

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance. (Examination disclosed that the product was decomposed.) The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: October 30, 1951. James Ferrera & Sons, Inc., Boston, Mass., claimant, having consented to the entry of decrees, judgments of condemnation were entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond to be brought into compliance with the law, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency. 874 24-can cases and 490 48-can cases of the product were salvaged and the remainder destroyed. (An additional 80 48-can cases, which had not been seized, were included in the reconditioning operations.)

18687. Adulteration of canned tomatoes. U. S. v. 186 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 31511. Sample No. 21662-L.)

LIBEL FILED: September 4, 1951, Southern District of Alabama.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about June 6, 1951, by K. Peters, from Hallandale, Fla.

PRODUCT: 186 cases, each containing 24 1-pound, 3-ounce cans, of tomatoes at Mobile, Ala.

LABEL, IN PART: (Can) "Pine Land Brand Fine Tomatoes."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of fly eggs and maggots.

DISPOSITION: December 10, 1951. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

18688. Adulteration of tomato paste. U. S. v. 229 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 31476. Sample No. 28359-L.)

LIBEL FILED: August 17, 1951, Northern District of California.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 2, 1951, by B. Dorman & Sons, from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 229 cases, each containing 10 10-pound, 2-ounce cans, of tomato paste at Moss Landing, Calif.

LABEL, IN PART: (Can) "Halisco Concentrated Tomato Paste Product of France."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed tomato material.

DISPOSITION: April 4, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

MEAT AND POULTRY

18689. Adulteration of frozen rabbits. U. S. v. 629 Boxes * * *. (F. D. C. No. 31927. Sample Nos. 4206-L, 4518-L.)

LIBEL FILED: October 18, 1951, District of Columbia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 23, 1951, from Boston, Mass.

PRODUCT: 629 boxes, each containing 60 pounds, of frozen rabbits at Washington, D. C.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed rabbits. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: November 26, 1951. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to the Zoo, for use as animal feed.

18690. Adulteration of dressed poultry. U. S. v. Stork Bros., Inc., and Albrecht H. Stork. Pleas of guilty. Corporation fined \$1,000. Individual defendant sentenced to 6 months in jail; jail sentence suspended and individual placed on probation for 3 years. (F. D. C. No. 30074. Sample Nos. 75711-K, 89838-K.)

INFORMATION FILED: January 15, 1951, District of Minnesota, against Stork Bros., Inc., New Ulm, Minn., and Albrecht H. Stork, president of the corporation.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 21, 1950; from the State of Minnesota into the State of Iowa.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in part of a filthy substance by reason of contamination by rodent hairs, cat hairs, insects, and insect fragments; and, Section 402 (a) (4), the article had been prepared and packed under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: November 30, 1951. Pleas of guilty having been entered, the court imposed a fine of \$1,000 against the corporation and sentenced the individual to 6 months in jail. The jail sentence against the individual was suspended, and he was placed on probation for 3 years.

18691. Adulteration of dressed poultry. U. S. v. 65 Crates * * * (F. D. C. No. 31333. Sample No. 24348-L.)

LIBEL FILED: July 9, 1951, Southern District of New York; amended libel filed August 8, 1951.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about June 30, 1951, by Rockland Poultry Co., Inc., from Rockland, Maine.

PRODUCT: 65 crates, each containing 74 pounds, of dressed poultry at New York, N. Y. Examination disclosed the presence of pellets of added diethylstilbestrol in the edible portions of the birds.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (2), the article contained an added poisonous or deleterious substance which was unsafe within the meaning of the law.

DISPOSITION: August 30, 1951. Rockland Poultry Co., Inc., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for the purpose of salvaging by cutting off the neck of each bird and destroying the necks and by eviscerating each bird, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

18692. Adulteration of poultry. U. S. v. 5 Crates * * * (F. D. C. No. 31332. Sample No. 24350-L.)

LIBEL FILED: July 9, 1951, Southern District of New York; amended libel filed August 8, 1951.