

**DISPOSITION:** December 27, 1951. S. M. Flickinger Co., Inc., Buffalo, N. Y., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond to be brought into compliance with the law, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency. 241 pounds of the product were segregated as unfit and were destroyed.

### POULTRY

**18595. Adulteration of dressed poultry. U. S. v. Morris Sokoloff and Sam Kornblum. Pleas of guilty. Fine of \$200 against Defendant Kornblum and \$100 against Defendant Sokoloff. (F. D. C. No. 31582. Sample No. 25791-L.)**

**INFORMATION FILED:** On or about April 17, 1952, District of Delaware, against Morris Sokoloff, president of the Samor Poultry Corp., and Sam Kornblum, vice president of the corporation, Wilmington, Del.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about September 11, 1951, from the State of Delaware into the State of Pennsylvania.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of fecal matter and crop material; and, Section 402 (a) (5), the article was in part the product of a diseased animal, namely, diseased poultry, and it was in part the product of an animal, namely, poultry, which had died otherwise than by slaughter.

**DISPOSITION:** June 5, 1952. Pleas of guilty having been entered, the court imposed a fine of \$200 against Defendant Kornblum and a fine of \$100 against Defendant Sokoloff.

**18596. Adulteration of dressed poultry. U. S. v. 1,046 Pounds \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 32284. Sample No. 19070-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** December 15, 1951, District of Minnesota.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about November 26, 1951, by Landsberger Creamery & Produce, from Sisseton, S. Dak.

**PRODUCT:** 1,046 pounds of dressed poultry in 9 crates at St. Paul, Minn.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of birds which were contaminated with fecal matter and crop material; and, Section 402 (a) (5), the article was in whole or in part the product of a diseased animal.

**DISPOSITION:** March 7, 1952. John E. Landsberger, Sisseton, S. Dak., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for segregation and destruction of the unfit portion, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency. The entire lot of the product was subsequently destroyed.

**18597. Adulteration of dressed poultry. U. S. v. 843 Pounds \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 32227. Sample No. 25801-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** December 7, 1951, Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** November 27, 1951, by Caroline Poultry Farms, Inc., from Federalsburg, Md.

**PRODUCT:** 843 pounds of dressed poultry at Philadelphia, Pa.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of birds

which were contaminated with fecal matter and crop material; and, Section 402 (a) (5), it was in whole or in part the product of a diseased animal.

**DISPOSITION:** April 22, 1952. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that samples of the product be delivered to the Federal Security Agency, and that the remainder be destroyed.

## **SPICES, FLAVORS, AND SEASONING MATERIALS**

**18598. Adulteration of imitation black pepper base. U. S. v. 5 Bags \* \* \*.**  
(F. D. C. No. 32293. Sample No. 20893-L.)

**LIBEL FILED:** December 21, 1951, Western District of Louisiana.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about May 22 and October 29, 1951, by Proflo Division, Traders Oil Mill Co., from Fort Worth, Tex.

**PRODUCT:** 5 100-pound bags of imitation black pepper base at Shreveport, La.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Traders Base for Imitation Black Pepper."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects.

**DISPOSITION:** February 29, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

**18599. Adulteration and misbranding of pepper salad and olive condite. U. S. v. 4 Cases, etc. (F. D. C. No. 32269. Sample Nos. 6790-L, 6798-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** December 5, 1951, Western District of New York.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about August 8 and October 10, 1951, from McKees Rocks, Pa., by the De Luxe Products Co.

**PRODUCT:** 4 cases, each containing 24 8-ounce jars, of pepper salad, and 6 cases, each containing 24 1-pint jars, and 4 cases, each containing 24 8-ounce jars, of olive condite at Rochester, N. Y.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "De Luxe Pepper Salad in Pure Imported Olive Oil" and "De Luxe Olive Condite with Olive Oil."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), a valuable constituent, olive oil, had been in whole or in part omitted from the articles.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statements (pepper salad) "in Pure Imported Olive Oil" and (olive condite) "with Olive Oil" were false and misleading as applied to the articles, which contained little, if any, olive oil.

**DISPOSITION:** January 15, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

**18600. Adulteration of red chili puree. U. S. v. 51 cases \* \* \*.** (F. D. C. No. 32603. Sample No. 13924-L.)

**LIBEL FILED:** January 23, 1952, District of Colorado.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about October 10 and December 3, 1951, by Ashley's, Inc., from El Paso, Tex.

**PRODUCT:** 51 cases, each containing 48 8-ounce cans, of red chili puree at Denver, Colo.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Ashley's Brand Red Chili Puree."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed chili material.

**DISPOSITION:** March 19, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.