

**9029. Adulteration of brewer's corn grits. U. S. v. 40 Bags of Brewer's Corn Grits. Default decree entered ordering the product destroyed unless reprocessed for use as animal feed. (F. D. C. No. 15891. Sample No. 18724-F.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** April 12, 1945, District of Minnesota.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about January 25, 1945, by the Charles A. Krause Milling Co., from Milwaukee, Wis.

**PRODUCT:** 40 100-pound bags of brewer's corn grits at Duluth, Minn.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of weevils, larvae, and webbing.

**DISPOSITION:** July 7, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment was entered ordering the product destroyed unless reprocessed for use as animal feed, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

**9030. Adulteration of brewer's corn grits. U. S. v. 700 Bags of Brewer's Corn Grits. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 15863. Sample No. 18723-H.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** April 6, 1945, District of Minnesota.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about September 20, 1944, from Milwaukee, Wis.

**PRODUCT:** 700 100-pound bags of brewer's corn grits at Duluth, Minn., in the possession of the Fitger Brewing Co. The product was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Some of the bags were rodent-gnawed and urine-stained, and rodent excreta pellets were observed on them. Examination showed that the product contained rodent excreta pellets, rodent hairs, larvae, and insect webbing.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

**DISPOSITION:** August 10, 1945. The Fitger Brewing Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be brought into compliance with the law, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

**9031. Adulteration of cracker meal. U. S. v. Junge Cracker Co. (Junge Biscuit Co.). Defendant found guilty. Fine, \$100. (F. D. C. No. 15543. Sample No. 80541-F.)**

**INFORMATION FILED:** August 9, 1945, Western District of Missouri, against the Junge Cracker Co., trading as the Junge Biscuit Co., Joplin, Mo.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about July 14, 1944, from the State of Missouri into the State of Arkansas.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Cracker Meal."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insect fragments, one unidentified insect, rodent excreta pellets, rodent hair fragments, and hairs resembling rodent hairs; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared and packed under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

**DISPOSITION:** January 18, 1945. The defendant was convicted and fined \$100.

**9032. Adulteration of farina. U. S. v. 25 Bags of Farina. Consent decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 15883. Sample No. 26840-H.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** On or about April 7, 1945, District of Colorado.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about October 25, 1944, from Kansas City, Mo.

**PRODUCT:** 25 100-pound bags of farina at Denver, Colo., in the possession of the Bankers Warehouse Co. The article was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Some of the bags were rodent-gnawed, and rodent pellets and urine stains were observed on them. Examination showed that the article contained rodent pellets.