

DISPOSITION: On January 28, 1947, the Prima-Bismarck Brewing Co., claimant for the Omaha lot, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be brought into compliance with the law, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. On April 21, 1947, no claimant having appeared for the remaining lot, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

11114. Adulteration of beer. U. S. v. 853 Cases * * * (and 2 other seizure actions). (F. D. C. Nos. 21710, 21723, 21749. Sample Nos. 36035-H, 36037-H, 67447-H.)

LIBELS FILED: November 14, 20, and 25, 1946, District of Kansas.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 15, 23, and 25, 1946, by the Birk Brothers Brewing Co., from Galewood and Chicago, Ill.

PRODUCT: Beer. 853 cases, 150 cases, and 600 cases at Kansas City, Hutchinson, and Topeka, Kans., respectively. Each case contained 24 12-fluid-ounce bottles.

LABEL, IN PART: "Trophy Beer."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (2), the product contained monochloroacetic acid.

DISPOSITION: November 29, 1946. The Birk Brothers Brewing Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of decrees, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered released under bond, conditioned that the contents of the bottles be destroyed under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

11115. Adulteration of beer. U. S. v. 462 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 21701. Sample No. 67448-H.)

LIBEL FILED: November 13, 1946, District of Kansas.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 24, 1946, by the Keeley Brewing Co., from Chicago, Ill.

PRODUCT: 462 cases, each containing 24 12-ounce bottles, of beer at Kansas City, Kans.

LABEL, IN PART: "Keeley Just Right Half and Half Blend of Beer and Ale."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (2), the article contained monochloroacetic acid.

DISPOSITION: March 4, 1947. The Keeley Brewing Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond, conditioned that the contents of the bottles be destroyed under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

11116. Adulteration of wine. U. S. v. 5,975 Gallons and 225 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 22664. Sample Nos. 83203-H, 83208-H, 83210-H.)

LIBEL FILED: March 6, 1947, Eastern District of Kentucky.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 15, 1946, by Caves Sainte Richarde, from Bronx, N. Y.

PRODUCT: Wine. 3 tanks containing approximately 5,975 gallons and 225 cases each containing 6 ½-gallon bottles at Covington, Ky. All of the wine was shipped in bulk, and the 225 cases represented a portion which had been bottled by the consignee. Analysis showed that the product contained monochloroacetic acid ranging from 135 to 180 parts per million.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (2), the article contained monochloroacetic acid.

DISPOSITION: October 20, 1947. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

11117. Adulteration of wine. U. S. v. 533 Gallons * * * (and 2 other seizure actions). (F. D. C. Nos. 22539, 22550, 22551. Sample Nos. 50586-H, 50590-H, 50591-H.)

LIBELS FILED: February 19, 1947, Eastern District of Louisiana.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: Between the approximate dates of May 27 and October 19, 1946, by the C. Schilling Co., from Muir Station, Calif.

PRODUCT: Wine. 633 cases, each containing 4 1-gallon jugs, 156 cases, each containing 6 ½-gallon jugs, and 533 gallons, some in bulk, and a quantity packed in bottles of various sizes.

LABEL, IN PART: "Diamond California Sweet Vino Rosso," "Vinehill Vino Rosso," "Block Brand California Sweet Vino," or "B&B Brand California Sweet Vino."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (2), the product contained monochloroacetic acid.

DISPOSITION: July 28, 1947. Default decrees of condemnation and destruction.

11118. Adulteration of wine. U. S. v. 4,576 Gallons * * *. (F. D. C. No. 22665. Sample Nos. 83204-H, 83211-H.)

LIBEL FILED: March 6, 1947, Eastern District of Kentucky.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 3, 1946, by the Monte Carlo Wine Co., Inc., from New Brunswick, N. J.

PRODUCT: 4,576 gallons of wine at Covington, Ky. Analysis showed that the product contained approximately 227 parts per million of monochloroacetic acid.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (2), the article contained monochloroacetic acid.

DISPOSITION: October 20, 1947. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

11119. Adulteration of peach wine. U. S. v. 615 Gallons * * *. (F. D. C. No. 23135. Sample No. 6560-H.)

LIBEL FILED: May 23, 1947, Southern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 31, 1946, by the Monte Carlo Wine Co., New Brunswick, N. J.

PRODUCT: 615 gallons of peach wine at New York, N. Y.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (2), the product contained monochloroacetic acid.

DISPOSITION: October 22, 1947. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

11120. Adulteration of wine. U. S. v. 1,804 Gallons * * *. (F. D. C. No. 23098. Sample No. 55023-H.)

LIBEL FILED: May 1, 1947, Middle District of North Carolina.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about January 31, 1947, by the Canandaigua Industries Co., Inc., from Canandaigua, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 1,804 gallons of white wine at Greensboro, N. C.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (2), the article contained monochloroacetic acid.

DISPOSITION: June 2, 1947. The claimant and owner having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

11121. Adulteration of wine. U. S. v. 99 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 22657. Sample Nos. 74393-H to 74396-H, incl.)

LIBEL FILED: February 27, 1947, District of Massachusetts.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about June 17 and 25, 1946, and January 20, 1947, by the Canandaigua Industries Co., from Canandaigua, N. Y.

PRODUCT: Wine. 99 cases, each containing 12 ½-gallon bottles, 200 cases, each containing 12 1-quart bottles, 251 cases, each containing 6 ½-gallon bottles, 210 cases, each containing 4 1-gallon bottles, and 154 50-gallon barrels, at Boston, Mass. Analysis showed that the product contained monochloroacetic acid in amounts ranging from 74 to 95 parts per million.

LABEL, IN PART: "Kosher New York State Concord [or "Red"] Grape Wine."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (2), the article contained monochloroacetic acid.

DISPOSITION: October 20, 1947. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

11122. Adulteration of wine. U. S. v. 112 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 22508. Sample Nos. 77126-H, 77132-H.)

LIBEL FILED: February 13, 1947, District of Minnesota.