

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of weevils, larvae, and insect fragments.

**DISPOSITION:** December 14, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of forfeiture was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**10559. Adulteration of popcorn. U. S. v. 49 Bags \* \* \* (and 4 other seizure actions against popcorn).** (F. D. C. Nos. 18071, 18072, 18500, 18501, 18838, 19588. Sample Nos. 18794-H, 18795-H, 24902-H, 24903-H, 51018-H, 51063-H.)

**LIBELS FILED:** Between the approximate dates of November 7, 1945, and April 5, 1946, District of Minnesota, Western District of Wisconsin, and Southern District of Texas.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** Between the approximate dates of May 31 and August 23, 1945, by the Central Popcorn Co., Schaller, Iowa, and Minneapolis, Minn.

**PRODUCT:** Popcorn. 200 bags at Minneapolis, Minn., 7 bags at St. Paul, Minn., 37 bags at Eau Claire, Wis., and 94 bags at Houston, Tex., each bag containing 100 pounds.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of larvae, weevils, insect fragments, insect excreta, and rodent-gnawed and insect-damaged kernels.

**DISPOSITION:** Between January 8 and April 26, 1946. The First Brokerage Co., Minneapolis, Minn., the Favorite Confection Co., Eau Claire, Wis., and Sidney Myers, Inc., Houston, Tex., having appeared as claimants for their respective portions of the articles, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered released under bond. The decrees provided that the lot at Minneapolis be utilized in the manufacture of distilled spirits; that one of the Houston lots be ground into feed for animals or poultry; and that the Eau Claire lot be disposed of in compliance with the law, which lot was denatured for use as animal feed. No claims were entered for the remaining lots, one of which was condemned and ordered destroyed, and the other was ordered destroyed unless disposed of as animal feed.

**10560. Adulteration of popcorn. U. S. v. 134 Bags \* \* \*.** (F. D. C. No. 18078. Sample No. 21925-H.)

**LIBEL FILED:** November 2, 1945, Western District of Tennessee.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about July 21, 1945, by the Atkins Popcorn Co., from Durant, Okla.

**PRODUCT:** 134 100-pound bags of popcorn at Memphis, Tenn.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of weevils and larvae.

**DISPOSITION:** December 7, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered sold for purposes other than human consumption, after being denatured under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

**10561. Adulteration of popcorn. U. S. v. 216 Cases \* \* \*.** (F. D. C. No. 18009. Sample No. 16335-H.)

**LIBEL FILED:** October 19, 1945, Eastern District of Wisconsin.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about April 4, 1945, by Fuller Foods, from Chicago, Ill.

**PRODUCT:** 216 cases, each containing 24 6½-ounce jars, of popcorn at Milwaukee, Wis.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Fuller Fine Foods \* \* \* Pop Corn."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of moldy kernels.

**DISPOSITION:** December 17, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.