

**22820. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 9 Tubs of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond to be reworked. (F. & D. no. 32942. Sample no. 7970-A.)**

This case involved a shipment of butter that contained less than 80 percent of milk fat.

On June 15, 1934, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of nine tubs of butter at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about June 5, 1934, by the Webster Cooperative Dairy Association, from Webster, Minn., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter, a product which must contain not less than 80 percent of milk fat as provided by the act of Congress of March 4, 1923.

On July 9, 1934, the Webster Cooperative Dairy Association, claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the claimant upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$200, conditioned that it be reworked so that it contain at least 80 percent of milk fat.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**22821. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 10 Tubs of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond to be reworked. (F. & D. no. 32943. Sample no. 7971-A.)**

This case involved a shipment of butter that contained less than 80 percent of milk fat.

On June 16, 1934, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 10 tubs of butter at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about June 6, 1934, by the Monroe City Creamery, from Monroe City, Mo., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter, a product which must contain not less than 80 percent of milk fat as provided by the act of Congress of March 4, 1923.

On June 21, 1934, the Monroe City Creamery Co., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the claimant, upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$200, conditioned that it be reworked so that it contain not less than 80 percent of milk fat.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**22822. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 19 Tubs of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond to be reworked. (F. & D. no. 32944. Sample no. 7973-A.)**

This case involved a shipment of butter, samples of which contained less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat.

On June 16, 1934, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 19 tubs of butter at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about June 7, 1934, by the Ewing Cooperative Creamery Co., through its agent, the Nebraska Cooperative Creameries, Inc., from Ewing, Nebr., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter, a product which must contain not less than 80 percent of milk fat as required by the act of Congress of March 4, 1923.

On July 2, 1934, the Nebraska Cooperative Creameries, Inc., Omaha, Nebr., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the claimant