

cans of cream at Pittsburgh, Pa., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about September 6, 1934, in various shipments by H. R. Morris, Hundred, W. Va.; Lester Holmes, Rohresville, Md.; L. C. Curry, Bridgeport, W. Va.; S. O. Williams, Bridgeport, W. Va.; J. B. Henderson, Bridgeport, W. Va.; C. H. Woodford, Lost Creek, W. Va.; Martin Wolfe, Newburg, W. Va.; and V. Neel, Fairmont, W. Va.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid animal substance.

On September 8, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption, and the consignee the Fairmont Creamery Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., having requested its immediate destruction, judgments were entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23431. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Eight 5-Gallon Cans and Nine 10-Gallon Cans of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 33555. Sample no. 20531-B.)

On September 7, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Pennsylvania, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 17 cans of cream at Pittsburgh, Pa., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about September 4 and September 5, 1934, in various shipments by Danley & Leonard, Clarington, Ohio; W. W. Price, Montrose, W. Va.; Albert E. Chidester, Hazelton, W. Va.; Fairmont Creamery (Leonard & Danley) from Middlebourne, W. Va.; W. R. Mike, Blacksville, W. Va.; D. F. Bolyard, Kasson, W. Va.; Lee Poling, Nesterville, W. Va.; R. Curry, Allingdale, W. Va.; Lizzie Dunham, Bellington, W. Va.; Fairmont Creamery Co.; from Ellenboro, W. Va., Brunswick, Md., Spencer, W. Va., Strasburg, Va., Winchester, Va., and Romney W. Va.; and D. U. O'Brien, Weston, W. Va.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid animal substance.

On September 8, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption, and the consignee the Fairmont Creamery Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., having requested its immediate destruction, judgments were entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23432. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Three 5-Gallon Cans, et al., of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 33556. Sample no. 14897-B.)

On September 13, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Pennsylvania, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 3 five-gallon cans, 1 eight-gallon can and 1 ten-gallon can of cream at Pittsburgh, Pa., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about September 10 and 11, 1934, in various lots by J. C. Hoover, Falling Waters, W. Va.; C. E. Nutter, Elizabeth, W. Va.; David Watson, Elizabeth, W. Va.; R. L. Emory, Bittinger, Md.; and Fairmont Creamery Co., from Charlestown, W. Va.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid animal substance.

On September 14, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption, and the Fairmont Creamery Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., having requested its immediate destruction, judgments were entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23433. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. One 3-Gallon Can, et al., of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 33557. Sample no. 20537-B.)

On September 11, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Pennsylvania, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of one 3-gallon can, ten 5-gallon cans, and one 10-gallon can of cream at Pittsburgh, Pa., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about September 8 and 9, 1934, in various lots by A. E. Lough, Hundred, W. Va.; O. L.