

26331. Adulteration of canned salmon. U. S. v. 220 Cases of Canned Salmon. Consent decree entered. Product released under bond. (F. & D. 37690. Sample nos. 73223-B, 73252-B.)

This case involved canned salmon that was in part decomposed.

On April 29, 1936, the United States attorney for the District of Idaho, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 220 cases of salmon at Boise, Idaho, alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about September 12, 1935 by the Washington Fish & Oyster Co., from Seattle, Wash., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "Bay Beauty Brand Select Alaska Pink Salmon."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed animal substance.

On June 13, 1936, the Washington Fish & Oyster Co., having appeared as claimant and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be released under bond conditioned that it should not be sold or disposed of in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

26332. Adulteration of canned shrimp. U. S. v. 160, 25, and 275 of Canned Shrimp. Default decrees of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. nos. 37696, 37697, 37698. Sample no. 62037-B.)

These cases involved interstate shipments of canned shrimp that was decomposed.

On April 29, 1936, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court libels praying seizure and condemnation of 460 cases of canned shrimp at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about February 23 1936, by Rice Bros. Packing Co. (Acme Packing Co.), from Apalachicola, Fla., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "Rice Bros. Fancy Florida Shrimp * * * Rice Bros. Packing Co. Packers Apalachicola, Florida."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a decomposed animal substance.

On October 3, 1936, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

26333. Adulteration of lard substitute. U. S. v. 20 Cans and 95 Tubs of Lard Substitute. Decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. & D. no. 37717. Sample no. 68489-B.)

This case involved a lard substitute that was damaged with floodwater.

On May 7, 1936, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Ohio, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 20 cans and 95 tubs of lard substitute at Columbus, Ohio, alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about April 30, 1936 by Capital City Products Co., from Brightwood, Mass., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: (Cans) "B. B. S. Bakers Shortening * * * Manufactured by the Capital City Products Co., Columbus, Ohio"; (tubs) "Capital City Food Columbus Ohio."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid animal or vegetable substance.

On June 30, 1936, the Capital City Products Co., Columbus, Ohio, having appeared as claimant, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be released under bond conditioned that it should not be disposed of in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The product was used in the manufacture of soap.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

26334. Misbranding of olive oil. U. S. v. 12 Dozen Bottles of Olive Oil. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 37718. Sample no. 59495-B.)

This case involved olive oil that was short in volume.

On or about June 10, 1936 the United States attorney for the District of Arizona, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the