

from Hamburg, Iowa; and Mrs. Carl Shelton, from Burlington Junction, Mo.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On November 13, 1934, Omaha Cold Storage Co., Omaha, Nebr., having admitted the material allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23718. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Five 10-Gallon Cans of Cream. Consent decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34627. Sample no. 23541-B.)

On December 5, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Nebraska, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of five 10-gallon cans of cream at Omaha, Nebr., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 8 and 9, 1934, in various shipments by Wm. Ray, Glenwood, Iowa.; Perry Packing Co., Washington, Kans.; S. E. Jobe, Guilford, Mo.; and Claude Wohlford, Oregon, Mo.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid, putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On December 5, 1934, the Harding Cream Co., Omaha, Nebr., having admitted the material allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23719. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Fifteen 10-Gallon Cans of Cream. Consent decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34628. Sample no. 22744-B.)

On November 14, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Nebraska, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of fifteen 10-gallon cans of cream at Omaha, Nebr., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about November 10, 1934, in various shipments by Homer Russel, Wyeth, Mo.; L. P. Miller, Savannah, Mo.; A. Niccola, Hopkins, Mo.; Farmers Elevator Co., Barnard, Mo.; Ed. Holmes, Worth, Mo.; H. E. Aldridge, Rosendale, Mo.; Willie Scadden, Parnell, Mo.; Melvin Rogers, Casper, Wyo.; Hoyt's Cash Store, Quitman, Mo.; Niles Amagost, Fillmore, Mo.; Omaha Cold Storage, Chillicothe, Mo.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On November 14, 1934, the Omaha Cold Storage Co., Omaha, Nebr., having admitted the material allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23720. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. One 5-Gallon Can and Twelve 10-Gallon Cans of Cream. Consent decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34629. Sample no. 23448-B.)

On November 10, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Nebraska, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of one 5-gallon and twelve 10-gallon cans of cream at Omaha, Nebr., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 6, 1934, in various shipments by J. J. Waltz, Rea, Mo.; Paul Garety, Emmett, Kans.; Wayman Stanton, Watson, Mo.; Hester & Son, Craig, Mo.; R. W. McBeath, Kerr, Mo.; Alvia Mast, Chula, Mo.; Lawrence Miller, St. Catherine, Mo.; Lawrence Hoyt, Dawn, Mo.; Farmer's Exchange, Hale, Mo.; Wampler & Son, Bogard, Mo.; Fairmont Creamery Co., Chillicothe, Mo.; Alvin Greiner, Oregon, Mo.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On November 10, 1934, the Fairmont Creamery Co., Omaha, Nebr., having admitted the material allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*