

**27991. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 81 Bushels of Apples. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. & D. No. 40430. Sample No. 59093-C.)

This product was contaminated with arsenic and lead.

On September 16, 1937, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 81 bushels of apples at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about September 3, 1937, by J. M. Benson Co. from Benton Harbor, Mich., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it injurious to health.

On September 22, 1937, the claimant having consented to the entry of a decree, the product was condemned and ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**27992. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 62 Bushels and 16 Bushels of Apples. Consent decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. & D. No. 40427. Sample Nos. 49435-C, 49436-C.)

This product was contaminated with arsenic and lead.

On September 16, 1937, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 78 bushels of apples at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about September 9, 1937, by Geo. Glenos, of Chicago, Ill., from Benton Harbor, Mich., consigned to himself, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The apples were alleged to be adulterated in that they contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered them harmful to health.

On September 22, 1937, the claimant having consented to the destruction of the apples, judgment of condemnation was entered and they were ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**27993. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 49 Bushels of Apples. Consent decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. & D. No. 40855. Sample No. 59749-C.)

This product was contaminated with arsenic and lead.

On October 29, 1937, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 49 bushels of apples at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 24, 1937, from Coloma, Mich., by Alex Kvetkas, of Chicago, Ill., consigned to himself, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled: "Oscar Erickson R. 2 Coloma, Mich."

It was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it harmful to health.

On November 30, 1937, the claimant having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, the product was condemned and ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**27994. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 17 Bushels of Apples. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. & D. No. 40616. Sample No. 49689-C.)

This product was contaminated with arsenic and lead.

On October 20, 1937, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Kentucky, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 17 bushels of apples at Lexington, Ky., alleging that the article had been transported in interstate commerce on or about October 13, 1937, from Berrien Springs, Mich., by truck of J. D. Southworth, of Lexington, Ky., consigned to himself, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it injurious to health.