

which were contaminated with fecal matter and crop material; and, Section 402 (a) (5), it was in whole or in part the product of a diseased animal.

**DISPOSITION:** April 22, 1952. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that samples of the product be delivered to the Federal Security Agency, and that the remainder be destroyed.

### **SPICES, FLAVORS, AND SEASONING MATERIALS**

**18598. Adulteration of imitation black pepper base. U. S. v. 5 Bags \* \* \*.**  
(F. D. C. No. 32293. Sample No. 20893-L.)

**LIBEL FILED:** December 21, 1951, Western District of Louisiana.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about May 22 and October 29, 1951, by Proflo Division, Traders Oil Mill Co., from Fort Worth, Tex.

**PRODUCT:** 5 100-pound bags of imitation black pepper base at Shreveport, La.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Traders Base for Imitation Black Pepper."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects.

**DISPOSITION:** February 29, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

**18599. Adulteration and misbranding of pepper salad and olive condite. U. S. v. 4 Cases, etc. (F. D. C. No. 32269. Sample Nos. 6790-L, 6798-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** December 5, 1951, Western District of New York.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about August 8 and October 10, 1951, from McKees Rocks, Pa., by the De Luxe Products Co.

**PRODUCT:** 4 cases, each containing 24 8-ounce jars, of pepper salad, and 6 cases, each containing 24 1-pint jars, and 4 cases, each containing 24 8-ounce jars, of olive condite at Rochester, N. Y.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "De Luxe Pepper Salad in Pure Imported Olive Oil" and "De Luxe Olive Condite with Olive Oil."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), a valuable constituent, olive oil, had been in whole or in part omitted from the articles.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statements (pepper salad) "in Pure Imported Olive Oil" and (olive condite) "with Olive Oil" were false and misleading as applied to the articles, which contained little, if any, olive oil.

**DISPOSITION:** January 15, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

**18600. Adulteration of red chili puree. U. S. v. 51 cases \* \* \*.** (F. D. C. No. 32603. Sample No. 13924-L.)

**LIBEL FILED:** January 23, 1952, District of Colorado.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about October 10 and December 3, 1951, by Ashley's, Inc., from El Paso, Tex.

**PRODUCT:** 51 cases, each containing 48 8-ounce cans, of red chili puree at Denver, Colo.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Ashley's Brand Red Chili Puree."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed chili material.

**DISPOSITION:** March 19, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.