

On September 15, 1924, the W. A. Deems Commission Co., St. Louis, Mo., having appeared as claimant for the property and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimant upon the execution of a good and sufficient bond, in conformity with section 10 of the act, conditioned in part that the product be reworked to bring the butterfat content up to 80 per cent and to reduce the moisture content to 15.9 per cent or less.

HOWARD M. GORE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

**12717. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 13 Cases and 11 Cases of Butter. Consent decrees of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond to be reworked.** (F. & D. Nos. 18869, 18871. I. S. Nos. 18841-v, 18843-v, 18845-v. S. Nos. C-4445, C-4447.)

On July 18 and 24, 1924, respectively, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Missouri, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district libels praying the seizure and condemnation of 24 cases of butter, remaining in the original unbroken packages at St. Louis, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Johnson Creamery Co., Stewardson, Ill., in part on or about July 15, 1924, and in part on or about July 18, 1924, and transported from the State of Illinois into the State of Missouri, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act. The article was labeled variously: (Carton) "Pure A. G. Butter \* \* \*"; "The Clover Blossom Brand Fancy Creamery Butter \* \* \* Johnson Creamery Co., Stewardson Illinois \* \* \*"; "Country Maid Fancy Creamery Butter \* \* \* Johnson Creamery Co. Stewardson, Illinois."

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libels for the reason that a product deficient in milk fat and high in moisture had been mixed and packed with and substituted wholly or in part for the said article, and for the further reason that a valuable constituent of the article, namely, butterfat, had been abstracted therefrom.

On September 9, 1924, the Johnson Creamery Co., Stewardson, Ill., having appeared as claimant for the property and having consented to the entry of decrees, judgments of condemnation were entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimant upon the execution of good and sufficient bonds, in conformity with section 10 of the act, conditioned in part that it should be reworked so that it should have a butterfat content of not less than 80 per cent and a moisture content of not to exceed 15.9 per cent.

HOWARD M. GORE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

**12718. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 14 Tubs of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond to be reworked.** (F. & D. No. 18866. I. S. No. 18799-v. S. No. C-4444.)

On July 19, 1924, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying the seizure and condemnation of 14 tubs of butter, remaining in the original unbroken packages at St. Louis, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Anna Produce Co., Anna, Ill., on or about July 16, 1924, and transported from the State of Illinois into the State of Missouri, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libel for the reason that a product deficient in milk fat and high in moisture had been mixed and packed with and substituted wholly or in part for the said article, and for the further reason that a valuable constituent of the article, namely, butterfat, had been abstracted therefrom.

On September 15, 1924, the W. A. Deems Commission Co., St. Louis, Mo., having appeared as claimant for the property and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimant upon the execution of a good and sufficient bond, in conformity with section 10 of the act, conditioned in part that the product be reworked so that it should have a butterfat content of not less than 80 per cent and a moisture content of not to exceed 15.9 per cent.

HOWARD M. GORE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*