

than 40 percent of moisture and its solids contained less than 50 percent of milk fat.

**DISPOSITION:** February 3, 1947. Swift & Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond, conditioned that it be converted into pasteurized process American cheese, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

**10406. Adulteration of Greek type cheese. U. S. v. 74 Boxes \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 21367. Sample No. 60841-H.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** October 30, 1946, Northern District of Ohio.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about August 6, 1946, by Deligiannis Brothers, from Chicago, Ill.

**PRODUCT:** 74 80-pound boxes of Greek type cheese at Youngstown, Ohio.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent excreta and maggots.

**DISPOSITION:** December 4, 1946. C. Tornello & Co., Youngstown, Ohio, claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for conversion into animal feed, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

**10407. Adulteration of Ricotta Salata cheese. U. S. v. 29 \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 21306. Sample No. 64326-H.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** October 25, 1946, Eastern District of New York.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about August 30, 1946, by Lebanon Fresh Cheese Corporation, from Lebanon, N. J.

**PRODUCT:** 29 Ricotta Salata cheeses, each weighing approximately 2½ to 3 pounds, at Corona, Long Island, N. Y.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent excreta pellets and fly, larvae, and insect parts; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

**DISPOSITION:** December 11, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

#### FEEDS AND GRAINS

**10408. Misbranding of alfalfa meal. U. S. v. Mississippi Valley Dehydrating Association. Plea of guilty. Fine, \$600. (F. D. C. No. 15520. Sample Nos. 34407-F, 34408-F.)**

**INFORMATION FILED:** December 13, 1946, Western District of Tennessee, against the Mississippi Valley Dehydrating Association, a corporation, Tiptonville, Tenn.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about January 13 and June 22, 1944, from the State of Tennessee into the State of North Carolina.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Alfalfa Meal \* \* \* Manufactured By Cooperative Alfalfa Mills, Inc. Toledo, Ohio," or "Vita-Greens Alfalfa Meal \* \* \* Manufactured By Saunders Mills, Inc. Toledo, Ohio."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Misbranding, Section 403 (a), (first shipment) the label statements, "Guaranteed Analysis, Crude Protein, not less than 15.0%, Crude Fat, not less than 1.5%, Crude Fibre, not more than 32.0%," were false and misleading since the article contained not more than 11.53 percent of crude protein, not more than 1.01 percent of crude fat, and not less than 47.54 percent of crude fiber; and (second shipment) the label statement, "Guaranteed Analysis, Crude Protein, not less than 17.0 Per Cent," was false and misleading since the article contained not more than 14.40 percent of crude protein.

**DISPOSITION:** January 6, 1947. A plea of guilty having been entered on behalf of the defendant, the court imposed a fine of \$300 on each count, a total fine of \$600.