

LATCHER'S
ANTI-DYSPEPTIC
Blood and Liver Pills
AND
LATCHER'S
Vitalizing Sarsaparilla

ARE PREPARED FROM
EXTRACTS OF PLANTS AND ROOTS
DESCRIBED IN
THE FOLLOWING PAGES.

BALMONY.*Chelone Glabra.*

Is highly recommended in jaundice and liver affections, and serviceable in the removal of worms. Is used as a tonic, in dyspepsia, feebleness of the digestive organs, increasing the appetite, promoting digestion and assimilation, improving the condition of the blood, in both quality and quantity.

BITTER ROOT.*Apocynum Androsæmifolium.*

Is alterative, diuretic, diaphoretic, tonic and laxative. Is useful in the treatment of chronic liver affections, dyspepsia, amenorrhœa, rheumatism, syphilitic affections, scrofula, jaundice and dropsy.

BLUE FLAG.*Iris Versicolor.*

Blue Flag is cathartic, alterative, sialagogue, anthelmintic and diuretic. Bene-

ficial in dropsies, in chronic hepatic or liver, kidney and splenic affections.

BURDOCK.

Lappa Minor (Arctium Lappa).

Burdock is considered aperient, diaphoretic and sudorific, without irritating action. It is recommended in gouty, scorbutic, venereal, rheumatic, scrofulous, leprous and nephritic affections; is considered an excellent substitute for sarsaparilla.

BUTTERNUT.

Juglans Cinerea.

Butternut is said to be one of the mildest and most thorough laxatives in the materia medica. Dr. Stillé says it is peculiarly applicable as an aperient in habitual costiveness, inasmuch as it does not leave the bowels in a confined state. Dr. Wood says it is highly esteemed in dysentery. A strong decoction has been used with excellent effect, as a domestic remedy, in intermittents and remit-

tents, and in many other diseases attended with congestion of the abdominal viscera. It is especially adapted to cases of habitual constipation, dysentery and bilious complaints. It operates without pain, irritation or subsequent debility of the alimentary canal, and seems to possess the cathartic properties of rhubarb, but without inducing constipation after its action.

CULVER'S ROOT.

Leptandra Virginica.

Is believed to possess peculiar properties applicable in cases of typhoid and bilious fevers, inducing discharges of a black, tarry and morbid character, without debilitating the tone of the bowels, or of the general system. As a laxative and tonic, in small doses, it is valuable in dyspepsia, especially when connected with an inactive state of the liver, and torpid and debilitated bowels; also, in all functional diseases of the liver.

Leptandrin—the resinous principle

of leptandra—is a powerful cholagogue, with but slight laxative influence. Is employed in the treatment of diarrhœa, cholera infantum, some forms of dyspepsia and diseases of a bilious character.

DANDELION.

Taraxacum Dens-Leonis.

One of the most valuable properties of Dandelion consists of its local action on the liver; a torpid state of this organ produces those symptoms which are known as bilious. A diseased state of the liver is closely related to that most common of all complaints, dyspepsia. Many medical authors recommend its persistent use as most necessary and successful in the treatment of deranged conditions of the digestive organs connected with an abnormal state of the liver, and in dropsical effusions emanating from the same cause. The use of Dandelion has been highly praised by many practitioners.

A peculiar nervous susceptibility common among dyspeptics, caused by the

action of unhealthy acrid bile upon the irritable mucous surface of the bowels, in which a variety of distressing apprehensions occur, such as sudden death, approaching illness, or great personal danger, together with an utter inability of fixing the attention upon any subject or engaging in any thing that demands exertion, may be relieved or entirely cured by a faithful use of the extract.

GENTIAN.

Gentiana Lutea.

Excites the appetite, invigorates and strengthens digestion, imparts a warm glow of the body by quickening of the circulation. It is also slightly laxative. Is especially beneficial in debility of the digestive organs, or where a general tonic impression is desired. Dyspepsia, gout, amenorrhœa, hysteria, scrofula, intermittent fevers, or fever and ague, diarrhœa and worms are some of the affections in which it proves very serviceable.

HOPS.

Humulus Lupulus.

Tonic, febrifuge, antilithic, anthelmintic and hypnotic. It has a tendency to cause sleep and consequently lessen or relieve pain, and may be administered in cases where opium is inadmissible; is especially serviceable in dyspepsia and general weakness of the digestive organs; is also said to correct stony or lithic acid deposits in the urinary passages; and is believed to be a specific in removing asthmatic pains.

MANDRAKE.

Podophyllum Peltatum.

Mandrake is cathartic, emetic, alterative, anthelmintic, hydragogue and sialagogue. It promotes glandular action, and also exerts a powerful influence on the condition of the cutaneous tissue and regulates the circulatory system; removes all obstructions of the functions of the body; is very service-

able in diseases and general torpor of the liver of long or short duration.

Podophyllin or the active principle of Mandrake is useful in scrofulous diseases, liver affections, dysmenorrhœa, amenorrhœa, incontinence of urine, gonorrhœa; also administered beneficially in jaundice, dropsy, dysentery, diarrhœa, bilious, remittent, and intermittent fevers; it rouses the kidneys to an easy and natural action. Podophyllin combined with Leptandrin forms an exceedingly valuable and effective alterative and cholagogue.

SARSAPARILLA.

Smilax Officinalis.

Sarsaparilla is generally regarded as an alterative, although stated by some to possess diuretic, diaphoretic and emetic properties. This agent is especially serviceable in the treatment of chronic rheumatism, scrofulous affections, skin diseases, inveterate syphilis, pseudo-syphilis, and syphilitic diseases

generally. It quickly builds up a shattered state of the system; purifies the blood, regulates the secretions, and comporting as a constitutional alterative. Combined with other alteratives and tonics, it seems to work wonders in the human system.

STILLINGIA.

Stillingia Sylvatica.

In large doses, it is emetic and cathartic; in small doses, alterative, with marked influence over the secretions, which is unsurpassed by any other known alterative. It is administered with very marked effect in syphilitic and scrofulous affections in place of the injurious drug, Mercury. It is very useful in skin diseases, chronic liver complaint, and other affections ordinarily benefited by alteratives. It is also highly extolled in bronchial affections and leucorrhœa. Combined with Blue Flag it is a most potent remedy in chronic diseases generally.

TESTIMONIALS.

When liver and stomach have been overworked and the system has become clogged, we invariably use Latcher's Anti-Dyspeptic Blood and Liver Pills, and prefer them to all others to cleanse away the impurities, because they are thorough, mild and efficient.

JOHN W. THAYER.

MRS. JOHN W. THAYER.

Edinburgh, N. Y., {
July 25, 1887. }

I would highly recommend Latcher's Anti-Dyspeptic Blood and Liver Pills as a valuable medicine for dyspepsia, torpid liver and constipation.

ELLA M. BUTLER.

Edinburgh, N. Y., {
July 26, 1887. }

After having taken many different kinds of medicine, and having been treated by different *physicians* during several years past for obstinate kidney troubles and indigestion, I was advised to try Latcher's Anti-Dyspeptic Blood and Liver Pills, and can say, *truthfully*, that they have cured me of the troubles above mentioned, and give the very best satisfaction in other respects, and they will bear out the recommendations of the proprietor—once used, they are always in demand—and I would not be without them to use when occasion requires in my family.

WARREN B. WHITNEY.

Batchellerville, N. Y., }
Aug. 28, 1887. }

Having used Latcher's Anti-Dyspeptic Blood and Liver Pills in my family in cases of bilious attacks, indigestion, and in various other cases in which an immediate alterative effect with a tonic

reaction was desirable, have found them efficient, reliable and most salutary. I have used them with splendid results in my own case of kidney complaint in which an acid reaction characterized renal excretions, and I take pleasure in saying that as a mild, efficient and perfectly safe remedy, I regard them with great favor.

SOLON BINGHAM,

Justice of the Peace.

Conklingville, N. Y., {
Nov. 19, 1887. }

About the 18th of January, I was taken with a very violent attack of pain in my back, which laid me up for some days. I could scarcely stir. I doctored myself with all the usual medicines for such complaints, but no relief came. I finally applied Herrick's plasters, but the pain and lameness was still there as bad as ever. I was then advised to take Latcher's Anti-Dyspeptic Blood and Liver

Pills. I took 3 the first night, 2 the second night, and 3 the last night. I would here say that all the pills I ever tried before, would invariably *gripe* me and was loth to take them; but I did, and did not feel any griping pain whatever, but they worked quietly and effectually, and I got well enough to do a good day's work on the third morning, and was entirely well, and have not lost a day since, and I would say that they done so well for me that I shall always recommend them for lame back.

WM. H. ZINSTINE.

Edinburgh, N. Y., {
Feb. 13, 1888. }

Have tried Latcher's Anti-Dyspeptic Blood and Liver Pills in my family and found them *very* beneficial in habitual costiveness, blood and skin diseases.

Yours respectfully.

MRS. B. N. LOBDELL.

Northville, N. Y., {
May 13, 1888. }

We have used Latcher's Anti-Dyspeptic Blood and Liver Pills in the case of Kittie's sore mouth and throat, and general debility of the system, and a painfully lame or rheumatic shoulders and arms in my own case, and we feel that we are entirely cured of these complaints, and would recommend them for dyspepsia, costiveness and liver complaint.

MRS. C. M. BUEL,
KITTIE S. BUEL.

Northville, N. Y., {
June 25, 1888. }

We have tried Latcher's Anti-Dyspeptic Blood and Liver Pills, and will say that they cured me of a bad, hacking cough and general debility, and was otherwise in bad health — but am well now. Have used them when my son Leonard was very sick, as also the other children, and they recovered very rap-

idly from their sickness, and I shall speak in the highest praise of them. Some of our neighbors have used them and speak well of them.

MRS. MARY C. PERCIVAL.

Bramhall, Hyde Co., Dakota, {
June 11, 1888. }

I have used Latcher's Anti-Dyspeptic Blood and Liver Pills in my family and in my own case for a year or two past in cases of general debility, dyspepsia, costiveness, and kidney complaint—and complicated with liver complaint, and they have been effectual in every instance, and I heartily recommend them to those who wish to save doctors' bills.

J. W. OLNSTEAD,
Supervisor.

Edinburgh, N. Y., {
June 25, 1888. }

We have tried Latcher's Anti-Dyspeptic Blood and Liver Pills for rheumatic lame back, sick headache, dyspepsia, and torpid liver, and they have cured in every case; shall keep them in my house,—and do most cheerfully commend them.

HENRY S. WILLIAMS,
Blacksmith and Farrier.

Edinburgh, N. Y., {
June 25, 1888. }

I was afflicted with a very severe lame back of a rheumatic nature and also was troubled with dizzy spells for some time previous to using Latcher's Anti-Dyspeptic Blood and Liver Pills—and can say that they cured me—I therefore recommend them to all afflicted as I was.

ALLEN C. OLMSTEAD.

Beecher Hollow, {
June 25, 1888. }