

* * * Apply * * * to afflicted parts;" (circular) "Is easily and quickly absorbed by the skin and underlying tissues. It carries the relieving * * * healing * * * properties of the ointment all through the tissues where they are most needed. This Emollient contains * * * Healing * * * Properties * * * with a * * * Healing Base. * * * quickly heals * * * It * * * heals and forms new healthy tissues, in Old Sores, Ulcers, Wounds and all offensive nonhealing eruptive surface skin diseases accompanied by a discharge. It is a specific for Piles, Hemorrhoids, Eczema, Salt-rheum, Itch, Ringworm, Scald-head, Bites * * * all Skin Diseases * * * It is a * * * healing remedy for Catarrh * * * Influenza, Hay Fever, and all diseases of the Mucous Membrane of the Nasal Passages. * * * Apply freely to afflicted parts * * * In the treatment of Old Sores, * * * for the Treatment of Catarrh."

On March 12, 1930, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

17222. Misbranding of Stopkofin. U. S. v. 6 Dozen Bottles of Stopkofin. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 23685. I. S. No. 07112. S. No. 1878.)

On or about May 11, 1929, the United States attorney for the Western District of Texas, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 6 dozen bottles of Stopkofin at San Antonio, Tex., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Piuma Italian Pharmacy, from Los Angeles, Calif., on or about March 27, 1929, and transported from the State of California into the State of Texas, and charging misbranding in violation of the food and drugs act as amended.

Analysis of a sample of the article by this department showed that it consisted essentially of ammonium chloride, ammonium carbonate, potassium iodide, antimony and potassium tartrate, extracts of plant drugs including podophyllum, a trace of chloroform, alcohol (28 per cent), sugar, and water.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was misbranded in that the statement on the carton and bottle label, "Contains no * * * alcohol," was false and misleading. Misbranding was alleged for the further reason that the package containing the article failed to bear a statement on the label of the quantity or proportion of alcohol contained therein. Misbranding was alleged for the further reason that the following statements regarding the curative and therapeutic effects of the article appearing on the carton and bottle labels were false and fraudulent in that the said article contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing the effects claimed: (Carton) "Stopkofin * * * for * * * Coughs, * * * Loss of Voice, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, * * * Spasmodic Croup, Bronchial and La Grippe Coughs, and * * * minor affections of the Throat and Lungs, * * * Stopkofin Laboratories * * * Stopkofin * * * Prepared From * * * E'even Ingredients * * * For Coughs;" (bottle) "Stopkofin * * * for * * * Coughs, * * * Loss of Voice, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, * * * Whooping Cough, Spasmodic Croup, Bronchial and La Grippe Cough, and * * * minor affections of the Throat and Lungs * * * Stopkofin Laboratories."

On January 20, 1930, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

17223. Misbranding of carbolized witch-hazel ointment and Hailperin's antiseptic healing ointment. U. S. v. 78 Boxes of Carbolized Witch Hazel Ointment, et al. Default decrees of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. Nos. 24457, 24458. I. S. Nos. 028926, 028927. S. Nos. 2704, 2705.)

On January 21, 1930, the United States attorney for the District of New Jersey, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district libels praying seizure and condemnation of 78 boxes of carbolized witch-hazel ointment and 36 boxes of Hailperin's antiseptic healing ointment, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Newark, N. J., alleging that the articles had been shipped by the Manhattan Drug Co., Brooklyn, N. Y., in part on or about September 28, 1929, and in part on or about November 2, 1929, and transported from the State of

New York into the State of New Jersey, and charging misbranding in violation of the food and drugs act as amended.

Analyses of samples of the articles by this department showed that the carbolized witch-hazel ointment and Hailperin's antiseptic healing ointment consisted essentially of a petrolatum, wax, and wool-fat base, zinc oxide, boric acid, phenol, sulphur, an empyreumatic substance such as tar oil, and essential oils, including menthol and camphor.

It was alleged in the libels that the articles were misbranded in that the following statements appearing on the carton and tin box labels, and in the accompanying circular, regarding the curative and therapeutic effects of the said articles, were false and fraudulent, since they contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing the effects claimed: (Tin box) "Healing * * * Nutritive * * * For wounds, sores * * * Piles, ulcers, eczema, and all skin diseases * * * apply * * * to afflicted parts;" (carton) "Healing Nutritive * * * For Wounds, fresh and old sores, * * * piles or hemorrhoids, ulcers, eczema, salt rheum, itch, ringworm, scald-head and all skin diseases. * * * containing wonderful healing properties combined with a readily absorbent * * * healing base. * * * Apply * * * to afflicted parts;" (circular) "Is easily and quickly absorbed by the skin and underlying tissues. It carries the relieving * * * healing * * * properties of the ointment all through the tissues where they are most needed. * * * This emollient contains * * * Healing * * * Properties * * * with a * * * Healing Base. * * * Quickly Heals * * * It * * * heals and forms new healthy tissue, in Old Sores, Ulcers, Wounds and all offensive nonhealing eruptive surface skin diseases accompanied by a discharge. It is a specific for Piles, Hemorrhoids, Eczema, Salt-rheum, Itch, Ringworm, Scald-head, Bites * * * all Skin Diseases * * * It is a * * * healing remedy for Catarrh * * * Influenza, Hay fever, and all diseases of the Mucous Membrane of the Nasal Passages. * * * Apply freely to afflicted parts * * * In the treatment of Old Sores * * * for the Treatment of Catarrh."

On March 10, 1930, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgments of condemnation and forfeiture were entered, and it was ordered by the court that the products be destroyed by the United States marshal.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

17224. Misbranding of Ferrasal. U. S. v. 12 Dozen Packages of Ferrasal. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 24317. I. S. No. 012055. S. No. 2556.)

On or about December 14, 1929, the United States attorney for the Western District of Louisiana, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for the said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 12 dozen bottles of Ferrasal, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Shreveport, La., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Crown Remedy Co., Dallas, Tex., on or about October 2, 1929, and transported from the State of Texas into the State of Louisiana, and charging misbranding in violation of the food and drugs act as amended.

Analysis of a sample of the article by this department showed that it consisted essentially of sodium bicarbonate (45 per cent), magnesium carbonate (26 per cent), salicylic acid (0.34 per cent), small amounts of calcium and iron carbonates, a tartrate, and starch flavored with oil of peppermint.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was misbranded in that the following statements borne on the carton, regarding the curative and therapeutic effects of the said article, were false and fraudulent, since it contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing the effects claimed: "Ferrasal * * * is indicated in the numerous health troubles caused by an excess of acids in the system. Acute Indigestion * * * Dysentery and Constipation are often caused by Hyper-Acidity. Ferrasal will give relief in such cases. It will also be found helpful in Kidney and Bladder trouble * * * The Sign of Good Health * * * Stops Indigestion Now! * * * For Acute Indigestion take * * * Repeat hourly until relieved. For Chronic Indigestion * * * Also take * * * after any meal that fails to assimilate properly. * * * In cases of Dysentery and Ptomaine Poisoning call your physician and take * * * immediately. * * * For Chronic Acidosis take * * * until condition becomes normal. In Severe Cases * * *."