

On December 11, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

220. Adulteration of salt herring fillets. U. S. v. 2 Barrels, 10 Barrels, and 2½ Barrels of Herring Fillets. Default decrees of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. Nos. 999, 1000, 1001. Sample Nos. 74636-D, 74639-D, 74881-D.)

On November 18, 1939, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota filed libels against 14½ barrels of herring fillets at Minneapolis, Minn., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 15, 1939, by B. A. Griffin Co., Inc., from Superior Docks, Wis.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a decomposed substance. It was labeled in part: "Iceland Herring in Fillets Product of Iceland."

On January 8, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

221. Adulteration of salt herring. U. S. v. 8 Kegs, 89 Pails, and 63 Pails of Flat Lake Herring. Default decrees of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. Nos. 1117, 1118. Sample Nos. 79086-D, 79087-D, 79088-D.)

On December 1, 1939, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Oregon filed libels against 8 kegs and 89 pails of herring at Newnan, Ga., and 63 pails of herring at Griffin, Ga., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 28, 1939, by Allison-Bedford Co. from Chicago, Ill.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance.

On December 23, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

222. Adulteration of frozen frog legs. U. S. v. 16 Bags of Frozen Frog Legs. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 890. Sample Nos. 68504-D, 68516-D.)

On November 9, 1939, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York filed a libel against 16 bags of frozen frog legs at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about April 26, 1939, by Gomez & Naranjo from Havana, Cuba; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance.

On December 1, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

223. Adulteration of frozen frog legs. U. S. v. 18 Bags of Frozen Frog Legs. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 884. Sample Nos. 68513-D, 68517-D.)

On November 9, 1939, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York filed a libel against 18 bags of frozen frog legs at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about September 1, 2, and 7, 1939, by Porterfield & Monroe from Mascotte, Fla.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance.

On December 1, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

224. Adulteration of frozen frog legs. U. S. v. Twenty-one 5-Pound Bags of Frozen Frog Legs. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 803. Sample Nos. 68509-D, 68511-D.)

On October 25, 1939, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York filed a libel against twenty-one 5-pound bags of frozen frog legs at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about July 27 and 29, 1939, by Jacques Weil from Rayne, La.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance.

On November 10, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

225. Adulteration of frozen perch fillets. U. S. v. 87 Cases, 14 Cases, and 19 Cases of Frozen Fillets. Consent decrees of condemnation. Product ordered converted into fertilizer. (F. D. C. No. 824. Sample Nos. 46822-D, 46823-D, 46824-D.)

This product was in interstate commerce at the time of examination, and at that time it was found to be infested with parasitic worms and to be in whole or in part decomposed.

On October 28, 1939, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois filed libels against 120 cases of frozen fillets at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about September 6 and October 13, 1939, by Atlantic Quick Freeze Co., Inc., from New Bedford, Mass.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy and decomposed substance. The article was labeled in part: "Quick Frozen Fillets of Ocean Perch."

On November 29, 1939, the claimant having consented, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered converted into fertilizer.

Nos. 226 to 233 of this publication report the seizure and disposition of fish which was infested with parasitic worms.

226. Adulteration of frozen perch fillets. U. S. v. 500 Boxes of Red Perch Fillets. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 260. Sample No. 52101-D.)

On July 6, 1939, the United States attorney for the Western District of Pennsylvania filed a libel against 500 boxes of red perch fillets at Pittsburgh, Pa., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about June 9, 1939, by Henry & Close, Inc., from Boston, Mass.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy animal substance.

On September 5, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

227. Adulteration of frozen perch fillets. U. S. v. 822 Boxes of Perch Fillets. Consent decree of condemnation. Product released under bond to be reconditioned. (F. D. C. No. 393. Sample No. 55929-D.)

On August 18, 1939, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois filed a libel against 822 boxes of perch fillets at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 5, 1939, by North Atlantic Fish Co. from Boston, Mass.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance.

On September 28, 1939, Emil, Joseph, and Frank Cefalo, trading as North Atlantic Fish Co., claimants, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered, and the product was ordered released under bond conditioned in part that the unfit portion be destroyed under the supervision of this Department. The attempts to separate the good fish from the bad having proven unsuccessful, the entire lot was converted into fertilizer.

228. Adulteration of salt herring. U. S. v. 3 Kegs of Salt Herring. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 894. Sample No. 48244-D.)

On November 9, 1939, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota filed a libel against 3 kegs containing 110 pounds each of salt herring at Duluth, Minn., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 29, 1939, by Johnson & Olson from Chippewa Harbor, Isle Royale, Mich.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy substance.

On December 27, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

229. Adulteration of salt herring. U. S. v. 12 Kegs of Salt Herring. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 893. Sample No. 48243-D.)

On November 9, 1939, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota filed a libel against 12 kegs, each containing 110 pounds of salt herring, at Duluth, Minn., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 29, 1939, by Sivert Anderson from Siskiwit Bay, Isle Royale, Mich.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy substance.

On December 27, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

230. Adulteration of salt herring. U. S. v. 19 Kegs and 22 Kegs of Herring. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 861. Sample Nos. 74775-D, 74776-D.)

On November 4, 1939, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota filed a libel against 41 kegs, each containing 110 pounds of herring, at Duluth, Minn., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or