

The article was alleged to be adulterated in violation of section 7 of the said act in that it was decomposed.

On September 18, 1934, Mooer's Butter Co., Minneapolis, Minn., having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**23456. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Two 5-Gallon Cans, et al., of Cream. Consent decree of destruction.** (F. & D. no. 33655. Sample no. 3775-B.)

On September 20, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 15 cans of cream at Minneapolis, Minn., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about September 17, 1934, in various lots by Jacob Sprenger, Jr., Denhoff, N. Dak.; Sisseton Farmers Creamery Co., Sisseton, N. Dak.; Harry Schnittger, Chelsea, S. Dak.; J. R. Jamieson, Westhope, N. Dak.; J. E. Heineman, Hitchcock, S. Dak.; Roy Peterson, Scranton, N. Dak.; and O. K. Ellingson, Gascoyne, N. Dak.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in violation of section 7 of the said act in that it was decomposed.

On September 20, 1934, the De Soto Creamery Co., Minneapolis, Minn., having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**23457. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Two 10-Gallon Cans of Cream. Consent decree of destruction.** (F. & D. no. 33657. Sample no. 3826-B.)

On September 20, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of two 10-gallon cans of cream at Minneapolis, Minn., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about September 18, 1934, by Frank Goodman, Robinson, N. Dak., and F. E. Stephan, Tolstoy, S. Dak., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in violation of section 7 of the said act in that it was decomposed.

On September 20, 1934, the Minnetonka Creamery Co., Minneapolis, Minn., having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**23458. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. One 5-Gallon Can of Cream. Consent decree of destruction.** (F. & D. no. 33658. Sample no. 3783-B.)

On September 19, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 1 can of cream at Minneapolis, Minn., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about September 16, 1934, by Dougall McGillivray, from Redstone, Mont., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in violation of section 7 of the said act in that it was decomposed.

On September 19, 1934, the Milton Dairy Co., Minneapolis, Minn., having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**23459. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Two 5-Gallon Cans, et al., of Cream. Consent decree of destruction.** (F. & D. no. 33659. Sample no. 3784-B.)

On September 19, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota, acting upon a report of the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of four cans of cream at Minneapolis, Minn., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about September 17, 1934, in various lots by Louis F. Domres, Dresden, N. Dak.; A. W. Luick, La Mars, N. Dak.; Albert Schroeder, Bordulac,

N. Dak.; and Jos. Kellel, Guthrie, N. Dak.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in violation of section 7 of the said act in that it was decomposed.

On September 19, 1934, the Nein Creamery Co., Minneapolis, Minn., having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**23460. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. One 5-Gallon Can and One 10-Gallon Can of Cream. Consent decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 33660. Sample no. 3774-B.)**

On September 18, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of two cans of cream at Minneapolis, Minn., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about September 15, 1934, by Charles Rance, Olmstead, N. Dak., and Mort Colton, Driscoll, N. Dak., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in violation of section 7 of the said act in that it was decomposed.

On September 18, 1934, F. J. Mooers, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**23461. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Three 10-Gallon Cans and One 5-Gallon Can of Cream. Consent decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 33661. Sample no. 5768-B.)**

On September 18, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of four cans of cream at Minneapolis, Minn., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about September 15, 1934, in various lots by Fred Rau, Streeter, N. Dak.; J. W. Peak, Alexander, N. Dak.; O. J. Kundert, Java, S. Dak.; and Anton Larsen, New England, N. Dak.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in violation of section 7 of the said act in that it was decomposed.

On September 18, 1934, the DeSoto Creamery Co., Minneapolis, Minn., having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**23462. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. One 10-Gallon Can, et al., of Cream. Consent decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 33662. Sample no. 3756-B.)**

On September 18, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of three cans of cream at Minneapolis, Minn., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about September 15, 1934, in various lots by Paul Tessman, Goodrich, N. Dak.; S. B. Schrader, Clyde, N. Dak.; and Frank C. Carcy, Balta, N. Dak.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in violation of section 7 of the said act in that it was decomposed.

On September 18, 1934, the Milton Dairy Co., Minneapolis, Minn., having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**23463. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. One 5-Gallon Can of Cream. Consent decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 33663. Sample no. 3787-B.)**

On September 17, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of one 5-gallon can of cream at Minneapolis, Minn., alleging that the article had been shipped in inter-