

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the name "Horse Radish" was false and misleading since the product consisted of parsnips with nonfat dry milk solids and artificial flavor.

DISPOSITION: March 22, 1949. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

14687. Adulteration of paprika. U. S. v. 27 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 26612. Sample No. 56096-K.)

LIBEL FILED: February 21, 1949, Eastern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 4, 1946, from Chile.

PRODUCT: 27 115-pound bags of paprika at Brooklyn, N. Y.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: April 22, 1949. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

14688. Adulteration of poppy seed. U. S. v. 23 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 25894. Sample No. 32397-K.)

LIBEL FILED: November 1, 1948, Northern District of California.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 7, 1948, from Rotterdam, Holland.

PRODUCT: 23 109-pound bags of poppy seed at San Francisco, Calif.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent urine. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: December 2, 1948. D. Hecht & Co., San Francisco, Calif., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be segregated and brought into compliance with the law, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency. All of the contaminated poppy seed was segregated and destroyed, and the remainder was washed and rebagged in clean bags.

14689. Adulteration and misbranding of vanilla. U. S. v. 3 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 26229. Sample No. 7890-K.)

LIBEL FILED: January 7, 1949, Western District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about December 3, 1948, by Parker Vanilla Products, from Baltimore, Md.

PRODUCT: 3 cases, each containing 6 1-gallon jugs, of vanilla at Pittsburgh, Pa.

LABEL, IN PART: "Pure Vanilla Double Strength plus 5 ozs. Vanillin Per Gal."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), a valuable constituent, vanilla extract, had been in part omitted from the product; and, Section 402 (b) (2), a dilute solution of artificial vanillin in alcohol and propylene glycol had been substituted for the product.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statement "Pure Vanilla Double Strength plus 5 ozs. Vanillin Per Gallon" was false and misleading; Section 403 (c), the product was an imitation of another food, vanilla extract, and its label failed to bear in type of uniform size and prominence the word "imitation" and immediately thereafter the name of the food imitated; Sec-

tion 403 (i) (2), it was fabricated from two or more ingredients, and its label failed to bear the common or usual name of each such ingredient since propylene glycol was not declared; and, Section 403 (k), it contained artificial flavoring and failed to bear labeling stating that fact.

DISPOSITION: February 7, 1949. L. L. Parker, trading as Parker Vanilla Products, claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond, to be relabeled under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

VITAMIN, MINERAL, AND OTHER PRODUCTS OF SPECIAL DIETARY SIGNIFICANCE*

14690. Adulteration and misbranding of Sa-Vi-Ade. U. S. v. S. & R. Laboratories, Inc., and Edward P. Thielen. Pleas of guilty. Fine of \$700 and costs against defendants jointly. (F. D. C. No. 25583. Sample Nos. 6265-K, 6313-K.)

INFORMATION FILED: December 17, 1948, Northern District of Illinois, against S. & R. Laboratories, Inc., Chicago, Ill., and Edward P. Thielen, secretary-treasurer of the corporation.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about January 9 and 30, 1948, from the State of Illinois into the State of Pennsylvania.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), valuable constituents, vitamin A, vitamin B₁, vitamin B₂, vitamin C, niacin, calcium, and phosphorus, had been in part omitted and abstracted from the article.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statement "Each ½ oz. Sa-Vi-Ade contains * * * Percentage of Daily Requirement A * * * 2000 U. S. P. Units * * * 50% B₁ 333 U. S. P. Units. (Thiamin) * * * 100% B₂ (G) 1 Milligram (Riboflavin) * * * 50% C 15 Milligrams (Ascorbic Acid) * * * 50% * * * Plus the following vitamins * * * Niacin 5 Milligrams * * * Calcium 375 Milligrams * * * 50% Phosphorus 375 Milligrams * * * 50%" was false and misleading. One-half ounce of the article contained less than the aforementioned amounts of vitamins and minerals, and one-half ounce of the article would supply less than the aforementioned percentages of the minimum daily adult requirement for such vitamins and minerals.

DISPOSITION: March 8, 1949. Pleas of guilty having been entered, the court imposed a fine of \$700 and costs against the defendants jointly.

14691. Adulteration and misbranding of vitamin tablets. U. S. v. 2 Drums * * *. (F. D. C. No. 26146. Sample No. 24767-K.)

LABEL FILED: December 21, 1948, District of Minnesota.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 4, 1948, by the Keith-Victor Pharmacal Co., from St. Louis, Mo.

PRODUCT: 2 drums each containing 47,700 vitamin tablets at St. Paul, Minn.

LABEL, IN PART: "Sugar Coated Red Hematinic Oval Tablets."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), a valuable constituent, vitamin B₁, had been in part omitted from the article.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the following label statements were false and misleading as applied to the product, which contained less than the stated

* See also Nos. 14502, 14538.