

court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 37 bushels of apples at Wichita, Kans., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about September 2, 1937, from Bentonville, Ark., by I. R. Sewell, to himself at Wichita, Kans., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained an added poisonous ingredient, a compound of arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it injurious to health.

On January 10, 1938, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered ordering the product destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

28276. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 252 Bushels of Apples. Consent decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 41353. Sample No. 67842-C.)

This product was contaminated with arsenic and lead.

On November 27, 1937, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 252 bushels of apples at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about November 22, 1937, by John Provenzano from Coloma, Mich., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it harmful to health.

On December 3, 1937, the claimants having admitted the allegations of the libel, and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered ordering the product destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

28277. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 39 Bushels of Apples. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 41796. Sample No. 1621-D.)

This product was contaminated with lead.

On February 4, 1938, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 39 bushels of apples at Philadelphia, Pa., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about February 1, 1938, by William Schober from Monroeville, N. J., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained an added poisonous or deleterious ingredient, lead, which might have rendered it harmful to health.

On February 28, 1938, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

28278. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 165 Bushels of Apples. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 40975. Sample Nos. 71201-C, 71205-C, 71206-C.)

This product was contaminated with lead.

On November 20, 1937, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 165 bushels of apples at Philadelphia, Pa., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about September 22, 1937, by Walter Roberts from Moorestown, N. J., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "F. L. B. Farm, Camden, N. J."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained an added poisonous or deleterious ingredient, lead, which might have rendered it harmful to health.

On December 14, 1937, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered ordering the product destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*