

**DISPOSITION:** March 10, 1947, and July 30, 1948. Default decrees of condemnation. The Paterson lots were ordered destroyed, and the Seattle lot was ordered delivered to a Federal institution.

**13462. Adulteration of canned beans with pork. U. S. v. 148 Cases \* \* \***  
(F. D. C. No. 25173. Sample No. 22937-K.)

**LIBEL FILED:** July 16, 1948, Northern District of Alabama.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about January 8, 1947, from Swedesboro, N. J.

**PRODUCT:** 148 cases, each containing 48 1-pound cans, of beans with pork at Birmingham, Ala.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance. (The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.)

**DISPOSITION:** August 16, 1948. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

**13463. Misbranding of canned cut green beans. U. S. v. 3,150 cases \* \* \***  
(F. D. C. No. 24642. Sample No. 44003-K.)

**LIBEL FILED:** May 20, 1948, Southern District of Ohio.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about March 9, 1948, by the Fuller Canneries Co., from South Dayton, N. Y.

**PRODUCT:** 3,150 cases, each containing 24 1-pound, 3-ounce cans, of cut green beans at Cincinnati, Ohio. The product was cut into pieces less than  $\frac{3}{4}$  inch in length, which size is designated as short cuts in the standard.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Ontario Brand Cut Green Beans."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Misbranding, Section 403 (g) (1), the product purported to be and was represented as canned cut green beans, a food for which a definition and standard of identity has been prescribed by the regulations; and its label failed to bear, as required by the regulations, the name of the optional ingredients present in the food, since the label bore the statement "Cut Green Beans," whereas the article was "short cut green beans." Further misbranding, Section 403 (a), the vignette borne on the label of a dish of cut green beans of normal length was misleading.

**DISPOSITION:** July 14, 1948. The Fuller Canneries Co., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered, and the product was ordered released under bond to be relabeled under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

**13464. Misbranding of canned cut green beans. U. S. v. 19½ cases, etc. (F. D. C. No. 24753. Sample Nos. 37257-K, 37258-K.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** May 7, 1948, Western District of Washington.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about June 3, 1947, by Seattle Association of Credit Men, from Albany, Oreg.

**PRODUCT:** 175½ cases, each containing 6 cans, of green beans at Seattle, Wash.

**LABEL, IN PART:** (Portion) "Moraga Brand Cut Green Beans, Contents 6 Lbs. 5 OZS. \* \* \* Distributed by J. L. Henderson & Co., San Francisco."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Misbranding, Section 403 (h) (1), the product fell below the standard of quality for canned cut green beans, and its label failed to bear a statement that it fell below such standard. (The product contained an excessive amount of tough strings and fibrous material.)

**DISPOSITION:** July 8, 1948. The Wanamaker Supply Co., Seattle, Wash., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be relabeled under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

**13465. Adulteration of canned diced beets. U. S. v. 58 Cases \* \* \***  
(F. D. C. No. 25233. Sample No. 22936-K.)

**LIBEL FILED:** July 30, 1948, Northern District of Alabama.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about June 20, 1946, from Raymondville, Tex.

**PRODUCT:** 58 cases, each containing 24 1-pound, 4-ounce cans, of diced beets at Birmingham, Ala.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce. (Examination showed that the product was undergoing chemical decomposition.)  
**DISPOSITION:** August 31, 1948. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

**13466. Adulteration of frozen broccoli. U. S. v. 500 Cases \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 22284. Sample No. 3980-H.)**

**LABEL FILED:** February 17, 1947, District of New Jersey.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about December 11, 1946, by the R. D. Bodle Co., from Seattle, Wash.

**PRODUCT:** 500 cases, each containing 24 10-ounce packages, of frozen broccoli at Camden, N. J.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Penguin Brand Frozen Fresh Green Broccoli \* \* \* Packed by Washington Frosted Foods, Inc., Seattle, Wash."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of aphids, thrips, larvae, and insect fragments.

**DISPOSITION:** June 30, 1947. The R. D. Bodle Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for segregation of the fit from the unfit portion, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. Of the seized goods, 24½ cases and 2 10-ounce packages were released and the remainder was destroyed.

**13467. Adulteration of canned corn. U. S. v. 141 Cases, etc. (F. D. C. No. 25113. Sample Nos. 2725-K, 2726-K.)**

**LABEL FILED:** July 22, 1948, District of Columbia.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about May 25, 1948, by the Monocacy Valley-Canning Co., from Frederick, Md.

**PRODUCT:** 190 cases, each containing 24 1-pound, 4-ounce cans, of corn at Washington, D. C.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Monocacy Valley Brand Cream Style Golden Sweet Corn," or "Indian Spring Brand Cream Style White Sugar Corn."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of worms.

**DISPOSITION:** August 18, 1948. Default decree of condemnation. The product was ordered released for the use of the National Zoological Park.

**13468. Adulteration of canned corn. U. S. v. 54 Cases \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 24639. Sample No. 28039-K.)**

**LABEL FILED:** May 20, 1948, District of Colorado.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about April 26, 1948, by the Box Elder Packing Corp., from Brigham City, Utah.

**PRODUCT:** 54 cases, each containing 24 cans, of corn at Denver, Colo.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance.

**DISPOSITION:** July 12, 1948. The shipper having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

#### TOMATOES AND TOMATO PRODUCTS

**13469. Adulteration and misbranding of canned tomatoes. U. S. v. Clarence T. Smith (Smith Canning Co.). Plea of nolo contendere. Fine, \$1,200. (F. D. C. No. 23220. Sample Nos. 24997-H, 40504-H, 49195-H, 51772-H.)**

**INFORMATION FILED:** September 9, 1947, Western District of Arkansas, against Clarence T. Smith, trading as the Smith Canning Co., Fayetteville, Ark.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about August 3 and 16 and September 2 and 16, 1946, from the State of Arkansas into the States of Texas, Missouri, and Minnesota.

**LABEL, IN PART:** (Portion) "Big Smith Brand \* \* \* Tomatoes Distributed by Smith Canning Company Fayetteville, Arkansas." The remainder of the product was shipped unlabeled and invoiced as "Tomatoes."