

On September 21, 1934, the De Soto Creamery Co., Minneapolis, Minn., having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**23452. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. One 10-Gallon Can of Cream. Consent decree of destruction.** (F. & D. no. 33652. Sample no. 3678-B.)

On September 21, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of one 10-gallon can of cream at Minneapolis, Minn., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about September 18, 1934, by August Gruszle, from Medina, N. Dak., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in violation of section 7 of the said act in that it was decomposed.

On September 21, 1934, the Milton Dairy Co., Minneapolis, Minn., having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**23453. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Two 8-Gallon Cans and One 5-Gallon Can of Cream. Consent decree of destruction.** (F. & D. no. 33653. Sample no. 3778-B.)

On September 18, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of three cans of cream at Minneapolis, Minn., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about September 14, 1934, in various lots by G. Brandt, Kramer, N. Dak.; W. C. Peuhler, Comstock, N. Dak.; and J. O. Johnson, Swedburg, Nebr.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in violation of section 7 of the said act in that it was decomposed.

On September 18, 1934, the Milton Dairy Co., Minneapolis, Minn., having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**23454. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Two 5-Gallon Cans and One 10-Gallon Can of Cream. Consent decree of destruction.** (F. & D. no. 33654. Sample no. 3796-B.)

On September 20, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of three cans of cream at Minneapolis, Minn., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about September 17, 1934, in various lots by Nick Metz, Cresbard, S. Dak.; H. C. Neill, Stratford, S. Dak.; and H. M. Nicholson, Pilger, Nebr.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in violation of section 7 of the said act in that it was decomposed.

On September 20, 1934, the Milton Dairy Co., Minneapolis, Minn., having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**23455. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. One 8-Gallon Can of Cream. Consent decree of destruction.** (F. & D. no. 33656. Sample no. 3771-B.)

On September 18, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of one 8-gallon can of cream at Minneapolis, Minn., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about September 15, 1934, by Hans Sundbakken, from Benedict, N. Dak., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.