

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libel in that the article consisted in part of filthy, decomposed, and putrid vegetable substances, namely, decomposed beans.

On February 17, 1920, Ullman, Stern & Krausse, claimants, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the claimants upon the payment of the costs of the proceedings and the filing of a bond, in conformity with section 10 of the act.

E. D. BALL, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**S186. Adulteration of B. & M. fish flakes. U. S. \* \* \* v. 247 Cases of Fish Flakes. Labeled in Part, "B. & M. Fish Flakes." Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 11534. I. S. No. 2922-r. S. No. W-545.)**

On November 28, 1919, the United States attorney for the Northern District of California, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying the seizure and condemnation of a certain quantity of B. & M. fish flakes, remaining unsold in the original unbroken packages at San Francisco, Calif., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about July 19, 1918, by Burnham & Morrill Co., Portland, Maine, and transported from the State of Maine into the State of California, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

Examination of representative samples of the article by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department showed that the contents of approximately 18 per cent of the cans were badly decomposed, and that most of the cans showed evidence of decomposition.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libel in that it consisted in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid animal substance.

On December 10, 1919, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

E. D. BALL, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**S187. Adulteration of fish. U. S. \* \* \* v. 60 Boxes and 46 Barrels of Fish. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 11558. I. S. No. 13452-r. S. No. E-1901.)**

On December 12, 1919, the United States attorney for the Western District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel for the seizure and condemnation of a certain quantity of fish, remaining unsold in the original unbroken packages at Buffalo, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about November 28, 1919, by the Bay State Fishing Co., Flint, Mich., and transported from the State of Michigan into the State of New York, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libel in that the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid animal substance.

On December 15, 1919, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

E. D. BALL, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*