

quantities of crab meat which was adulterated in that it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it might have become contaminated with filth.

On June 1, 1942, the defendant having entered a plea of guilty, the court imposed a fine of \$50 upon each of the 6 counts, suspending the fine on 5 counts and placing the defendant on probation for 6 months.

3516. Adulteration of crab meat. U. S. v. 1 Barrel and 1 Barrel of Crab Meat. Default decrees of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. Nos. 7556, 7600. Sample Nos. 59898-E, 87620-E.)

On May 15 and 21, 1942, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland filed libels against 1 barrel containing 50 1-pound cans of white and 13 1-pound cans of claw crab meat, and 1 barrel containing 75 1-pound cans of white and 25 1-pound cans of claw crab meat at Baltimore, Md., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about May 12 and 18, 1942, by Biloxi Seafood Co. from Biloxi, Miss.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it had been prepared, packed, or held under insanitary conditions whereby it might have become contaminated with filth.

On June 17 and 24, 1942, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

3517. Adulteration of crab meat. U. S. v. 1 Barrel, 1 Barrel, 1 Barrel, and 1 Box of Crab Meat. Default decrees of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. Nos. 7598, 7599, 7601. Sample Nos. 59896-E, 59897-E, 59899-E.)

On May 21 and 22, 1942, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland filed libels against 2 barrels each containing 100 pounds, 1 barrel containing 101 pounds, and 1 box containing 64 pounds of crab meat at Baltimore, Md., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about May 18 and 19, 1942, by C. F. Gollott Seafood Co. from Biloxi, Miss.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it had been prepared, packed, or held under insanitary conditions whereby it might have become contaminated with filth.

On June 24 and 25, 1942, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

3518. Adulteration of crab meat. U. S. v. 244 Cans of Crab Meat. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 7554. Sample No. 70571-E.)

Examination of this product showed that it contained fecal *B. coli*.

On May 14, 1942, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York filed a libel against 244 pound cans of crab meat at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about May 12, 1942, by J. A. & C. Q. Goodrich from Oak Hill, Fla.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy animal substance. The article was labeled in part: (Cans) "Lagoon Quality Deluxe * * * Crabmeat."

On June 12, 1942, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

FROZEN FISH AND SHELLFISH

3519. Adulteration of frozen shrimp. U. S. v. 16 Boxes of Frozen Shrimp. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. Nos. 6263, 6264. Sample Nos. 54420-E, 54421-E.)

Examination of this product showed the presence of decomposed shrimp.

On November 21, 1941, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania filed a libel against 16 boxes of frozen shrimp at Philadelphia, Pa., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about September 25 and 29 and October 6, 1941, by the Union Fish Co. from Baltimore, Md.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance.

On January 5, 1942, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

3520. Adulteration of frozen fish. U. S. v. 107 Boxes of Fish Fillets and 245 Boxes of Red Perch Fillets. Default decrees of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. Nos. 7337, 7390. Sample Nos. 80801-E, 86548-E.)

Examination showed that this product was infested with parasites.

On April 23 and 24, 1942, the United States attorneys for the Northern District of Illinois and the Northern District of Ohio filed libels against 107 10-