

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it might have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: March 12, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

8325. Adulteration of whole wheat flour. U. S. v. 12 Bags of Whole Wheat Flour. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered sold to be denatured. (F. D. C. No. 14975. Sample No. 89912-F.)

LABEL FILED: January 13, 1945, Western District of Tennessee.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 9, 1944, from Carthage, Mo.

PRODUCT: 12 100-pound bags of whole wheat flour at Memphis, Tenn., in the possession of the National Biscuit Co. The product was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. The bags were rodent-gnawed, and rodent pellets and urine stains were observed on them. Examination showed that the article contained insect fragments and rodent pellets.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it might have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: March 2, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered sold, conditioned that it should not be disposed of as human food.

8326. Adulteration of whole wheat flour. U. S. v. 40 Bags of Whole Wheat Flour. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered delivered to a Government penitentiary, for use as hog feed. (F. D. C. No. 14999. Sample No. 602-H.)

LABEL FILED: January 22, 1945, Middle District of Georgia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 8, 1944, from Memphis, Tenn.

PRODUCT: 40 100-pound bags of whole wheat flour at Columbus, Ga., in the possession of the Colonial Baking Co. The product was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. The bags were rodent-gnawed, and rodent pellets and urine stains were observed on them. Examination showed that the article was contaminated with rodent urine.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it might have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: February 16, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered delivered to a Federal penitentiary, for use as hog feed.

8327. Adulteration and misbranding of enriched phosphated flour. U. S. v. 26 Bags of Enriched Phosphated Flour. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 12709. Sample No. 61618-F.)

LABEL FILED: June 19, 1944, Eastern District of Louisiana.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 24, 1944, by the Burrus Mill and Elevator Co., from Fort Worth, Tex.

PRODUCT: 26 bags, each containing 100 pounds, of phosphated flour at New Roads, La.

LABEL, IN PART: "Enriched * * * White Dove Flour."

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), valuable constituents, thiamine (vitamin B₁) and iron, had been in part omitted from the article.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statement "Enriched * * * Flour" was false and misleading as applied to a product which failed to conform to the definition and standard of identity for enriched flour; and, Section 403 (g), the article failed to conform to the definition and standard for enriched flour, since the definition and standard requires that enriched flour shall contain in each pound not less than 2.0 milligrams of thiamine (vitamin B₁), and not less than 13.0 milligrams of iron, whereas the article contained approximately 0.64 milligram of thiamine, and 9.0 milligrams of iron per pound.

DISPOSITION: March 5, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.