

On August 3, 1934, S. & W. Waldbaum, Inc., New York, N. Y., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the claimant upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$750, or the deposit of cash collateral in like amount, conditioned that it be reworked so that it contain at least 80 percent of milk fat.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

22854. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 32 Tubs of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond to be reworked. (F. & D. no. 33225. Sample no. 6466-B.)

This case involved a shipment of butter which contained less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat.

On July 13, 1934, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 32 tubs of butter at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 5, 1934, by the Nebraska Cooperative Creameries Co., from Omaha, Nebr., for the Gordon Cooperative Creameries Co., Gordon, Nebr., in pool car consigned to New York, N. Y., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter, a product which should contain not less than 80 percent of milk fat as provided by the act of Congress of March 4, 1923.

On July 18, 1934, the Gordon Cooperative Creamery Co., Gordon, Nebr., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the claimant upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$600, conditioned that it be reworked so that it contain at least 80 percent of milk fat.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

22855. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 27 Tubs of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond to be reworked. (F. & D. no. 33226. Sample no. 6470-B.)

This case involved an interstate shipment of butter, samples of which were found to contain less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat.

On July 16, 1934, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 27 tubs of butter at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about July 6, 1934, by the Farmers Cooperative Creamery, from Protivin, Iowa, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter, a product which should contain not less than 80 percent of milk fat as provided by the act of Congress of March 4, 1923.

On July 25, 1934, Lewis Ebert & Sons, New York, N. Y., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the claimant, upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$500, conditioned that it be reworked so that it contain at least 80 percent by weight of milk fat.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

22856. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 112 Tubs of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond to be reworked. (F. & D. no. 33227. Sample no. 6784-B.)

This case involved a shipment of butter that contained less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat.

On July 14, 1934, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 112 tubs of butter at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce,

on or about June 27, 1934, by Hi-Quality Dairy Products Co., from Kansas City, Mo., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter, a product which should contain not less than 80 percent of milk fat as provided by the act of Congress of March 4, 1923.

On July 26, 1934, the Columbia National Bank, Kansas City, Mo., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the claimant upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$2,500, conditioned that it be reworked so that it contain at least 80 percent of milk fat.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

22857. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 18 Tubs of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond to be reworked. (F. & D. no. 33228. Sample no. 6901-B.)

This case involved a shipment of butter that contained less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat.

On July 18, 1934, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 18 tubs of butter at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about July 6, 1934, by the Collins Produce Co., from Owatonna, Minn., for Waseca Cooperative Creamery Co., Waseca, Minn., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter, a product which should contain not less than 80 percent of milk fat as provided by the act of Congress of March 4, 1923.

On July 30, 1934, Waseca Cooperative Creamery Co., Waseca, Minn., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the claimant upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$400, conditioned that it be reworked so that it contain at least 80 percent of milk fat.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

22858. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 19 Tubs of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond to be reworked. (F. & D. no. 33229. Sample no. 6456-B.)

This case involved a shipment of butter that contained less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat.

On July 10, 1934, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 19 tubs of butter at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about June 30, 1934, by the Saratoga Creamery Co., from Saratoga, Iowa, through Maple Leaf Creamery Co., Ridgeway, Iowa, acting as agent, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter, a product which should contain not less than 80 percent of milk fat as provided by the act of Congress of March 4, 1923.

On July 13, 1934, the Saratoga Creamery, Saratoga, Iowa, claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the claimant upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$300, conditioned that it be reworked so that it contain at least 80 percent of milk fat.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

22859. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 8 Tubs of Butter. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. no. 33230. Sample no. 6776-B.)

Samples of butter taken from the shipment involved in this case were found to contain mold, insects, rodent and human hair, and other filth.