

and condemnation of 2 barrels, containing forty-eight 1-gallon cans of scallops, remaining in the original unbroken packages at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped by J. T. Mitchell, Broadwater, Va., on or about February 17, 1930, and transported from the State of Virginia into the State of New York, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that a substance, water, had been mixed and packed with and substituted in part for scallops.

On March 6, 1930, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that such portions of the product as were passed by this department as fit for human consumption be delivered to a municipal institution, and any unfit portion be destroyed.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

17116. Adulteration of scallops. U. S. v. 1 Barrel, et al., of Scallops. Default decrees of condemnation and forfeiture. Product delivered to charitable institutions. (F. & D. Nos. 24622, 24623. I. S. Nos. 028890, 028895. S. Nos. 2860, 2861.)

On February 14, 1930, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district libels praying seizure and condemnation of 2 barrels containing 44 gallon cans of scallops, remaining in the original unbroken packages at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped by A. L. Charnock, Willis Wharf, Va., on or about February 13, 1930, and transported from the State of Virginia into the State of New York, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

It was alleged in the libels that the article was adulterated in that a substance, water, had been mixed and packed with and substituted in part for scallops.

On February 28, 1930, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgments of condemnation and forfeiture were entered, and it was ordered by the court that the portion of the product fit for human consumption be delivered to charitable institutions, and the remainder, if any, destroyed.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

17117. Adulteration of scallops. U. S. v. 3 Barrels of Scallops. Default decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product delivered to charitable institution. (F. & D. No. 24624. I. S. No. 028896. S. No. 2884.)

On February 18, 1930, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 3 barrels of scallops, remaining in the original unbroken packages at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped by the R. E. Dean Co., Cambridge, Md., on or about February 15, 1930, and transported from the State of Maryland into the State of New York, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that a substance, water, had been mixed and packed with and substituted in part for scallops.

On March 3, 1930, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the portion of the product fit for human consumption be delivered to a charitable institution and the unfit portion, if any, destroyed.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

17118. Adulteration of scallops. U. S. v. 1 Barrel, et al., of Scallops. Default decrees of condemnation and forfeiture. Product delivered to charitable institutions. (F. & D. Nos. 24633, 24634. I. S. Nos. 027602, 027603. S. Nos. 2894, 2895.)

On February 19, 1930, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district libels praying seizure and condemnation of 3 barrels containing sixty 1-gallon cans of scallops, remaining in the original unbroken packages at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped by H. S. Riggin & Son, Exmore, Va., in two lots,

on or about February 17 and February 18, 1930, respectively, and transported from the State of Virginia into the State of New York, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

It was alleged in the libels that the article was adulterated in that a substance, water, had been mixed and packed with and substituted in part for scallops.

On March 6, 1930, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgments of condemnation and forfeiture were entered, and it was ordered by the court that the portion of the product fit for human consumption be delivered to charitable institutions and the remainder, if any, destroyed.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

17119. Adulteration of scallops. U. S. v. 2 Barrels, et al., of Scallops. Default decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product delivered to charitable institutions. (F. & D. Nos. 24631, 24632. I. S. Nos. 027605, 029159. S. Nos. 2886, 2893.)

On February 19, 1930, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district libels praying seizure and condemnation of 3 barrels containing 42 gallon cans of scallops, remaining in the original unbroken packages at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped by S. T. Lewis, Cheriton, Va., in two lots, on or about February 17 and February 18, 1930, respectively, and transported from the State of Virginia into the State of New York, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

It was alleged in the libels that the article was adulterated in that a substance, water, had been mixed and packed with and substituted in part for scallops.

On March 6, 1930, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgments of condemnation and forfeiture were entered, and it was ordered by the court that the portion of the product fit for human consumption be delivered to charitable institutions and the unfit portion, if any, destroyed.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

17120. Adulteration of scallops. U. S. v. 1 Barrel, et al., of Scallops. Default decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product delivered to charitable institutions. (F. & D. Nos. 24621, 24625, 24626. I. S. Nos. 028891, 028894, 028899. S. Nos. 2858, 2859, 2887.)

On February 14 and February 19, 1930, respectively, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district libels praying seizure and condemnation of 5 barrels, containing ninety-eight 1-gallon cans of scallops, remaining in the original unbroken packages at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped by Bart Bowen & Son, Broadwater, Va., in various shipments, on or about February 13, 1930, in part from Broadwater, Va., and in part from Salisbury, Md., and on or about February 17, 1930, from Broadwater, Va., into the State of New York, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

It was alleged in the libels that the article was adulterated in that a substance, water, had been mixed and packed with and substituted in part for scallops.

On February 28, and March 6, 1930, respectively, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgments of condemnation and forfeiture were entered, and it was ordered by the court that the portion of the product passed by this department as fit for human consumption be delivered to charitable institutions, and the unfit portion, if any, destroyed.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

17121. Adulteration of rabbits. U. S. v. 12 Barrels of Rabbits. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 24448. I. S. Nos. 025509, 025510. S. No. 2720.)

On January 16, 1930, the United States attorney for the Western District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 12 barrels of rabbits at Buffalo, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Farmers Cooperative Exchange, Spickard, Mo., on or about December 3, 1929, and transported from the State of Missouri into the State of New York, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.