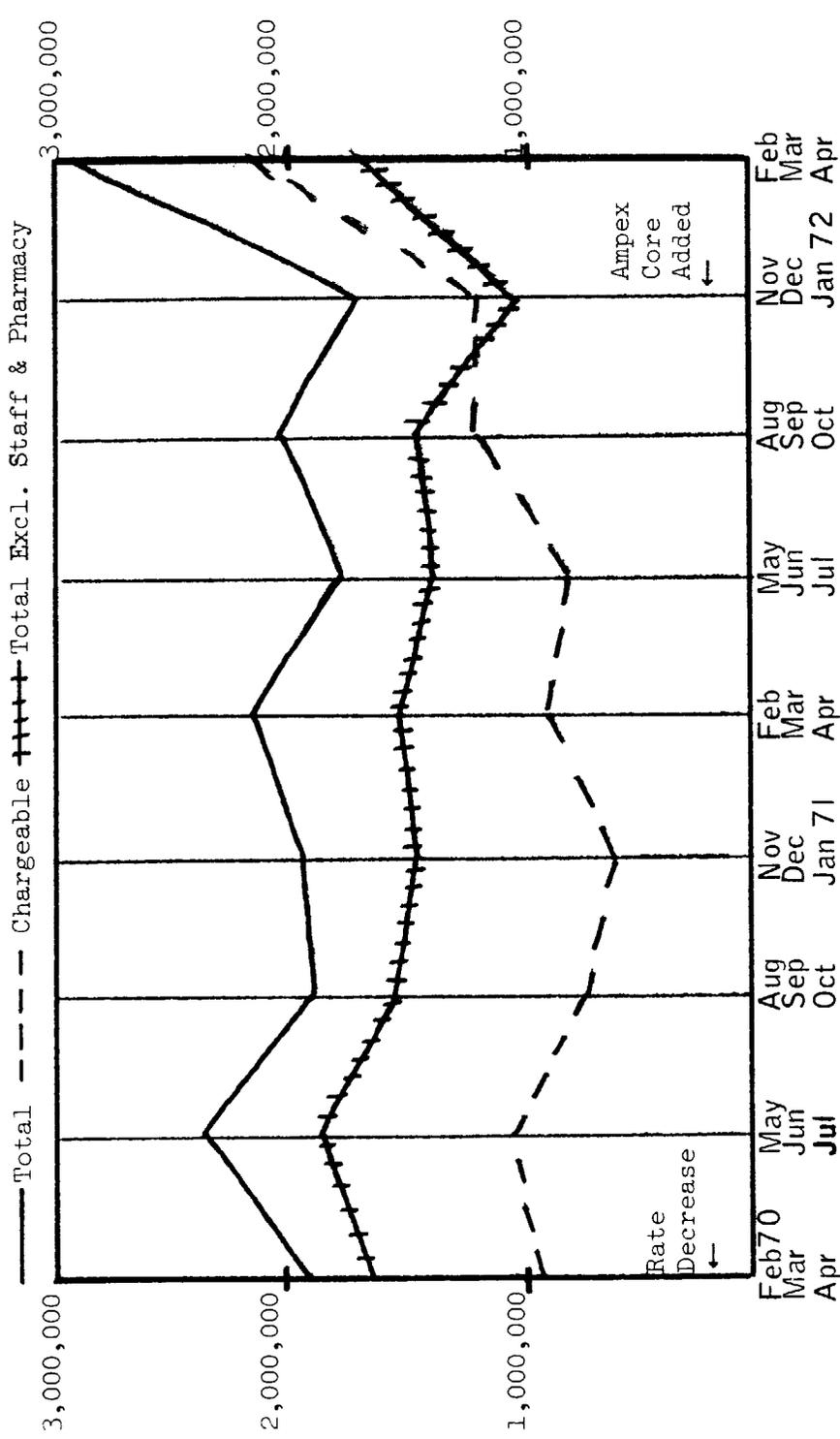
During fiscal year 1972, a noticeable shift has occurred from a preponderance of program development to execution. Approximately two years ago, it was normal to find 50% of logged-on users in execution with another 50% performing data entry functions or program development. One year ago, approximately 2/3 of those logged-on to the system were found to be in execution during normal daytime hours. More recently it appears that 75% of the users logged-on to the system are in program execution. The effect of this trend is that more cycles per user hour are absorbed than was the case two years ago. It also indicates that a certain amount of work performed on the system is now more or less routine or operates in a "production" mode. Much of this so-called production-type work is used to support research in the Medical Center. Examples of this are the realtime data collection from spectrometers and the data collection phase of the Drug Interaction Program.

During the past year, approximately 75%-85% of the available disk storage for users has been used. Frequently we have run out of space on individual packs during the normal operating hours. This has caused considerable inconvenience to all users, especially those who attempt to create very large files. Next month a number of data compression routines will be made available to all users. These routines will permit a considerable reduction in the amount of space used for individual files. We expect that our users will quickly adopt these techniques to reduce their disk storage charges.

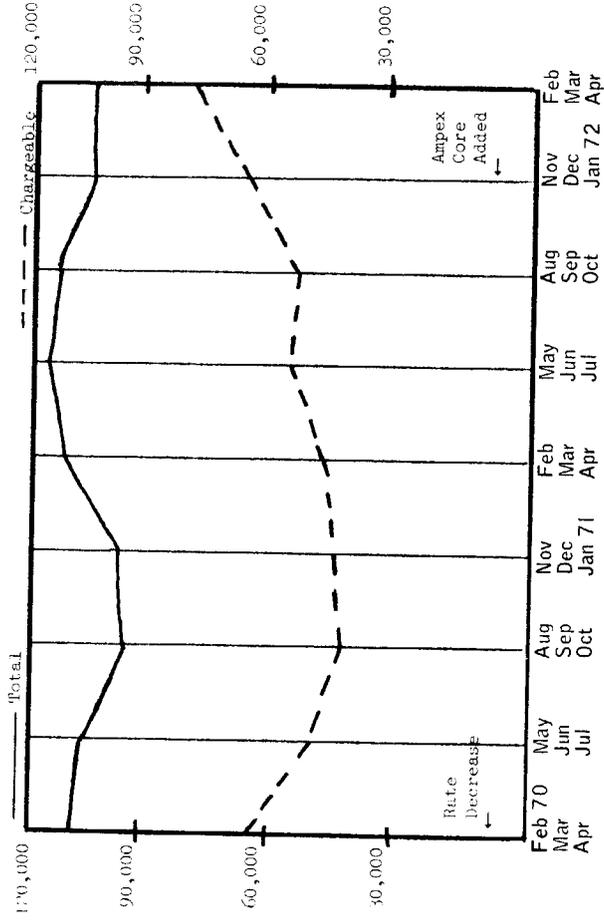
(55)
INCOME



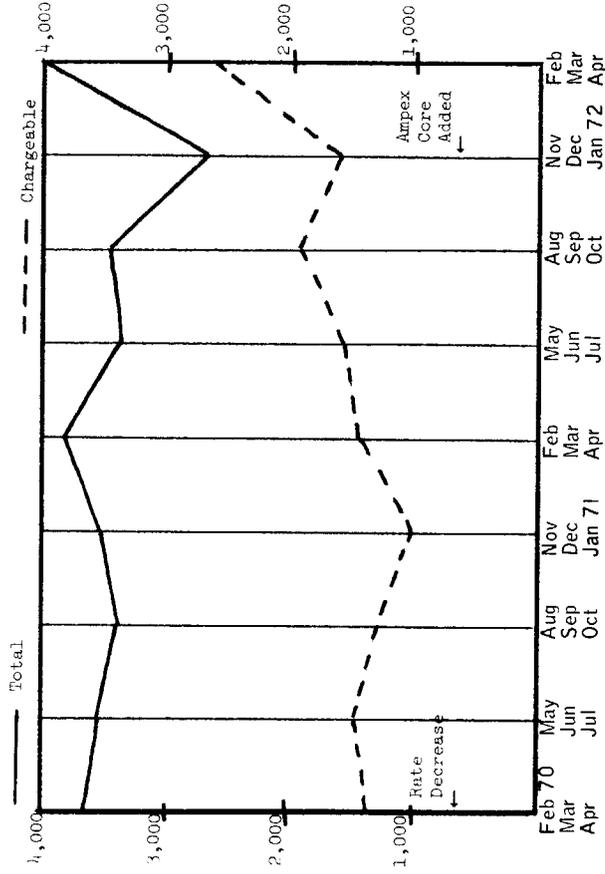
PAGEMINUTES



(86)
BLOCK STORAGE



TERMINAL HOURS



ACHE UTILIZATION BY DEPARTMENT
 Nine-Month Period - August 1971-April 1972

Department/Division	# or Terminals	PACEMINUTES	BLOCKS	TOTAL CHARGE
MEDICAL SCHOOL				
Anesthesia	1.58	206,364	11,206	\$6,222.87
Biochemistry	1.00	23,428	538	1,272.52
Comm and Prev Med	-0-	88,402	385	1,888.88
Biostatistics	.25	1,456	8,976	1,888.88
Dermatology		1,199	1,534	165.39
Genetics	4.00	1,857,843	32,222	19,185.78
Gyn/Ob		32,373	3,287	652.43
Medical Microbiology	1.00	308,022	17,033	4,783.72
Medicine	1.00	278,457	22,668	5,051.57
Cardiology	43,010	357,723	39,519	7,529.13
Clinical Pharmacology	2.00	6,678	508	117.08
Hematology	221,618	7,726	7,726	2,988.78
Infectious Diseases	20,585	3,536	1,812	303.83
Immunology	22,318	1,053	1,812	216.56
Endocrin & Metab Dis	3,540	1,053	28,488	5,179.03
Respiratory Medicine	4,212	152	157.10	
Neurology	-0-	167,710	2,034	1,041.94
Pathology	1.00	277,023	6,550	2,086.74
Pediatrics	57,234	180,190	31,470	4,948.90
Pharmacology	1.00	208,538	5,786	2,663.98
Physiology	20,580	672	273.00	
Psychiatry	2.00	211,356	12,902	3,226.00
Radiology	1.00	327,714	8,880	4,165.14
Diagnostic Radiology	1.00	136,984	10,655	1,750.41
Nuclear Medicine	1.00	153,006	2,563	1,149.19
Radiation Therapy	.50	633,942	17,304	8,069.82
Radiobiology	1.00	56,788	869	654.78
Surgery	30,653	4,209	4,209	727.43
Cardiovascular	120,497	9,202	9,202	1,522.64
Ophthalmology	14,900	40	40	153.00
Otolaryngology	-0-	36	18	1.80
Urology	146,802	1,351	1,265	823.08
Admissions Committee				
Felischmann Labs				
Joint Teaching & Research	1.50	148,025	1,495	1,629.75
Regional Medical Program	1.00	126,782	13,667	2,491.04
MEDICAL SCHOOL TOTAL	25.50	7,055,588	84,853	\$17,000.00
				\$17,566.11
				\$97,364.90
				\$3,227.95
				\$15,789.55
				\$21,385.78
				\$1,889.28

Department/Division # of Terminals students non-chargable students non-chargable students non-chargable students non-chargable

Department/Division	# of Terminals	students non-chargable	students non-chargable	students non-chargable	students non-chargable
HOSPITAL	1.00				
Cardiology	1.00				
Clin Lab-Immunology	1.00	1,432	14		\$ 15.72
Clin Lab-Infec Diseases	1.00	835,795	27,898		11,147.75
Clin Lab-Pathology	3.00	1,000,064	7,163		5,935.00
Data Processing	1.00	788	36		13.44
Pharmacy	1.00	3,358,931	30,317		11,429.02
HOSPITAL TOTAL	7.00	5,197,010	2		\$28,540.93
SUN CLINICS	1.00	203,599	16,793		\$2,809.75
OTHER CLINICS AND HOSP	1.00	385,256	4,896		\$6,975.80
CAMPUS					
Aero and Astro	1.00	4,232	1,178		\$ 223.58
Biosciences	1.00	406,973	4,590	\$ 1.60	2,493.81
Chemistry	1.00	272,084	893,354	389,999	15,141.67
Civil Engineering	-0-		144		
Communications		17,640	703		511.29
Computer Science*		2,044,603	91,706		20,195.92
Grad School of Business	-0-		9		.90
Law	1.00	6,225	1,327		295.81
Math		13,982	45		144.32
Physics		75,255	3,233		1,452.01
Psychology		27,768	871		698.58
Statistics	.50	2,942	147	44.12	145.38
CAMPUS TOTAL	7.50	2,951	17,443	150,959	\$41,303.27
UNKNOWN SCRATCH**		288,839		\$2,915.69	
OTHER (SIAC, SEL, Carnegie, etc.)			12,694		\$5,231.54
USER TOTALS	42.00	1,091,520	102,298	\$20,014.80	\$182,226.19
ACME	11.00	5,565,822***	202,525		75,910.43
GRAND TOTALS	53.00	1,091,520	304,823	\$20,014.80	\$182,226.19

Terminal distribution is that of April 1972. One terminal (A86), owned by the Genetics Dept., is listed as an ACME terminal, because it is located in the Machine Room. Primarily the DENRAL project, serving the Departments of Genetics, Chemistry, and Computer Science.

**Unknown users, mostly medical students.

***Of this total, 3,292,566 pageminutes were used by Operations to run the system.

PAGEMINUTES GRAND TOTAL: 24,506,461
BLOCKS GRAND TOTAL: 1,016,433

SUMMARY OF COMPUTER RESOURCE USAGE
April 17, 1971 - April 16, 1970

* Cor = Core Research and Development
C = Collaborative
S = Service
I = Training

DEPARTMENT/ INVESTIGATOR	PROJECT TITLE	IDENTIFICATION Number	Agency	Annual Amt. Current	BAR Date*	AMOUNT OF USAGE - TIME SHARING COMPUTER Terminal Access Block Storage (in Pegminutes X 1/60 block=10 hours)	Category 1 Healing	Sponsored Research (CHARGABLE)
Bacon, Virginia	Genetics	NCR004	NASA	\$240,000.00	C	786.3	918.487	20.553
Constantinou, Christos	Urology	AM05513	NIH	71,598.00	C	180.5	94.513	0.930
Degracia, Joseph	Nuclear Medicine	--	Public Health Hosp S.F.	--	S	6.4	2.767	1.759
Degracia, Joseph	Nuclear Medicine	--	Univ Funds	--	S	189.8	109.244	1.859
Dong, Eugene	Cardiovascular Surgery	HB08696	NIH	117,708.00	C	133.8	109.499	8.725
Dong, Eugene	Cardiovascular Surgery	--	Clinic	--	S	335.8	235.456	22.371
Dong, Eugene	Cardiovascular Surgery	HE13108	NIH	243,003.00	S	40.5	15.976	3.140
Gerschl, WILL	Neurology	--	Univ Funds	--	S	297.3	183.199	2.741
Glick, David	Pathology	GMD181	NIH	112,446.00	S	481.5	280.334	6.687
Gold, Jerome	Diagnostic Radiology	GM01707	NIH	119,608.00	C	190.3	108.434	10.265
Green, Paul	Biosciences	GB28667	NSF	90,000.00	S	142.8	156.047	1.699
Hanawalt, Philip	Biosciences	GM00365	NIH	44,096.00	S	333.7	207.484	3.676
Harrison, Donald	Cardiology	HE05709	NIH	63,274.00	C	116.2	40.644	16.137
Kennedy, Donald	Biosciences	NS09744	NIH	62,660.00	S	3.8	1.191	0.025
Kopell, Bert	Psychiatry	MH19918	NIH	74,666.00	S	20.2	4.948	0.261
Lederberg, Joshua	Genetics	GM00295	NIH	139,457.00	S	137.4	93.816	3.484
Mazze, Richard	Anesthesia	--	PAVA Hosp	--	S	195.3	87.775	2.085

SUMMARY OF COMPUTER RESOURCE USAGE

April 17, 1971 - April 16, 1970

* Cor = Core Research and Development

C = Collaborative

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AMOUNT OF USAGE - TIME SHARING COMPUTER
Block Storage (K) Block Access (K) Terminal Access
Block Storage (K) Block Access (K) Terminal Access

INVESTIGATOR	DEPARTMENT/ INSTITUTION	PROJECT TITLE	Number	Agency	Annual Art.	Current Cate- gory*	Hours	Page- minutes(K)	Block Storage (K)	Block Access (K)	Terminal Access (K)	
Fauling, Lina	Chemistry	MENTHERS. Research on the molecular basis of mental disease, involving gas chromatography.	MH18149	NIH	\$139,812.00	S	817.3	468.472			47.003	
Reynolds, Walt	Genetics	SOOT. Automation of mass spectrometer instrumentation systems.	NGR004	NASA	240,000.00	S	22.6	5.425			3.074	
Reynolds, Walt	Genetics	DENDRAL. Mass spectra analysis and interpretation.	RR00612	NIH	295,125.00	C	118.2	45.794			6.812	
Rindletsch, Thomas	Genetics	DENDRAL. Mass spectra analysis and interpretation.	RR00612	NIH	295,125.00	C	125.7	73.279			1.225	
Ross, Robert	Chemistry	DENDRAL. Mass spectra analysis and interpretation.	RR00612	NIH	295,125.00	C	841.0	1050.203			47.988	
Roth, Walton	Psychiatry	AER. Research into computer processing of EEG data.	MH19918	NIH	74,666.00	S	27.2	10.037			0.201	
Smith, Norman	Anesthesia	BABOONS. Cardiovascular data file storage; statistical analysis.	GMD2527	NIH	536,448.00	S	0.0	0.0			0.010	
Smith, Norman	Anesthesia	MAC. Calculation of human cardiovascular data.	GMD2527	NIH	536,448.00	S	0.0	0.0			0.340	
Smythe, Harvey	Psychiatry	SLEEP. Analysis of data from all-night sleep EEG's.	MH19071	NIH	58,689.00	S	63.1	17.226			0.513	
Stetik, Mark	Genetics	DENDRAL. Mass spectra analysis and interpretation.	RR00612	NIH	295,125.00	C	366.4	363.534			16.954	
Stillman, Robert	Chemistry	DENDRAL. Mass spectra analysis and interpretation.	RR00612	NIH	295,125.00	C	172.7	111.690			8.826	
Sussman, Howard	SUH - Clin. Lab. Pathology	LAB PAT/LABYSO. Development of an automated data processing system for the clinical pathology laboratory of Stanford Hospital.	--	Hosp Funds	--	C	1280.4	819.292			7.347	
Swanson, George	Anesthesia	RESPR. Investigation of neural mechanisms which sustain ventilation in absence of chemical stimulation.	GMD2527	NIH	536,448.00	S	0.6	0.122			0.009	
Tatton, William	Biosciences	DPERKEL. Characterization of neural circuits underlying behavior and sensory information processing in mammals and invertebrates.	NS09744	NIH	62,660.00	S	90.6	47.656			0.282	
Tucker, Robert	Genetics	MS. Control of Mass spectrometer - GLC apparatus.	NGR004	NASA	240,000.00	S	0.0	0.0			1.892	
Wilson, Donald	Biosciences	NERVOUS. Analysis of neurophysiological data.	NS02944	NIH	56,690.00	S	0.0	0.0			0.008	
SUB-TOTAL							7717.4	5662.564			248.881	
												0.008
												1.892
												0.282
												0.009
												7.347
												8.826
												16.954
												0.513
												0.340
												0.010
												0.201
												47.988
												1.225
												6.812
												3.074
												47.003
												@ \$.10 per block
												@ \$.005 per page-minute

SUMMARY OF COMPUTER RESOURCE USAGE

April 27, 1971 - April 16, 1972

* Core Research and Development

C = Collaborative

S = Service

I = Training

DEPARTMENT/ INSTITUTION	PROJECT TITLE	Identification Number	Agency	Annual Amt. \$	BBR Category*	Terminal Access Block Storage (Block Storage) Paging(minutes)(K)	Hours	@ \$.01 per page/minute	@ \$.10 per block
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Bruce, Douglas	Biochemistry	GM07581	NIH	\$299,344.00	S		49.7	15.566	1.422
Buchanan, Bruce	Computer Science	GM01922	NIH	269,243.00	T		91.0	30.443	0.234
Butler, Edmund	Urology	--	Univ Funds	--	S		12.0	15.050	3.759
Cady, Paxton	Psychiatry	--	Personal Funds	--	S		0.0	0.0	6.106
Cann, Howard	Pediatrics	GM15593	NIH	37,598.00	S		473.8	176.387	34.735
Cavalli, Luca	Genetics	AT (04-3)- 326-PA-33	AEC	30,000.00	S		18.5	5.230	0.115
Cavalli, Luca	Genetics	LAURA. Data analysis on population genetics.	AEC	30,000.00	S		145.7	81.100	1.062
Cavalli, Luca	Genetics	MARK. Analysis of pygmy anthropometric and demographic data; simulation of gene- tic drift and selection models.	AEC	30,000.00	S		2.0	0.422	0.020
Cavalli, Luca	Genetics	PAVIA. Population genetics: evolutionary rate, patterns of inheritance in behavior pedigree information.	AEC	30,000.00	S		367.4	194.046	2.371
Cavalli, Luca	Genetics	JUDY. Text editing for population genetics research.	AEC	30,000.00	S		54.8	23.067	0.982
Chan, Pin-Chu	Radiobiology	GROWTH. Stimulation of cellular popula- tion growth pattern.	NIH	30,838.00	S		36.4	13.302	0.252
Chase, Robert	Surgery	CPGFAC. Evaluation of facial growth in cleft palate children and determination of velopharyngeal competence.	NIH	30,160.00	S		0.0	0.0	0.516
Clayton, Raymond	Psychiatry	SEXORAIN. Effect of steroids and hormones on RNA activity of the brain.	NIH	54,084.00	S		0.0	0.0	2.460
Cohen, Stan	Clinical Pharmacology	DRUGALERT. Computerized system to warn of interactions of drugs administered to patients.	NIH	278,303.00	C		467.6	287.556	39.519
Conner, James	Comm & Prev Med	HEALTH. Statistical analysis of health training study.	NIH	72,864.00	S		22.9	4.814	0.359
Conner, Robert	Psychiatry	RATRACE. Relation of neuroendocrine function to behavior.	NIH	203,864.00	S		99.5	63.864	0.887
Cooper, John	Psychiatry	SEXDIFF. Investigation of biochemical correlates of neonatal sexual differen- tiation in rats.	NIH	54,084.00	S		9.5	5.912	0.307

SUMMARY OF COMPUTER RESOURCE USAGE

April 17, 1971 - April 16, 1970

* Cor = Core Research and Development
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DEPARTMENT/ INSTITUTION	PROJECT TITLE	Identification Number	Agency	Current Annual Amt.	BAR Category*	AMOUNT OF USAGE - TIME SHARING COMPUTER	Terminal Access Block Storage (K)	Hours	Page-minutes (K)	Terminal Access Block Storage (K)
SUH - Immunol Lab	CH50. Establishment of normal values for human serum total complement levels and clinical tests on patients to determine their level.	AM05425	NIH	87,336.00	S	2.7	1.027	2.7	1.027	0.014
Dille, Jeanette	CYTOTOX. Study of murine transplantation antigens on various tissues; description of biological and biochemical characteristics of the soluble transplantations from these tissues.	MH19918	NIH	74,666.00	S	29.9	9.840	29.9	9.840	1.069
Boering, Charles	DESMOLAS. Investigation of the biochemical connection between hormones and stress.	HD00801	NIH	54,084.00	S	12.5	3.642	12.5	3.642	0.775
Drake, Karl	NEUROPSY. Analysis of neurophysiological and neurobehavioral data, including power spectrum analysis of EEG's.	MH12970	NIH	218,539.00	S	6.8	1.432	6.8	1.432	0.044
Eddy, David	MARKOV. Use of a Markov model of coronary artery disease for optimum treatment decision.		Univ Funds	--	S	22.6	18.637	22.6	18.637	0.121
Fletcher, Grant	DIALYSIS. Statistical analysis of laboratory results of in vivo and in vitro studies of uptake, metabolism and elimination of sedative drugs.		Hartford Fdn.	65,000.00	S	1.5	0.233	1.5	0.233	0.044
Forrest, William	DATA. Development of an inexpensive system of quality and quantity control of large amounts of clinical data.	DADA 17-70-C-0104	Army	15,000.00	S	0.1	0.018	0.1	0.018	4.792
Forrest, William	SCHEDULE. Automation of monthly scheduling of doctors for "on call" duty.		Clinic Budget	--	S	29.4	24.737	29.4	24.737	2.086
Forrest, William	SURGICAL. Maintenance of records on surgical operations; source of data for reports on these operations.		Univ Funds	--	S	77.2	31.433	77.2	31.433	2.883
Forrest, William	ANALGESI. Development of an inexpensive system of quality and quantity control of large amounts of clinical data.	GM12527	NIH	536,448.00	S	89.7	77.400	89.7	77.400	35.598
Regional Medical Program	ANALYSIS. Analysis of data from registry of stroke patients.		CCRMP	143,127.00	S	31.2	23.100	31.2	23.100	0.244
Fowkes, William	STROKE. Development of a county wide registry for stroke patients in Santa Cruz County; development of a population base for study and analysis.		CCRMP	143,127.00	S	134.2	104.979	134.2	104.979	11.112
Friedland, Gerald	SIMPLI. Determination of the action of the gastric sling fibers.	GM10707	NIH	119,608.00	S	9.4	5.038	9.4	5.038	0.796

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INVESTIGATOR	DEPARTMENT/ INSTITUTION	PROJECT TITLE	IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	AGENCY	ANNUAL AMT.	ARR DATE*	AMOUNT OF USAGE - TIME SHARING COMPUTER	TERMINAL ACCESS BLOCK STORAGE**	SPONSORED RESEARCH (CHARGEABLE)	Category 2 (cont'd.)	Non-Realtime
							Hours	Page-minutes** (Block Storage)			
Fries, James	Medicine	DATABANK. Establishment of a large clinical databank of time-oriented patient records; exploration of multiple uses of the stored information.	--	Arthritis Fdn.	\$ 12,796.00		589.8	254,362			
Goldstein, Avram	Pharmacology	OFFSTUFF. Study of methadone maintenance programs for heroin addicts.	MH18960	NIH	21,988.00	S	106.0	110,809		4.647	
Goldstein, Avram	Pharmacology	NARCO. Mechanism of the action of narcotics and the fundamental aspects of narcotic addiction.	MH13963	NIH	183,208.00	S	35.7	10,670		0.874	
Goldstein, Dora	Pharmacology	BARB. Establishment of essential parameters for enzyme kinetics in inhibition of flavin enzymes by barbiturates.	MH13963	NIH	183,208.00	S	130.5	60,178		0.668	
Grant, Scott	Ophthalmology	CORREA. Simulation of light scattering by the cornea using electromagnetic theory.	EY00431	NIH	175,604.00	S	29.9	10,412		0.040	
Greenberg, Peter	Hematology	CSPASSAY. Evaluation of factors regulating granulopoiesis in human disease states.	577	Amer Cancer Soc, Inc.	11,669.00	S	9.7	2,839		0.016	
Guess, Harry	Mathematics	EVL. Genetics research: model simulation using various values of mutation rate, population size and mutant fitness distribution.	GM10452	NIH	81,248.00	S	26.2	10,047		0.045	
Hahn, George	Radiobiology	RADIATE. Simulation of kinetics of mammalian cell proliferation, design of theoretical dose scheduling for leukemia treatment.	CA04542	NIH	30,838.00	S	0.8	0.289		0.416	
Herzenberg, Leonard	Gyn/Ob	STORE/LAB/PIGGY. Immunology, genetics and maternal-fetal immunologic relationships in the mouse.	HD01287	NIH	52,370.00	S	78.6	27,444		2.293	
Hjeltnes, Larry	Computer Science	DEMURAL. Development of LISP programs for DEMURAL project.	RR00612	NIH	295,125.00	S	50.0	100,971		0.438	
Hogness, David	Biochemistry	GREON R. Analysis of DNA fragments from Drosophila melanogaster.	AM07335	NIH	84,425.00	S	15.9	4,991		0.694	
Jazvinski, Stanislaw	Biochemistry	MEMBRANE. Characterization of membrane-bound phospholipase; data obtained from enzyme assays, multi-channel separations, etc.	GM07581	NIH	299,344.00	S	9.4	1.937		0.139	
Jones, Stephen	RadioLOGY	LYMPHOMA. Statistical study of various groups and sub-groups of non-Hodgkins lymphoma patients.	CA08122	NIH	253,471.00	S	124.9	104,596		0.621	
Jovin, Thomas	Biochemistry	ARG. Data reduction and generation of systems for electrophoretic separations based upon theoretical models.	GM07581	NIH	299,344.00	S	0.0	0.0		0.120	
Kakihana, Ryoko	Psychiatry	ETHANOL. Data analysis for neuroendocrine research on hormones and stress.	MH14364	NIH	40,372.00	S	21.8	7,094		0.385	

SUMMARY OF COMPUTER RESOURCE USAGE
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INVESTIGATOR	DEPARTMENT/ INSTITUTION	PROJECT TITLE	Identification Number	Agency	Current Annual Amt.	BRR Category*	AMOUNT OF USAGE - TIME SHARING COMPUTERS	Terminal Access Block Storage (K)	Hours Per-minute(K)	Category 2 Non-Real-time, Sponsored Research (CHARGEABLE)
Aronow, Lewis	Pharmacology	CELL. Laboratory calculation of mechanisms of anti-cancer drug action.	CA05672	NIH	\$ 49,908.00	S	35.3	11.744	per block	0.283
Assaykeen, Tatiana	Urology	RENIN. Study of renin secretion mechanisms.	AM13548	NIH	44,086.00	S	26.8	5.616	0.444	0.444
Atkinson, Martha	Med School Admissions Committee	FINANCE. Examination of Yale medical student loan system's applicability to Stanford.	--	Univ Funds	--	S	44.5	26.852	0.616	0.616
Atkinson, Martha	Med School Admissions Committee	FLYHIGH. Aid to Admissions Committee in selecting new medical school classes from applicants.	--	Univ Funds	--	S	89.5	58.370	10.775	10.775
Atkinson, Martha	Med School Admissions Committee	MATCHES. Matching of medical students clerkship requests with available positions.	--	Univ Funds	--	S	0.2	0.038	0.024	0.024
Axlone, Stanton	Medicine	LYSOSOME. Analysis of kinetics of protein turnover by tissue culture cells.	A110055	NIH	38,520.00	S	0.0	0.0	0.002	0.002
Bagshaw, Malcolm	Radiation Therapy	SUMMARY. Patient data storage and information retrieval; statistical programs relating to radiation dosimetry.	CA05838	NIH	1104,398.00	S	717.1	510.102	20.524	20.524
Baldwin, Robert	Biochemistry	OLIGOMER. Study of short DNA helices and their helix-forming properties.	AM04763	NIH	69,160.00	S	0.0	0.0	0.074	0.074
Bausek, Gerald	Radiation Therapy	HODPMT. Study of lymphomas: causes and treatment.	CA05838	NIH	1104,398.00	S	0.0	0.0	0.270	0.270
Belt, Donald	Otolaryngology	HSA. Hearing and vision screening: proceeding of results of tests administered to elementary school children.	--	Personal Funds	--	S	115.9	70.782	5.055	5.055
Berns, Robert	Computer Science	LISP. Development of LISP language for DENDRAL project.	RR00612	NIH	295,125.00	S	23.3	48.509	13.926	13.926
Biggs, Suzanne	Pharmacology	PROGRESS. Analysis of membrane proteins.	GM00322	NIH	145,904.00	S	7.2	2.545	0.167	0.167
Bodmer, Walter	Genetics	POPCEN. Human white blood cells and population genetics.	GM14650	NIH	21,081.00	S	440.8	361.866	26.802	26.802
Brown, Byron	Anesthesia	BIOSTAT. Computations in support of Dept of Anesthesia research projects.	GM12527	NIH	536,448.00	S	25.1	7.480	7.835	7.835
Brown, Byron	Anesthesia	JOBST. Analysis of EKG data.	HE10202	NIH	162,430.00	S	147.8	66.214	5.283	5.283
Brown, Byron	Biostatistics	CONSULT. Biostatistical computations in support of many medical research projects.	RR05353	NIH	366,959.00	S	182.6	54.117	9.248	9.248
Brown, Byron	Biostatistics	CLASS. Classroom for course in biostatistics.	GM01922	NIH	269,243.00	T	73.7	25.499	1.111	1.111
Brown, Byron	Biostatistics	RESEARCH. Computations in support of development of new biostatistical techniques.	RR05353	NIH	366,959.00	S	76.6	29.315	2.553	2.553

SUMMARY OF COMPUTER RESOURCE USAGE

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INVESTIGATOR	DEPARTMENT/ INSTITUTION	PROJECT TITLE	DIRECT GRANT OR CONTRACT SUPPORT		Agency	Annual Amt.	Cate- gory*	AMOUNT OF USAGE - THIS SHARING CENTER		Block Storage (K)	Page/minutes (K)
			Current	Terminal Access				Hours	Page/minutes (K)		
Lucas, Zoltan	Surgery	KIDTRANS. Tabulation of survival data for renal transplant patients.	--	7.9	Univ Funds	--	S	6.564	6.564	0.618	0.618
Luetzscher, John	Endocrinology and Metab. Diseases	BLOOD PR. Secretion and metabolism of adrenal hormones; identification of curable forms of hypertension.	HE13817	53,119.00	NIH	S	S	190.2	56.778	4.635	4.635
Luzzatti, Luigi	Pediatrics	GRASOR. Morphology of the late-replicating X Chromosome.	--	30,000.00	National Fdn.	S	S	4.5	1.336	0.745	0.745
Martly, Roy	Endocrinology and Metab. Diseases	CO2. Sodium transport; predictive value of tests for blood urea nitrogen and de-creased serum sodium concentration.	AM05678	51,776.00	NIH	S	S	46.4	16.734	0.362	0.362
Martly, Roy	Endocrinology and Metab. Diseases	TEACH. Teaching programs for students and staff; evaluation of patients acid-base disorders; displayed on Beehive terminal and projected onto large screen for class use.	---	--	Univ Funds	T	T	199.7	118.653	1.837	1.837
McConnell, Harden	Chemistry	ABSORB. Paramagnetic resonance spectra of membranes, electrochemical potential of ABSORB. Calculation of the antigen-binding activity of antisera from mice immunized with various branched multichain synthetic polypeptide antigens.	GP26456	38,500.00	NSF	S	S	427.1	275.752	2.946	2.946
McDevitt, Hugh	Immunology	MARGALO. Calculation of the antigen-binding activity of antisera from mice immunized with various branched multichain synthetic polypeptide antigens.	A10757	147,741.00	NIH	S	S	1.2	0.405	0.013	0.013
Melen, Robert	Electronics Lab	ISICHRON. Development of a system of automatic classification of human chromosomes.	N0044	25,000.00	Navy	S	S	20.3	38.071	0.316	0.316
Melges, Frederick	Psychiatry	TEMPO. Study of psychotic processes; especially relating changes in temporal experience to psychopathological symptoms.	MH19918	74,666.00	NIH	S	S	38.6	9.883	2.419	2.419
MILLER, Rupert	Statistics	THESES. Biostatistical computing by graduate students for theses or other educational use.	GM00025	85,388.00	NIH	T	T	17.3	4.589	0.235	0.235
MILLER, Rupert	Statistics	COURSES. Computing done by staff in connection with the teaching of biostatistics.	GM00025	85,388.00	NIH	T	T	0.1	0.036	0.042	0.042
Minami, Roland	Surgery	RSP. Evaluation of respiratory studies as a measure of velopharyngeal incompetence, comparing it with age, cine-fluorographic results, operation, and time.	DE02803	30,160.00	NIH	S	S	11.5	4.392	0.032	0.032
Morris, Randall	Surgery	CTX. In vitro assay of transplantation immunity aimed at development of a super- <u>for immunosuppressive protocol.</u>	GM01922	269,243.00	NIH	S	S	40.2	10.374	0.177	0.177
Nall, Lexie	Dermatology	PSORIASI. Psoriasis research.	--	--	Univ Funds	S	S	6.4	2.399	2.661	2.661

SUMMARY OF CURRENT RESEARCH USABE

April 17, 1971 - April 16, 1970

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INVESTIGATOR	DEPARTMENT/ INSTITUTION	PROJECT TITLE	Direct Grant or Contract Support Identification Number	Agency	Annual Amt.	BAR Date- Current	Terminal Access Block Storage (K)	Block Storage (K)	Hours	Terminal Access Block Storage (K)	Block Storage (K)	Category 2 (cont'd.)
Nelson, Thomas	Radiology	ADRENAL. Clinical cancer research.	GA06122	NIH	\$253,471.00	S	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.306
Kye, William	Med. Microbiology	STRUCTUR. Statistical calculations and bibliography compilations in the field of immunohistochemistry.	A100082	NIH	146,576.00	S	72.0	19.264	0.0	19.264	0.802	0.802
Ordal, John	Immunology	ALGEBRON. Calculation of antigen-binding activity of antisera from mice immunized with various branched multichain synthesized polypeptide antigens.	GM01922	NIH	269,243.00	S	23.7	5.689	0.0	5.689	0.041	0.041
Ostrom, Dennis	Biochemistry	GLYCYLRS. Enzyme research on glycol-TRNA: kinetics of subunit association, ultracentrifuge experiments, and amino acid analysis.	GML3235	NIH	166,947.00	S	38.2	26.638	0.0	26.638	0.646	0.646
Payne, Rose	Hematology	SERIAL. Extension and classification of leukocyte and/or tissue antigens by serologic and genetic analysis of specific human antibodies.	HE03365	NIH	78,049.00	S	226.5	352.708	0.0	352.708	21.063	21.063
Petralli, John	SUH - C11 Lab.	MED DATA. Computer method for improvement of antibiotic sensitivity data and guidance in therapy.	--	Hosp. Funds	--	S	1929.3	755.325	0.0	755.325	31.560	31.560
Petralli, John	SUH - C11 Lab.	INFOON. Infection control: data on isolation patients.	--	Hosp. Funds	--	S	51.5	12.161	0.0	12.161	0.564	0.564
Petralli, John	SUH - C11 Lab.	PROGRESS. Program development for infectious disease Lab computing.	--	Hosp. Funds	--	S	64.4	19.313	0.0	19.313	0.550	0.550
Prentz, Eva	Med Microbiology	CANAVIRU. In vitro studies of human tumors.	NCI-69-2053	NIH	179,810.00	S	4.8	1.196	0.0	1.196	0.113	0.113
Rapp, Wolfgang	Gastroenterology	QUADMLIN. Immunological determination of the gastric antigenic esterase VI A in gastric juices of patients with gastric diseases.	AM06971	NIH	92,644.00	S	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.252	0.252
Heaven, Gerald	Endocrinology and Metab. Disease	PAP DATA. Risk factors in coronary heart disease; modeling of metabolite action important in diabetes mellitus and atherosclerosis; inpatient data on metabolic disorders; participation in nationwide clinical trial of "lipid hypothesis".	71-2161	NIH	409,873.00	C	973.1	234.050	0.0	234.050	6.396	6.396
Heaven, Gerald	Endocrinology and Metab. Disease	DISPLAY. Graphics display program and modeling programs for the research detailed above.	HE08506	NIH	72,990.00	C	118.5	107.979	0.0	107.979	2.351	2.351
Reitan, John	Anesthesia	INDIRECT. Processing cardiac interval timing to monitor contractile state under varying loads and drugs.	GM00862	NIH	72,871.00	S	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.935	0.935

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INVESTIGATOR	DEPARTMENT/ INSTITUTION	PROJECT TITLE	Identification Number	Agency	Annual Amt.	BRR Cate- gory*	Terminal Access Hours	Page minutes(K)	Block Storage (K)	AMOUNT OF USAGE - THE SHARING CENTER
Reynolds, Walter	Genetics	VIKING75. Text editing and logic develop- ment for computer instrumented checkout of scientific instruments designed to fly on the VIKING 75 mission to Mars.	RCO-446200	Air Force	\$ 49,824.00	S	16.4	3.544	0.419	0.419
Reynolds, Walter	Genetics	TEXTS. Text management support for engi- neering efforts in instrumentation; commercial technical data and information retrieval programs.	NR8004	NASA	240,000.00	S	49.0	58.781	5.269	5.269
Rindfleisch, Thomas	Genetics	DENDRAL. Mass spectra analysis and interpretation.	RR00612	NIH	295,125.00	S	8.7	3.543	0.010	0.010
Robertson, William	Pediatrics	UAG. Urinary analysis of glycosamino- glycans; immunoglobulin concentrations in sera; binding of ligands to macromole- cules.	--	Hartford Fdn.	50,000.00	S	18.3	6.786	0.234	0.234
Rosenberg, Leon	Med. Microbiology	ALEXINE. Studies of serum complement in mice.	AI09341	NIH	49,202.00	S	72.8	24.225	0.447	0.447
Rosenberg, Saul	Radiology	MEDNOCOL. Development of time-oriented patient record system for patients with malignant diseases.	CA08122	NIH	253,471.00	C	427.9	235.614	10.693	10.693
Rosenquist, Grace	Gastroenterology	GASTRIN. Calculation of serum gastrin concentrations of normals and patients with G.I. tract diseases.	AM06971	NIH	92,644.00	S	25.4	5.297	0.110	0.110
Russell, Alan	Biochemistry	AFFINITY. Enzyme assay calculation.	GM07581	NIH	299,344.00	S	42.8	9.909	0.390	0.390
Schubert, Earl	Otolaryngology	SONICS. Analysis of signal waveforms by Fourier, correlational and similar techniques.	--	Sonic Re- search Fdn	--	S	0.0	0.0	0.024	0.024
Shaw, Natalie	Orthopedics	CRASH. Calculation of vehicle dynamics, occupant kinematics, and loading for multidisciplinary investigation of auto- mobile crashes.	HS-085-1	DOT	106,500.00	S	0.0	0.0	0.015	0.015
Simpson, Jack	Physics	SUSIE. Design work for a superconducting magnetic beam transport channel for use in pion cancer therapy.	GP27708	NSF	375,000.00	S	104.2	60.376	2.588	2.588
Sklar, Alan	Psychiatry	CATAPULT. Relationship of parental sepa- rations during the first 18 years of life and personality characteristics of chil- dren.	--	Univ Funds	--	S	0.0	0.0	0.002	0.002
Smith, James	Med. Microbiology	CANVIN. Development of automated system for classification of human chromosomes.	NCI-69-2053	NIH	179,810.00	S	236.9	326.890	11.480	11.480
Smith, Kendric	Radiobiology	CHRR. Data analysis of sedimentation patterns of DNA following X-irradiation.	CA10372	NIH	498,286.00	S	137.9	36.980	0.221	0.221
Solomon, George	Psychiatry	STRESS. Relating various forms of stress and environmental manipulation to immunity.	--	Scottish Rite	20,154.00	S	20.9	5.438	0.574	0.574

Category 2 (cont'd.) Non-Realtime Sponsored Research (CHARGEABLE)

Terminal Access
Hours
Page
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Spevac, Abraham	Psychiatry	CONDIT. Analysis of data from behavioral and neurophysiological experiments on monkeys and cats.	MH08304	NIH	\$253,794.00	S	10.0	@ \$.01 per page/minute	5.071	0.305	
Stark, George	Biochemistry	CHAOS. Enzyme experiment data analysis and processing of chromatograms generated by amino acid analyzer.	NH1188	NIH	80,732.00	S	71.4		20.425	1.748	
Stocker, Bruce	Med. Microbiology	SEM. Genetics and physiology of salmonella typhimurium.	A107168	NIH	90,515.00	S	46.3		14.413	9.071	
Strickland, Robert	Gastroenterology	GASTRIC. Analysis of gastric secretory function tests.	AM05418	NIH	64,852.00	S	0.0		0.0	0.300	
Stuedeman, Don	Genetics	ADMIN. Capital equipment inventory.	NGR004	NASA	240,000.00	S	0.0		0.0	1.992	
Sussman, Howard	SUN - Clin Lab Pathology	CI050937. Statistical analysis programs for data generated by clinical laboratory information system.	--	Hosp. Funds	--	C	145.3		35.321	1.138	
Swarthout, William	Comm & Prev Med	AIRPOLLU. Evaluation of the effects of air pollution on student health.	GR08322	NSF	10,758.00	S	0.0		0.0	0.010	
Vosti, Kenneth	Infectious Disease	VOSTI. Cross-tabulation of variables associated with bacterial infections.	A103638	NIH	40,924.00	S	7.3		2.433	2.364	
Weissman, Irving	Pathology	THYMUS. Statistical analysis and data handling for pathology research.	A109072	NIH	50,184.00	S	31.4		7.342	0.455	
Whitson, Robert	Regional Medical Program	MPS EVAL. Evaluation of multiphasic screening project in San Joaquin County to discover its effect on disease treatment patterns.	--	CCRMP	63,900.00	S	102.2		43.316	4.600	
Wolcott, Lesley	Psychiatry	MINPIN. Testing statistical correlations between drug and non-drug data, e.g., amphetamines, placebos, THC, etc.	MH19918	NIH	74,666.00	S	4.6		0.965	0.119	
SUB-TOTAL								11590.9	6320.625	446.608	
Category 2 (cont'd.)											
Belz, Donald	Otolaryngology	SEC. Process and evaluate hearing and vision screening data.	--	Personal Funds	--	S	0.3	@ \$.02 per page/minute	0.079	0.030	
Daughters, George	Palo Alto Medical Research Fdn.	CINES. Myocardial dynamics.	--	PAMR	86.1	S	86.1		22.546	0.647	
Daughters, George	Palo Alto Medical Research Fdn.	IABCHECK. Routine terminal use for PAMR clinical laboratory.	--	PAMR	35.9	S	35.9		7.527	0.145	
Daughters, George	Palo Alto Medical Research Fdn.	PIAVTIME. Instruction in computer use for PAMR staff.	--	PAMR	6.9	T	6.9		1.497	0.386	
Category 3 Non-Standard Medical (CHARGEABLE)											

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INVESTIGATOR	DEPARTMENT/ INSTITUTION	PROJECT TITLE	Identification Number	Agency	Current Annual Amt.	BRR Cate- gory*	Hours	Terminal Access Block Storage ² Pageminutes ^(K) (Block=2K bytes)	Category 3 (cont'd.)	Category 4 Medical Students (FREE)
Efron, Brad	Statistics	EFFRON. Biostatistical analysis of drug data.	--	Personal Funds	--	S	11.7	3.747 @ \$.02 per pageminute	0.317 per block @ \$.10	Student
Kountz, Samuel	San Francisco Medical Center	KIDNEY. Selection of recipients for renal homotransplantation; measurement and calculation of hemodynamic changes in transplant patients for detection of incipient rejection.	--	Univ. of California	--	S	314.3	230.367 @ \$.02 per pageminute	2.915	Student
Tickner, Ernest	Palo Alto Medical Research Fdn.	VISCUSUS. Viscous behavior of blood.	--	PAMR	--	S	46.3	20.892	0.314	Student
SUB-TOTAL							501.5	286.655	4.754	Category 4 Medical Students (FREE)
Battista, John	Student	STRESS. Analysis of questionnaire administered to medical students regarding meaningfulness of various factors in their lives.	T		112.1	T	27.720	@ \$.01 per pageminute	5.099 per block @ \$.10	Student
Brady, Nell	Student	RODENTS. Statistical programs for student's research.	T		0.3	T	0.054	0.054	1.228	Student
Britt, Richard	Student	STAR. Auditory pathway responses to meaningful acoustic stimuli.	T		0.0	T	0.002	0.002	0.077	Student
Brody, William	Student	FLYHIGH. History taking and formation of differential diagnoses.	T		0.0	T	0.0	0.0	1.309	Student
Brown, Byron	Biostatistics	CLASS. Classroom for course in biostatistics.	T		10.7	T	2.464	2.464	2.088	Biostatistics
Brown, B. Norman	Student	PROTEIN. Correlation of serum level of therapeutic agents with age, body weight, surface area, etc; pharmacotherapy study of 900 hospitalized pediatric patients.	T		0.1	T	0.024	0.024	4.525	Student
Brundage, Michael	Student	MEDMICHRO. Evaluation of data from gamma counter on per cent cytotoxicity in cell suspensions exposed to a variety of developed antisera against thymus and brain determinants.	T		0.0	T	0.016	0.016	0.009	Student
Buchanan, Bruce	Computer Science	STAT. Statistical demonstration programs for a course in biostatistics.	T		51.2	T	14.916	14.916	6.204	Computer Science
Buchanan, Bruce	Genetics	GEN217. Computer instruction for medical students in Genetics Department.	T		257.9	T	113.604	113.604	4.908	Genetics
Bull, Kenneth	Student	K BULL. Effects of injections of epinephrine v. nor-epinephrine on agonistic (aggressive, withdrawal, fear) and autistic behaviors in Rhesus monkeys.	T		14.1	T	5.285	5.285	0.187	Student

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