

transported from the State of Missouri into the State of Texas, and charging adulteration and misbranding in violation of the food and drugs act. The article was labeled in part: "Mallinckrodt One Pound Ether For Anesthesia, * * * a superior article in every respect, unsurpassed in chemical purity."

Analysis by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department of a sample of the article showed that it contained peroxide.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libel for the reason that it was sold under and by a name recognized by the U. S. Pharmacopœia and differed from the standard of quality and purity as prescribed in said pharmacopœia, and its own standard was not stated upon the labels, and in that the purity of the said article fell below the professed standard of quality under which it was sold.

Misbranding was alleged for the reason that the statements on the labels of the cans containing the article, namely, "Ether for Anesthesia * * * a superior article in every respect, unsurpassed in chemical purity," were false and misleading.

On October 13, 1926, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

W. M. JARDINE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

14688. Adulteration of tomato paste. U. S. v. 74 Cases of Tomato Paste. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 20471. I. S. No. 7038-x. S. No. E-5512.)

On October 7, 1925, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 74 cases of concentrated tomato paste, remaining in the original unbroken packages at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped by Cribari & Sons, from Hazlet, N. J., on or about September 23, 1925, and transported from the State of New Jersey into the State of New York, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libel for the reason that it consisted in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid vegetable substance.

On October 13, 1926, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

W. M. JARDINE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

14689. Adulteration of chopped apples. U. S. v. 687 Bags of Chopped Apples. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 21227. I. S. No. 4291-x. S. No. C-5201.)

On August 11, 1926, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 687 bags of chopped apples, consigned by the Standard Apple Products, Inc., of Rochester, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped from Dupon, Ill., in part July 26 and in part July 31, 1926, and transported from the State of Illinois into the State of Missouri, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libel for the reason that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid vegetable substance.

On October 11, 1926, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

W. M. JARDINE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

14690. Misbranding of cottonseed cake. U. S. v. 85 Sacks of Cottonseed Cake. Decree of forfeiture entered. Product released under bond. (F. & D. No. 20931. I. S. No. 432-x. S. No. W-1917.)

On March 17, 1926, the United States attorney for the District of Colorado, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 85 sacks of cottonseed cake, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Pueblo, Colo., consigned by the Coleman Cotton Oil Mill, Coleman, Tex., alleging that the article had been shipped from Coleman, Tex., on or about October 23,