

destroyed by the United States marshal and the bond cancelled. On April 16, 1927, no claimant having appeared for the remainder of the product, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

W. M. JARDINE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

15108. Adulteration of oranges. U. S. v. 424 Bushels of Oranges. Consent decree of forfeiture and destruction entered. (F. & D. No. 21727. I. S. No. 7516-x. S. No. E-5834.)

On February 28, 1927, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Georgia, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 424 bushels of oranges, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Savannah, Ga., alleging that the article had been shipped by C. J. Peters, of San Antonio, Fla., from Lake Jovita, Fla., on February 24, 1927, and transported from the State of Florida into the State of Georgia, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

Examination of the article by this department showed that it consisted in whole or in part of frost-damaged fruit.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated, in that it consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed vegetable substance.

On March 11, 1927, the claimant and owner of the property having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to its destruction, judgment of forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

W. M. JARDINE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

15109. Adulteration of grapefruit. U. S. v. 370 Boxes of Grapefruit. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond. (F. & D. No. 21837. I. S. No. 12917-x. S. No. W-2130.)

On March 25, 1927, the United States attorney for the Western District of Washington, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 370 boxes of grapefruit, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Seattle, Wash., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Lake Garfield Citrus Growers Assn., Lake Garfield, Fla., March 8, 1927, and transported from the State of Florida into the State of Washington, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act. The article was labeled in part: "Sealdsweet Florida Citrus Exchange Lake Garfield Citrus Growers Assoc. Lake Garfield, Fla."

Examination of the article by this department showed that it consisted in whole or in part of frost-damaged fruit.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated, in that it consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed vegetable substance.

On March 29, 1927, the Florida Citrus Exchange, Seattle, Wash., having appeared as claimant for the property and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimant upon payment of the costs of the proceedings and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$750, the terms of said bond providing that the product be reconditioned under the supervision of this department.

W. M. JARDINE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

15110. Adulteration of oranges. U. S. v. 44 Boxes and 26 Boxes of Oranges. Default decrees of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. Nos. 21748, 21753. I. S. Nos. 5913-x, 5914-x. S. Nos. E-5969, E-6006.)

On or about March 5, 1927, the United States attorney for the Western District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district libels praying seizure and condemnation of 70 boxes of oranges, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Buffalo, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Lake Wales Citrus Grocers Assn., from Lake Wales, Fla., in part on or about February 28, 1927, and in part on or about March 1, 1927, and transported from the State of Florida into the State of New York, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act. The article was labeled in part: "Lake Wales Citrus Growers Association, Lake Wales, Polk County, Florida. Crown Jewel Brand."