

**25903. Adulteration of dressed poultry. U. S. v. One Barrel of Chickens. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 36753. Sample no. 43826-B.)**

This case involved an interstate shipment of dressed chickens examination of which showed the presence of diseased chickens.

On December 9, 1936, the United States attorney for the District of Massachusetts, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of one barrel containing 56 dressed chickens at Boston, Mass., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about November 23, 1935, by F. M. Priest & Sons, from St. James, Minn., and that it was adulterated in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled: "Unclassified Poultry to be Government Inspected."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was the product of diseased animals.

On March 16, 1936, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the article be destroyed.

W. R. GREGG, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**25904. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 25 Cases, and 25 Cases of Butter. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 36763. Sample nos. 41706-B, 41721-B, 41727-B.)**

This case involved an interstate shipment of butter which was found to contain mold, pieces of insects, and other extraneous material.

On October 31, 1935, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Louisiana, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 50 cases each containing thirty-two 1-pound rolls of butter at New Orleans, La., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 16 and 23, 1935, by Jerpe Dairy Products Corporation, from Fayetteville, Ark., and that it was adulterated in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The rolls were labeled in part: (Wrapper) "Ol' Fashund Roll Finest Creamery Butter Clear Brook Quality Made from Pasteurized Cream, Ol' Fashund Roll Distributors Wilson & Co. General Offices Chicago, Ill."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy and decomposed animal substance.

On January 21, 1936, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the butter be destroyed.

W. R. GREGG, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**25905. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 38 Cases of Butter. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 36767. Sample no. 43622-B.)**

This case involved an interstate shipment of butter which was found to contain maggots and parts of insects.

On November 6, 1935, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Florida, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 38 cases of butter at Tampa, Fla., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 17, 1935, by the Rosemary Creamery, from Atlanta, Ga., and that it was adulterated in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "Rosemary Pasteurized Process Butter \* \* \* Manufactured by Rosemary Creamery \* \* \*, Atlanta Ga."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy and decomposed animal substance.

On January 16, 1936, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the butter be destroyed.

W. R. GREGG, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**25906. Adulteration and misbranding of milk powder. U. S. v. 2 Barrels of Milk Powder. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 36786. Sample no. 42626-B.)**

This case involved an interstate shipment of an article represented to be milk powder that was found to be skim-milk powder.

On December 12, 1935, the United States attorney for the Middle District of Pennsylvania, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of two barrels of an article described as milk powder at Scranton, Pa., alleging that the article had