· UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

National Institute of Mental Health

# Memorandum

TO

See below

DATE: July 23, 1969

FROM

Director and Deputy Director, DERP, NIMH

SUBJECT:

NHI-NIMH meeting, July 18, 1969

Those present were: Dr. Theodore Cooper, Director, NHI; Dr. Malvina Schweizer, Special Assistant to Director, NHI; Dr. Louis A. Wienckowski, Director, DERP, NIMH; Dr. Betty H. Pickett, Deputy Director, DERP, NIMH; Dr. Martin M. Katz, Chief, Clinical Research Branch, DERP, NIMH; Dr. Thomas A. Williams, Consultant to CRB, DERP, NIMH.

The purpose of the meeting was to provide opportunity for discussion by representatives of the two Institutes of the conference report, "Behavioral Factors and Cardiovascular Disease."

The NIMH representatives had prepared a paper, "Staff comments on NHI-NIMH conference report, behavioral factors and cardiovascular disease," which had been provided the two Heart Institute staff members prior to the meeting. It was clear that everyone agreed that the area was of definite interest on both sides and definitely worth continued exploration in the interests of planning future programs. Dr. Cooper emphasized, and the NIMH group agreed, that there is, however, an urgent need for education of Institute behavioral scientists and cardiovascular specialists (both staff and consultants), each about the research techniques and contributions of the other, and that the Institutes should facilitate such cross-education immediately.

The group then reviewed each of the conference recommendations, making their own recommendations for immediate follow-up as follows:

## Recommendation #1

#### Application of visceral learning techniques

It was agreed that NIMH would continue its survey of the field and would consider having a critical evaluation of the field made by qualified consultant(s).

Dr. Cooper urged that NIMH staff attempt to arrange a series of visits to appropriate behavioral science laboratories so that National Heart Institute staff and consultants could learn about the psychophysiological and behavioral techniques which are involved, in order to evaluate better



the reality of prospects of application of said techniques in the immediate future. Specifically, he suggested that the following NHI personnel and consultants:

Chief of the Training Program and Chairman of Training Grant Committee Chief of the Program Project and Chairman of Program-Project Committee Chief of the Special Projects Program and Chairman of Special Projects Committee

plus Dr. Schweizer and possibly Dr. Cooper, himself, visit Neal Miller's laboratory, accompanied by appropriate NIMH staff. The purpose of the visit, as indicated above, would be to inform the Heart staff and consultants as to the techniques involved and the possibilities for their application.

# Recommendation #2

## Study of coronary care units

Behavioral scientists do not have the information they need to evaluate the behavioral research possibilities in Myocardial Infarction Research Units. Therefore, an appropriate group of behavioral scientists, guided and introduced by Heart Institute staff, should visit such units, especially the MIRU'S at MGH and Rochester, and possibly the MIRU at Duke, to assess the possibilities for conducting behavioral research in such settings.

# Recommendation #3

## Surgical settings

Based on the same rationale, it was recommended that behavioral science staff and consultants make similar visits to assess the possibilities of making psychological studies in settings where care of patients following heart surgery takes place.

#### Recommendation #4

#### The development of portable blood pressure devices

Taking advantage of NASA's current push to make application of space technology to medical science in general, Dr. Cooper will request that NASA survey its extensive information relative to telemetric devices for psychophysiologic measurement and, free of charge, provide the resultant information to the National Heart Institute. It is anticipated that NASA may come up with highly pertinent material which could provide the basis for appropriate research and development efforts to be mutually funded by contracts.

# Recommendation #5

# Special ad hoc committee

It was agreed that, should such a special committee be established, it could properly serve both consultation and review functions, at least in the early stages of development of programs in the biobehavioralcardiovascular area. Dr. Cooper explained that such a committee might also function similarly to a committee the Heart Institute has operated jointly with NINDS for a number of years, concerned with Vascular accidents and stroke.

## Other Areas

### Training

One of the big issues here is to be able to specify appropriate training in behavioral sciences areas which would enable a cardiovascular expert to function effectively in research that crosses the disciplinary fields. Dr. Cooper's hope is that the experience of visiting behavioral sciences research centers where experimental conditioning programs are underway will provide the cardiovascular experts with some idea of what is involved in the interest of future training programs.

## Public Information

It was suggested that an editorial, perhaps jointly authored by the two Institutes, be prepared for publication in appropriate behavioral sciences and cardiovascular journals -- e.g., Circulation, American Psychologist, American Journal of Psychiatry, or Archives. The purpose of the editorial would be to announce the existence of the dialogue between the two Institutes, the level and kind of activity presently ongoing, and to express the interests and needs of both Institutes in the area. It was agreed that each of the Institutes would draft an outline for such an editorial.

Louis A. Wienckowski, Ph.D.

Director

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Betty H. Pickett, Ph.D.

Deputy Director

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#### Addressees

Dr. Cooper

Dr. Schweizer

Dr. Katz

Dr. Williams