

quantity of butter that was adulterated in that a valuable constituent milk fat, had been in part omitted therefrom; and in that an article containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter. The article was labeled in part: "Butter—June Dairy Products Co., Inc. Distributors Jersey City, N. J."

On June 2, 1942, a plea of guilty was entered on behalf of the defendant and the court imposed a fine of \$50.

3690. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. Wayne O. Stevenson (Valentine Creamery Co.). Plea of guilty. Fine, \$25. (F. D. C. No. 6495. Sample Nos. 62236-E, 62239-E.)

On May 20, 1942, the United States attorney for the District of Nebraska filed an information against Wayne O. Stevenson, trading as Valentine Creamery Co. at Valentine, Nebr., alleging shipment on or about June 15 and 23, 1941, from the State of Nebraska into the State of Illinois of quantities of butter that was adulterated in that a valuable constituent, milk fat, had been in part omitted therefrom; and in that an article containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter. The article was labeled in part: "Butter L. D. Schreiber & Co., Inc. Distributors."

On June 27, 1942, the defendant entered a plea of guilty and the court imposed a fine of \$25 and costs.

3691. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 13 Tubs of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond to be reworked. (F. D. C. No. 7553. Sample No. 76984-E.)

On May 18, 1942, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York filed a libel against 13 tubs of butter at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about May 6, 1942, by the Becker Creamery from Becker, Minn.; and charging that it was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter. The article was labeled in part: "Fortgang Bros. 6586 N. Y. * * * Butter."

On June 1, 1942 Fortgang Bros., Inc., New York, N. Y., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond conditioned that it be reworked under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration so that it contain at least 80 percent of milk fat.

3692. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 14 Boxes of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond to be reprocessed. (F. D. C. No. 6793. Sample No. 62384-E.)

On December 23, 1941, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois filed a libel against 14 62-pound boxes of butter at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about December 11, 1941, by the Blue River Creamery Co. from Hastings, Nebr.; and charging that it was adulterated. It was labeled in part: "L D Schreiber Inc Distributors Chicago Illinois Net Wt 62 Lbs."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that an article containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter.

On January 15, 1942, L. D. Schreiber & Co., Inc., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be reprocessed so that it might be sold without violation of the law, either State or Federal.

3693. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 14 Cartons of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond to be reworked. (F. D. C. No. 6145. Sample No. 74549-E.)

On October 22, 1941, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York filed a libel against 14 cartons of butter at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 10, 1941, by the Drayton Creamery from Drayton, N. Dak.; and charging that it was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter. The article was labeled in part: "J. R. Kramer, Inc. 2540 New York."

On November 3, 1941, the Drayton Creamery, claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond conditioned that it be reworked, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration, so that it contain at least 80 percent of butterfat.