

23736. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Three 10-Gallon Cans of Cream. Consent decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34694. Sample nos. 63-B, 67-B.)

On November 14, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Colorado, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 3 cans (30 gallons) of cream at Denver, Colo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 9 and 10, 1934, in part by Ray D. Viele, from Harrison, Nebr.; and in part by Farmers Equity Cooperative Creamery, from Sharon Springs, Kans., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, putrid, filthy, decomposed, yeasty, and rancid.

On November 14, 1934, the Farmers Equity Cooperative Creamery Association, Denver, Colo., having admitted the material allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23737. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Seven 10-Gallon Cans and Five 5-Gallon Cans of Cream. Consent decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34695. Sample no. 69-B.)

On November 16, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Colorado, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 12 cans (95 gallons) of cream, at Trinidad, Colo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 12 and 13, 1934, in various shipments by J. C. Dean, Canute, Okla.; T. P. Floyd, Goodnight, Tex.; N. A. Lindsey, Brownfield, Tex.; G. R. Cox, Canyon, Tex.; D. R. Gaither, Texhoma, Okla.; A. E. Griffis, Lubbock, Tex.; J. H. Cooksey, Goree, Tex.; J. J. Lawrence, Eldorado, Okla.; A. N. Wiseman, Wellington, Tex.; Ray Adams, Kendall, Kans.; J. B. Woodward, Roy, N. Mex.; and Wayne Macrander, Quemado, N. Mex.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, putrid, filthy, decomposed, yeasty, and rancid, and contained added sugar.

On November 16, 1934, the Trinidad Creamery Co., Trinidad, Colo., having admitted the material allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23738. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Eight 5-Gallon Cans and Five 10-Gallon Cans of Cream. Consent decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34696. Sample no. 26077-B.)

On November 16, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Colorado, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 13 cans (85 gallons) of cream at Trinidad, Colo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 14, 1934, in various shipments by H. H. Plemens, Hamlin, Tex.; J. R. McCarter, Midland, Tex.; A. R. Gilmore, Tolar, Tex.; J. M. Watron, Goree, Tex.; T. V. Curry, Itasca, Tex.; Arthur Waldrop, Sentinel, Okla.; Norman J. Schmidt, Dalhart, Tex.; A. M. Currie, Canyon, Tex.; J. L. Sims, Brownfield, Tex.; W. W. Carpenter, Matador, Tex.; R. O. Willoughby, Texola, Okla.; and W. B. Barton, Matador, Tex.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, putrid, filthy, decomposed, yeasty, and rancid.

On November 16, 1934, the Trinidad Creamery Co., Trinidad, Colo., having admitted the material allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23739. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. One 5-Gallon Can of Cream. Consent decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34725. Sample no. 11849-B.)

On December 5, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Utah, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 1 can (5 gallons) of cream, at Salt Lake City, Utah, alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate

commerce, on or about December 3, 1934, by C. J. Stanton, Rawlins, Wyo., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, yeasty, putrid, filthy, rancid, and decomposed.

On December 5, 1934, the Arrow Creamery Co., Salt Lake City, Utah, having admitted the material allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23740. Adulteration of cream U. S. v. One 10-Gallon Can of Cream. Consent decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34726. Sample no. 1551-B.)

On December 7, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Utah, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 1 can (10 gallons) of cream at Salt Lake City, Utah, alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about December 4, 1934, by A. B. Collins, Sams, Colo., via Peaks, Colo., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, yeasty, putrid, filthy, rancid, and decomposed.

On December 7, 1934, the Mountain States Creamery Co., Salt Lake City, Utah, having admitted the material allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23741. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Two 10-Gallon Cans and One 5-Gallon Can of Cream. Consent decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34727. Sample no. 26083-B.)

On December 4, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Utah, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 3 cans (25 gallons) of cream at Salt Lake City, Utah, alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about December 1 and 2, 1934, in various shipments by W. E. Woodruff, Buhl, Idaho; Melvin Passey, Ovid, Idaho; G. E. Webb, Downey, Idaho; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, yeasty, putrid, filthy, rancid, and decomposed.

On December 4, 1934, the Mountain States Creamery Co., Salt Lake City, Utah, having admitted the material allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23742. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. One 10-Gallon Can of Cream. Consent decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34728. Sample no. 81-B.)

On December 4, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Utah, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 1 can (10 gallons) of cream at Salt Lake City, Utah, alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about December 2, 1934, by Harold Tippetts, from Idaho Falls, Idaho, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, yeasty, putrid, filthy, rancid, and decomposed.

On December 4, 1934, the Western Creamery Co., Salt Lake City, Utah, having admitted the material allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23743. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Five 10-Gallon Cans, et al., of Cream. Consent decrees of destruction. (F. & D. nos. 34729, 43730. Sample nos. 11848-B, 26084-B.)

On December 4 and 5, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Utah, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court libels praying seizure and condemnation of 7 cans (65 gallons) of cream at Salt Lake City, Utah, alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 30, and December 1 and 3, 1934, in various shipments by Starr Nelson, from Delta, Colo.; and Nelson-Ricks Creamery