

leging that the article had been shipped on or about September 12, 15, and 17, 1941, by J. A. McDonald & Sons from Rogersville, Tenn.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy substance.

On October 18 and November 6, 1941, J. A. McDonald & Sons, claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libels, judgments of condemnation were entered and it was ordered that the product be released under bond conditioned that it be converted into feed for livestock under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

**2624. Adulteration of grits and corn meal. U. S. v. 525 Bags of Grits and 2,322 Bags of Corn Meal. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond to be denatured.** (F. D. C. No. 6042. Sample Nos. 49802-E, 49803-E.)

On October 21, 1941, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Alabama filed a libel against 492 6-pound bags, 13 12-pound bags, 12 24-pound bags, and 8 96-pound bags of grits, and 1,711 6-pound bags, 360 12-pound bags, 198 24-pound bags, and 53 96-pound bags of corn meal at Mobile, Ala., alleging that the articles had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 22, 1941, by Mountain City Mill Co. from Chattanooga, Tenn.; and charging that they were adulterated in that they consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances. The articles were labeled in part: "Arrowhead Degerminated Table Grits From Selected Corn"; or "Crystal Pearl Meal From Selected Corn Bolted," or "Prize Winner Old Style Unbolted Electric Power Corn Meal."

On October 28, 1941, Autry Greer & Sons, Mobile, Ala., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the products were ordered released under bond to be disposed of in accordance with the law under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. Subsequently they were denatured and disposed of as stock feed.

**2625. Adulteration of corn meal. U. S. v. 831 Bags of Corn Meal. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond to be converted into livestock feed.** (F. D. C. Nos. 5811, 5812. Sample Nos. 79001-E to 79005-E, incl.)

Examination showed that this product contained rodent excreta.

On September 20, 1941, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Kentucky filed libels against 433 25-pound bags, 88 24-pound bags, and 270 10-pound bags of corn meal at Ashland, and 40 25-pound bags of corn meal at Olive Hill, Ky., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about August 30 and September 9 and 10, 1941, by Scioto Farm Bureau Cooperative Association from Lucasville, Ohio; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy substance. The article was labeled in part: (Bags) "Ballard's Cream Meal Bolted \* \* \* Manufactured For and Distributed By Ballard & Ballard Co. Incorporated Louisville, Ky."

On October 24, 1941, Scioto Farm Bureau Cooperative Association, claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libels, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be converted into livestock feed under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

**2626. Adulteration of corn meal. U. S. v. 21 Sacks of Corn Meal. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. No. 6070. Sample No. 59458-E.)

In addition to being insect-infested, this product also contained rodent hairs.

On October 24, 1941, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Virginia filed a libel against 21 sacks, each containing 100 pounds, of corn meal at Suffolk, Va., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about October 13, 1941, by J. G. Small from Edenton, N. C.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance.

On December 1, 1941, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**2627. Adulteration of corn meal. U. S. v. 302 Bags and 43 Bags of Corn Meal. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond to be denatured.** (F. D. C. No. 5831. Sample No. 70013-E.)

On September 24, 1941, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Florida filed a libel against 302 96-pound bags and 43 48-pound bags of corn meal at Jacksonville, Fla., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about August 8, 1941, by Spartan Grain & Mill Co. from Spartanburg, S. C.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance. The article was labeled in part: "Spartan Quality Table Meal."

On October 16, 1941, Hagin-Peters Co., Jacksonville, Fla., having appeared as claimant, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered