

United States Department of Agriculture

FOOD, DRUG, AND INSECTICIDE ADMINISTRATION

NOTICES OF JUDGMENT UNDER THE FOOD AND DRUGS ACT

[Given pursuant to section 4 of the food and drugs act]

15801-15850

[Approved by the Secretary of Agriculture, Washington, D. D., April 17, 1929]

15801. Adulteration of ergot. U. S. v. 362 Pounds of Ergot. Decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond. (F. & D. No. 21740. I. S. No. 13302-x. S. No. E-6034.)

On March 17, 1927, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 362 pounds of ergot, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Baltimore, Md., alleging that the article had been shipped by King & Howe, from New York, N. Y., on or about February 18, 1927, and transported from the State of New York into the State of Maryland, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

Analyses of samples of the article by this department showed that its potency was not more than one-half of that required by the United States Pharmacopoeia for ergot.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it was sold under a name recognized in the United States Pharmacopoeia and differed from the standard of strength, quality, and purity as determined by the test laid down in said pharmacopoeia.

On April 30, 1928, King & Howe, New York, N. Y., having appeared as claimants for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimants upon payment of the costs of the proceedings and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$700, conditioned in part that it be returned to the custody of the Collector of Customs to be exported from the United States under the supervision of the Customs authorities.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

15802. Misbranding of Womanette. U. S. v. 205 Bottles of Womanette. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 20704. I. S. No. 3930-x. S. No. C-4903.)

On December 12, 1925, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Louisiana, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 205 bottles of Womanette at New Orleans, La., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Capital Remedy Company, from Jackson, Miss., on or about April 1, 1925, and transported from the State of Mississippi into the State of Louisiana, and charging misbranding in violation of the food and drugs act as amended.

Analysis of a sample of the article by this department showed that it consisted essentially of extracts of plant drugs, including sassafras, potassium bromide, alcohol, sugar, and water.