

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about December 4, 1953, by Perfection Foods, Inc., from Newark, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 418 cases, each containing 12 cans, of tomato juice at Worcester, Mass.

LABEL, IN PART: (Can) "Clover Farm Brand Tomato Juice Net Contents 1 Qt. 14 Fl. Oz."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed tomato material.

DISPOSITION: May 17, 1954. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

21239. Adulteration of tomato juice. U. S. v. 68 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 36009. Sample No. 69769-L.)

LIBEL FILED: December 4, 1953, District of Idaho.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 8 and November 3, 1953, by Blackinton & Sons Canning Co., from Ogden, Utah.

PRODUCT: 68 cases, each containing 12 cans, of tomato juice at Pocatello, Idaho.

LABEL, IN PART: (Can) "Scrowcroft's Full O' Flavor Tomato Juice Contents 1 Quart 14 Fl. Oz."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed tomato material.

DISPOSITION: February 9, 1954. Default decree of forfeiture and destruction.

NUTS AND NUT PRODUCTS

21240. Adulteration of cashew nuts. U. S. v. 21 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 35528. Sample No. 20101-L.)

LIBEL FILED: October 3, 1953, District of Minnesota.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 10, 1953, by the Pan American Food Co., from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 21 50-pound cases of cashew nuts at Minneapolis, Minn.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects.

DISPOSITION: November 13, 1953. T. M. Duche & Sons, Inc., New York, N. Y., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond to be brought into compliance with the law, under the supervision of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare. The product was examined, with the result that 110 pounds were found unfit and were denatured.

21241. Adulteration of pecan meats. U. S. v. 98 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 36487. Sample No. 63845-L.)

LIBEL FILED: April 6, 1954, Eastern District of Missouri.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about December 2, 10, 18, and 29, 1953, and January 7, 18, and 27, and February 5, 16, and 25, 1954, by the Southwest Pecan Co., from Bristow, Okla.

PRODUCT: 98 60-pound cases of pecan meats at St. Louis, Mo.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects; and, Section 402 (b) (2), shell had been substituted in part for pecan granules, which the article was represented to be.

DISPOSITION: May 19, 1954. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

21242. Adulteration of pecan meats. U. S. v. 53 Cartons * * *. (F. D. C. No. 36359. Sample No. 50153-L.)

LIBEL FILED: January 28, 1954, Southern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about December 7, 1953, by the Consolidated Pecan Sales Co., from Albany, Ga.

PRODUCT: 53 cartons of pecan meats at New York, N. Y.

RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION: Investigation of the Dixieland Pecan Co., Albany, Ga., the manufacturer of the product, showed that insanitary conditions existed which would result in contamination of the product.

LABEL, IN PART: (Carton) "Selected Pecan Meats 'Cream Of The Crop' Extra Large Pieces 30 Lbs Net Wt."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of *E. coli*; and, Section 402 (a) (4), the article had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: March 5, 1954. Consolidated Pecan Sales Co., Inc., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for reconditioning under the supervision of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare.

As a result of the reconditioning operations, 2½ cartons of the product were found unfit.

21243. Adulteration of shelled walnuts. U. S. v. 7 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 36325. Sample No. 83580-L.)

LIBEL FILED: February 18, 1954, Southern District of California.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about January 28, 1954, from Minneapolis, Minn. This was a return shipment.

PRODUCT: 7 30-pound cases of shelled walnuts at Los Angeles, Calif.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insect parts and rodent hairs, and of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of rancid walnuts; and, Section 402 (a) (4), the article had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: April 1, 1954. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

21244. Adulteration of coconut. U. S. v. 370 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 36416. Sample No. 75635-L.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about February 26, 1954, District of Maryland.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about December 11, 1953, from Manila, P. I.

PRODUCT: 370 100-pound bags of coconut at Baltimore, Md., in possession of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co., Locust Point Docks, Baltimore, Md.