

**6474. Adulteration of corn meal. U. S. \* \* \* v. 200 Sacks Corn Meal. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 8764. I. S. Nos. 2864-p, 2865-p. S. No. E-973.)**

On February 7, 1918, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Georgia, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel for the seizure and condemnation of 200 sacks of corn meal, remaining unsold in the original unbroken packages at Savannah, Ga., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about November 29, 1917, by the Adluh Milling Co., Columbia, S. C., and transported from the State of South Carolina into the State of Georgia, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

Adulteration of the article was alleged for the reason that it consisted in part of a decomposed vegetable substance.

On March 5, 1918, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product should be destroyed by the United States marshal.

*J. R. Riggs, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*