

On July 21, 1943, Karl Adler, doing business as Tropical Foods Co., having appeared as claimant, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for reconditioning under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

**5353. Adulteration of frozen peeled shrimp. U. S. v. 89 Cases, 59 Cases, and 5 Cases of Peeled Shrimp. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. Nos. 10530, 10675, 10676. Sample Nos. 38436-F, 38443-F, 39135-F.)

On September 1 and 8, 1943, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois filed libels against 153 cases of frozen peeled shrimp at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 18, 1943, by the Cutcher Canning Co. from New Orleans, La.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance.

On October 27, 1943, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

## FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

### CANNED FRUIT

**5354. Adulteration of canned blackberries. U. S. v. 44 Cases of Canned Blackberries. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. No. 10062. Sample 29084-F.)

This product contained moldy berries and was decomposed.

On June 5, 1943, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Georgia filed a libel against 44 cases, each containing 24 cans, of blackberries at Atlanta, Ga., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about March 13 and April 13, 1943, by Bush Bros. & Co. from Dandridge, Tenn.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance. The article was labeled in part: (Cans) "Bush's Clinton Brand Blackberries in Water."

On June 28, 1943, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

### DRIED FRUIT

**5355. Adulteration of dried grapes. U. S. v. 11 Cases of Dried Grapes. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. No. 9438. Sample No. 30934-F.)

On March 17, 1943, the United States attorney for the Western District of Washington filed a libel against 11 cases of dried grapes at Seattle, Wash., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about November 7, 1941, by the Sunland Sales Cooperative Association from San Francisco, Calif.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances, worms, cocoons, moths and worm- or insect-damaged grapes.

On September 16, 1943, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**5356. Adulteration of pitted prunes. U. S. v. 265 Boxes of Pitted Prunes. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. No. 10448. Sample No. 33496-F.)

On August 24, 1943, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York filed a libel against 265 boxes of pitted prunes at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about April 29, 1943, by the H. A. Johnson Company, Inc., from Boston, Mass.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of larvae, pupae, moths, insect excreta, and webbing. The article was labeled in part: "Glenwood Brand Medium Pitted Prunes Guggenlime & Company San Francisco Calif., U. S. A."

On September 17, 1943, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**5357. Adulteration of prunes. U. S. v. 29 Boxes of Prunes. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. No. 10370. Sample No. 39439-F.)

On August 9, 1943, the United States attorney for the District of Arizona filed a libel against 29 boxes, each containing 25 pounds, of prunes at Yuma,

Ariz., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about April 28, 1943, by Guggenlime & Co., from Fresno, Calif.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence therein of larvae, webbing, and insect excreta. The article was labeled in part: "Daphne Brand \* \* \* California 50-60 Prunes."

On September 29, 1943, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

#### FRESH FRUIT

Nos. 5358 to 5361 report the seizure of blueberries and huckleberries that were found to contain maggots or larvae, or both.

**5358. Adulteration of blueberries. U. S. v. 50 Crates of Blueberries (and 3 additional seizure actions against blueberries). Default decrees of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. Nos. 10650 to 10653, incl. Sample Nos. 20875-F to 20878-F, incl.)

On August 20, 1943, the United States attorney for the Western District of New York filed libels against a total of 111 crates of blueberries at Buffalo, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce within the period from on or about August 4 to August 12, 1943, in various shipments under the names McGurl, A. McGurl, or Allen McGurl from Jessup, Peckville, and Scranton, Pa.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance.

On September 20, 1943, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**5359. Adulteration of blueberries. U. S. v. 21 Crates of Blueberries (and 10 additional seizure actions against blueberries). Default decrees of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. Nos. 10646 to 10649, incl., 10762 to 10768, incl. Sample Nos. 20119-F, 20282-F to 20284-F, incl., 20288-F, 20289-F, 20768-F, 20774-F, 20776-F, 20779-F, 20780-F.)

Between August 21 and 28, 1943, the United States attorney for the District of Massachusetts filed 11 libels against a total of 132 crates of blueberries at Boston, Mass., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce within the period from on or about August 19 to 26, 1943, in various shipments by the following shippers: C. K. Allen, North Sedgwick, Maine; Mrs. Addie M. Tufts, Union, N. H.; Alfred G. Wuori, Waldoboro, Maine, Moran & Porusta, So. Lyndeboro, N. H., Eleanor Varnum, Sedgwick, Maine, R. H. Wilkinson, Gardiner, Maine, A. F. Heald, Lincolnville, Maine, John T. Stewart, Lyndeboro, N. H., Carlton Shield, Alton, N. H., Maine Blueberry Growers, Rockland, Maine, and F. A. Kent, Lyndeboro, N. H. It was charged that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance.

On September 20, 1943, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**5360. Adulteration of blueberries and huckleberries. U. S. v. 7 Crates of Blueberries (and 5 additional seizure actions against blueberries and huckleberries). Default decrees of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. Nos. 10482, 10483, 10485, 10658, 10807, 10808. Sample Nos. 45134-F, 45136-F, 56140-F, 56615-F, 56617-F, 56618-F.)

On July 24, 30 and August 9 and 24, 1943, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York filed libels against a total of 86 crates of blueberries and 54 crates of huckleberries at New York, N. Y., alleging that the articles had been shipped in interstate commerce within the period from on or about July 22, 1943, to on or about August 19, 1943, in various consignments by A. McAloose and Paul Salidago from Kelayres, Pa., Gus Kuckenbeaker from Long Pond, Pa., J. J. Gulick from Mahanoy City, Pa., and John Graham from Hammonton, N. J.; and charging that the articles were adulterated in that they consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance.

On August 16, and September 13 and 17, 1943, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the products were ordered destroyed.

**5361. Adulteration of blueberries and huckleberries. U. S. v. 8 Crates of Blueberries and 9 Crates and 3 Crates of Huckleberries. Default decrees of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. Nos. 10654, 10655, 10662. Sample Nos. 23826-F to 23828-F, incl.)

On August 13, 1943, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania filed libels against 8 crates of blueberries and 12 crates of huckle-