

conspicuously marked on the outside of each package in terms of weight or measure.

On March 27, 1922, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be sold by the United States marshal.

C. W. PUGSLEY, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

10705. Adulteration and misbranding of cider. U. S. v. 4 Barrels and 6 Barrels of Cider. Default decrees of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. Nos. 16082, 16083. I. S. No. 8837-t. S. No. E-3840.)

On April 6, 1922, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district libels for the seizure and condemnation of 10 barrels of cider, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Baltimore, Md., consigned on or about March 13, 1922, alleging that the article had been shipped by the Interstate Fruit Product Co., Charles Town, W. Va., and transported from the State of West Virginia into the State of Maryland, and charging adulteration and misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "Pure Apple Juice Heck and Heck Brand Manufactured by International Fruit Product Co., Baltimore, Md. * * *"

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libel for the reason that a substance, saccharin, had been mixed and packed therewith so as to reduce and lower and injuriously affect its quality and strength, for the further reason that a fermented apple juice containing saccharin had been substituted wholly or in part for pure apple juice, which the article purported to be, and for the further reason that it contained an added poisonous or other deleterious ingredient, saccharin, which might have rendered it injurious to health.

Misbranding was alleged in substance for the reason that the statement on the label of the barrels containing the article, "Pure Apple Juice," was false and misleading, and deceived and misled the purchaser.

On June 15, 1922, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgments of condemnation and forfeiture were entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

C. W. PUGSLEY, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

10706. Adulteration and misbranding of cider vinegar. U. S. v. 32 Barrels of Vinegar. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and sale. (F. & D. No. 16105. I. S. No. 17027-t. S. No. E-3843.)

On April 19, 1922, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel for the seizure and condemnation of 32 barrels of vinegar, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Cumberland, Md., consigned November 16, 1921, alleging that the article had been shipped by the De Luxe Produce Co., Allegheny, Pa., and transported from the State of Pennsylvania into the State of Maryland, and charging adulteration and misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "De Luxe Produce Co., Pure Cider Vinegar, Pittsburgh, Pa. 50."

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libel for the reason that a substance, distilled vinegar, had been mixed and packed with the said article so as to reduce, lower, and injuriously affect its quality and strength and had been substituted wholly or in part therefor.

Misbranding was alleged in substance for the reason that the statement appearing on the labels of the barrels containing the article, "Pure Cider Vinegar," was false and misleading and deceived and misled the purchaser. Misbranding was alleged for the further reason that the article was an imitation of, and was offered for sale under the distinctive name of, another article.

On June 30, 1922, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be sold by the United States marshal.

C. W. PUGSLEY, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

10707. Adulteration and misbranding of vinegar. U. S. v. 34 Barrels of Vinegar. Decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond. (F. & D. No. 16113. I. S. No. 8836-t. S. No. E-3849.)

On April 19, 1922, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel for the seizure and condemnation of 34 barrels of vinegar, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Cum-