

apples at San Antonio, Tex., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about September 7, 1937, from Bentonville, Ark., by Pablo Escamillo, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it harmful to health.

On October 22, 1937, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

28150. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 41 Boxes of Apples. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 40466. Sample Nos. 56694-C, 56696-C.)

This product was contaminated with lead.

On September 29, 1937, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 41 boxes of apples at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about September 26, 1937, from Cranbury, N. J., by John H. Barclay, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained an added poisonous ingredient, lead, which might have rendered it injurious to health.

On October 18, 1937, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

28151. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 21 Baskets of Apples. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 40493. Sample Nos. 56978-C, 62632-C.)

This product was contaminated with lead.

On October 5, 1937, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 21 baskets of apples at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about September 30, 1937, from Beverly, N. J., by E. W. Schmierer, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained an added poisonous ingredient, lead, which might have rendered it injurious to health.

On October 20, 1937, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

28152. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 54 Hampers of Apples. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 40467. Sample No. 58971-C.)

This product was contaminated with lead.

On October 2, 1937, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 54 hampers of apples at Philadelphia, Pa., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 1, 1937, from Moorestown, N. J., by A. Hellmig, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained an added poisonous or deleterious ingredient, lead, which might have rendered it harmful to health.

On November 1, 1937, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

28153. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 23 Baskets of Apples. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 40472. Sample No. 62491-C.)

This product was contaminated with lead.

On October 2, 1937, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court an information against 23 baskets of apples at Philadelphia, Pa., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about