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TO THE MEMBERS OF THE

Maffachufetts Charitable Fire Society, FLAG That do Thanks of the Communist be given to CEORGE RICHARDS MINOT, Los for his Adda B ITTHER So So STRUCT

ANNUAL MEETING,

MAT 29, 1795.

By GEORGE RICHARDS MINOT, VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE SOCIETY.

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FROM THE ORRERY PRESS : Printed by ALEXANDER MARTIN, No. 42, Cornhill, BOSTON, 1795.

At a Meeting of the GOVERNMENT of the MASSA-CHUSETTS CHARITABLE FIRE SOCIETY, on Friday, May 29, 1795,

Voted, That the Thanks of the GOVERNMENT be given to GEORGE RICHARDS MINOT, Eso. for his Addrefs, delivered before the Society this day—And that a Copy thereof be requested for the Prefs.

Voted, That WM. TUDOR, Efq. Dr. OLIVER SMITH and the Rev. Mr. JAMES FREEMAN, be a Committee to wait on him with the above Vote.

A true copy-Atteft

WILLIAM ALLINE, Rec. Sec.

GENTLEMEN,

AN ardent wifh to promote the objects of the Society led me to undertake this fudden production. A refpect for the body who request a Copy induces me to submit it to the public eye, with no other security against censure, than the candor of the reader, founded on the uprightness of my intentions.

I am,

Gentlemen,

With the higheft respect, Your obedient servant, G. R. MINOU.

ADDRESS, &

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Mr. PRESIDENT, and GENTLEMEN of the Society,

As the part which I bear in the duties of this occafion is in confequence of a requeft from your TRUSTEES, unavoidably fudden, I can ftand in need of no apology to you for undertaking a tafk, which nothing but a fenfe of my obligation to comply with a vote fo honorable to me, and a fincere defire to promote the objects of this Inflitution, could have induced me to attempt with fo fhort a notice : but, as it regards the REST of this refpectable auditory, I indeed feel myfelf in need of too great a demand upon their candor, for delivering in their prefence, literally the reflections and exercises of a few hours, upon a fubject which ought to receive mature confideration, and which is worthy of an elaborate difcufion.

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WHOEVER views the phyfical and moral fystems of which we are a part, will perceive a variety of caufes to call forth the virtues and exertions of man. Amidst the prevailing harmony which PROVIDENCE has ordained in the world, the obferver will be ftruck with an occafional and limited diforder, which, although unable effentially to deform the grand fabric of creation, yet for a moment. interrupts its regularity, and darkens the fplendor of its appearance. General caufes, at times, feem to overftep the bounds of their commission, and to create partial evils fo diffreffing to our race, that, unlefs we comprehensively furvey the greater good which predominates on the whole, we fhall feel a diminution of our confidence in the flation we hold as the dependants of perfect benevolence.

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IN the moral world the human paffions have been permitted fo to triumph over reafon, that the vices have ftalked abroad, and become rather the boaft than the fhame of man. His feelings have been led back to their natural ftandard by various means, not neceffary to be recited on this occafion. Among them, however we may obferve, as not the leaft ufeful, voluntary affociations, which although from a happy progrefs in civilization, they are now rendered lefs neceffary, muft, notwithftanding, be remembered with gratitude and pleafure. In the phyfical world the caufes of evil feem to be lefs under human control. Societies of men may become, what their CREATOR CREATOR has enabled them to be, pious, philanthropic, candid in opinion and charitable in their actions: But, the burfting volcano who can extinguish? The overflowing ocean who can limit? What human power checks the whirlwind's fweep? And who can pacify the conflicting elements, when united to diforganize theregular courfe of their operations?

AN attempt to prevent fuch evils would be prefumption in mankind. They have only to fubmit to them with humble refignation. They are to confider that, as in the human heart there is no vice which fprings not from the fame caufe with fome neighboring virtue, fo in natural appearances good and evil fhoot forth from the fame principles. That element which in one climate with irrefiftible explofions defolates the devoted regions around it, and which, at times, fweeps off cities in sheets of flame, generally becomes the fubmiflive and ufeful agent of man in ten thousand forms; contributes to his pleafure and fecurity; and animates the whole vegetable world in ferene and fmiling verdure. The whirlwind is but the momentary paffion, if I may be allowed the term, of the winds which give motion to commerce, of the air which gives us breath, of the breeze which exhilirates and revivifies the exhaufted laborer. The inundating river which fweeps the adjacent villages down its destructive stream, foon fubfides to its useful level, and leaves on its banks the rich fource of fertility and happinefs.

BUT

But the most interesting and important view in which both moral and phyfical evils can be confidered, is that of a touchstone to the human heart. Were there no mifery, where then should we look for humanity? Did man inhabit a world of happinefs, how many virtues which his CREATOR has planted in his bofom, would go down with him unbudded to the grave ? The occasion for exercising the fublime and charitable attributes of his nature, is the most enviable gift of HEAVEN. When Misfortune, fhrouded in the garb of Poverty, knocks at the rich man's door, how interefting is that moment to the human character! Then comes forth the dignified Image of man's CREATOR, or the mean contemptible mimic of a rational Being. Is the stranger welcomed? Is his hunger fatisfied? Are his limbs, fhivering with cold, comfortably clad? Is he freed from the grafp of greedy avarice in the forms of law? If fo, the tenant of that manfion well executes the truft committed to his charge, by the AUTHOR of all his bounty : If not, although the wealth of India decorate his habitation, although human honors be heaped high upon his head, he is in fact poorer, and far lower in the order of creation than the fuppliant vifitor whom he fcorns from his door.

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SINCE there are evils beyond the power of man to prevent, it is his duty to alleviate their effects, and minifter confolation to the objects who are defined

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to endure them. Such is the principle on which you, Gentlemen, are affociated. Of the caufes of misfortune with which fociety is afflicted, you have juftly obferved the deftruction of buildings by fire to be one of the most calamitous. In a country like ours, where convenience and the habits of the people have led to the use of the most perishable materials, and where the active exertion of the inhabitants in the hour of danger, and their generous donations after it, have hitherto prevented an infurance against fire (a fafeguard which many suppose would equalize the lofs upon the community on a ftill more extensive fcale) the evils arising from the afcendancy of this element, have been frequently and deplorably confpicuous. Since the fettlement of our country upwards of twenty fires, fo extensive in their defolation as to be felected for the records of history, have happened in our Capital. The particulars of these would be too tedious, and indeed, too melancholy to be detailed. Eight of them took place before the introduction of fire-engines into the town, which probably was not until after the year One Thousand Seven Hundred and Eleven. In the fire of that year, the town-house, the first meetinghouse, and the neighborhood of those buildings fell. before it; and it was defignated by the name of the Great Fire until that of One Thousand Seven Hundred and Sixty took from it this nominal pre-eminence in the catalogue of destruction. In this year

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the fire fwept away no lefs than three hundred and forty-nine buildings; deftroyed property to the amount of one hundred thousand pounds fterling; two hundred and twenty families were driven from their habitations, and three quarters of them rendered incapable, by this misfortune, of fubfifting themfelves. The destruction of One Thousand Seven Hundred and Eighty-feven and of the laft year we all remember. The tear of diffrefs is fcarcely dried, your bounty is still rising a fresh and grateful offering to the throne of HEAVEN. Yes, we remember the folemn alarm; the almost uncontrolable devastation of the flames; the houselefs exile running from their reach in wild defpair, in doubt, perhaps, whether his abfent offspring be fallen by their devouring rage, or whether it still wanders fubject to be crushed by the agitated crowd ; we remember the scene of all his sufferings intruded glaringly on his view by the unnatural illumination of the atmofphere; his dreadful reverse of fortune when the cataftrophe was over :--- One day in credit, in peace and in enjoyment; the next, though not difhonored, yet perhaps a bankrupt, distracted with reflection, and forced to wander over the fcene of his diffrefs to collect the pitiful fragments of his property. There are objects that have made deep impreffions on your hearts. Honorable feelings! Hence may we afcribe the origin of your inftitution for relieving fuch victims of affliction, and for ftimulating genius to ufe-

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ful difcoveries tending to fecure the lives and property of our fellow-men. This is the nobleft offering you can make to your country and to mankind. An Inftitution defigned to relieve without mortifying the object relieved, and to give without diftreffing the generous benefactor. An inftitution that fhall not require of dejected merit to affume a boldnefs which profperity would not infpire it with, nor force it, unufed to afk a favor, publicly to beg for charity; but which fhall give it the right of demanding, whenever it brings the marks of misfortune.

Is it neceffary for us to announce to the world that a fociety formed on fuch a bafis in Maffachuletts, has received the encouragement naturally to be expected from the generous manners and lively feelings of her inhabitants? Although our incorporation bears date only from the twenty-fifth day of June last, yet our funds are already fo respectable as to furnish a pleasing expectation, that we shall foon be able, with the aid of fuch of our fellow-citizens as may reafonably be fuppofed to join in our charitable views, to administer consolation under one of the heaviest afflictions in life, by bestowing fome proportionable indemnity for loffes fuftained by fire. Our numbers are already upwards of three hundred; and among them we can hold up characters whom the wealthy and well-difpofed, need not be ashamed to follow in the path of benevolence. It would be unjustly to withhold the tribute of our thanks, were

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I not to fay, that the man whom the people have again called to the fecond magistracy of our Commonwealth, deferves public praise for uniting the influence of his station with the generous benefaction of his property, to aid the cause of the distressed, as the head of this Institution.

IN addition to the ufual means of enlarging the funds of the Society, our conflictution has ordered this annual affembling of its members, to difcourfe upon the advantages arifing from charitable inflitutions, and to bear testimony of our attachment to the generous principles by which we are combined, by a contribution of our property in common with fuch other friends of humanity, as may feel the fame fensations for fuffering merit.

IN a world filled with oppofition, there have not been wanting objectors even to charities. Many of them are framed merely as an apology for avarice and meannels of fpirit. Some of them however deferve confideration; and particularly that of beftowing the gifts of liberality on unworthy objects. But it is the good fortune of our Inflitution, that even this objection cannot apply to it. The evidence of misfortune, from the nature of it, mult be too notorious to be mifunderstood. When the fufferer comes recent from the fcene of his distrefs, an outcast from his habitation, naked as the flames have left him, who can hefitate to deny his claim to participate in the property, which our happier fortune has prevented

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vented our lofing by the fame melancholy caufe. Nor is it a circumstance to be attended to, whether he be of one denomination or another; for it is the boast of our Institution, that although its benefits are necessfarily local, in order to make them efficient, yet they are not confined to ourfelves, to fest, or kindred.

THE neceffity of charities is clearly announced by the whole structure of the human system. The fun of profperity, like the natural fun of the univerfe, fhines not with perpetual brightnefs any where. Clouds are always interfering and obstructing its genial influence, and over whofe head they will gather, or how long they will continue, is known. only to HIM whom the winds and clouds obey. If we enjoy the funshine of the hour, it is equally our duty and our policy to relieve him who is fuffering in the shade of adversity ; and when, in turn, he enjoys the calm, and we become involved in the tempest, we shall merit, and, if he possesses the gratitude of his nature, we shall receive of him a shelter from its inclemency. And fhould we fail in this, ftill our happiness will not be lost, as there is no heart fo infenfible to felf-approbation as not to anticipate its reward by the very exercise of its kindnefs. At any rate, the day of life is fast passing away, and a new light will appear, which, with irrefiftible effulgence, will discover even the most latent acts of virtue, when it will receive a reward inconceivable

conceivable by the human mind, and transcending all human felicity.

LET us then follow the generous impulse of our nature, and give our alms with liberality. Let us invite the affiftance of either fex and all claffes of people at this philanthropic offering on the altar of charity. The female heart is the livelieft fource of fenfibility, and pity fprings thence, as from its native bosom. We welcome our visitors from the fairest portion of the human race! We welcome every one whole feelings extend beyond himfelf, and who waits not to hear the piercing cries of those who are ready to perifh, to awaken his humanity. You who feek to immortalize your names by ftructures of brafs and marble, come and be enrolled on the nobler monument of human gratitude. There is a luxury in this generous indulgence of our feelings, unknown to other enjoyments. Were we to felect the happiest and the most worthy among men, it would be he, whose neighborhood is the world, whofe kindred are mankind, and whofe difpolition prompts him to exert all his means of conferring happiness upon his fuffering fellow-mortals, of whatever perfuation they may be in this various family, and in whatever part of that world they may chance to dwell.

END OF THE ADDRESS.

ACT of INCORPORATION.

COMMONWEALTH of MASSACHUSETTS. In the Year of our LORD one thousand feven hundred and ninety four.

An ACT for Incorporating certain Perfons into a Society by the Name of the MASSACHUSETTS CHAR-ITABLE FIRE SOCIETY.

WHEREAS Mofes Gill, George Richards Minot, Oliver Smith, James Freeman, James Bowdoin, William Scollay, John

Lucas and Arnold Welles, jun. in behalf of themfelves, and others affociating with them, have petitioned this Court to be incorporated for the purpofe of relieving fuch as may fuffer by fire, and of fimulating genius to ufeful difcoveries, tending to fecure the lives and property of their fellow men from defruction by that element.

Be it enacted by the Senate and Houfe of Reprefentatives in General Court allembled, and by the authority of the fame, That the perfons above named, and their alfociates be, and hereby are incorporated into, and made a body politic by the name of the Malfachuletts Charitzble Fire Society, for the purpofes aforefaid, and shall have perpetual fucceffion by the faid name, with power to make bye-laws and regulations for the prefervation and advancement of the faid Society, not repugnant to the laws of this Commonwealth, with penalties either of disfranchifement from the faid Society, or of a mult, not exceeding twenty foillings, for each offance, as to the faid Corporation shall appear best.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the faid body politic are hereby authorized and empowered to make and use a common feal, and to sue and desend, and are made liable to be sued by the name aforefaid in any of the Judicial Courts within this Commonwealth, and are hereby licenced and empowered to make purchases, and to receive grants, subscriptions and donations of real and personal estate, and to hold the same for the charitable purposes aforefaid, provided the income of the faid real and personal estate shall not exceed the sum of ten thousand pounds annually, and to alien and convey such estate as to the faid Corporation shall appear fit.

Be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the faid body politic be, and are hereby authorized to meet annually on fuch day as they fhall appoint, and then to choose fuch officers as to them may appear neceffary; and to meet at fuch other times for filling up vacancies occasioned by by the death or refignation of officers or otherwise, and for transacting all other business requisite for promoting the ends of the faid Corporation, as by them shall be agreed upon.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That His Honor Moses Gill, Esg. be, and he is hereby authorized and empowered to call the first meeting of the faid Corporation at such place in the town of Boston as to him may appear proper, on the fourth Tuesday of July next. In the House of Representatives, June 25th, 1794 — This Bill having had three several readings passed to be enacted.

EDWARD H. ROBB NS, Speaker.

In Senate, June 25th, 1794.—This Bill having had two feveral readings paffed to be enacted.

SAMUEL PHILLIPS, Prefident. June 24, 1794.—By the Governor approved.

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SAMUEL ADAMS.

True copy-Attest,

JOHN AVERY, jun. Secretary.

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The GOVERNMENT for the YEAR 1795.

HIS Honor Mofes Gill, Prefident. Honorable George Richards Minot, Efq. Viceprefident. Doctor Oliver Smith, Treafurer. Reverend James Freeman, Corresponding Secretary. Mr. William Alline, Recording Secretary. Honorable James Bowdoin, Efq. William Scollay, Efq. Mr. John Lucas, Doctor Jofhua Thomas, William Tudor, Efq. Mr. Arnold Welles, jun. Mr. Shubael Bell, Mr. T. K. Jones,

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Amos Winfhip, Benjamin Wade, Ebenezer Wade, Nathan Webb, Abel Wheelock, W. P. White, John Woart, Ebenezer White.

Alexander Young.

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Those members, to whose names no sum is affixed, have either forme shillings, or not yet notified what donation they intend to make.

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