

5867. Cabbage juice extract. (F.D.C. No. 42320. S. No. 26-776 P.)

QUANTITY: 355 100-tablet btl. at Sioux City, Iowa.

SHIPPED: 7-7-58, from Redlands, Calif., by Vita Fluor Corp.

LABEL IN PART: "Vita Fluor Cabbage Juice Extract \* \* \* U-90 Manufactured by Vita Fluor Corporation \* \* \* Redlands, California \* \* \* Each tablet contains 400 Mg. of cabbage juice concentrate."

LIBELED: 11-20-58, N. Dist. Iowa: amended libel 4-24-59.

CHARGE: 502(f)(1)—when shipped, the labeling of the article failed to bear adequate directions for use for the purposes for which it was intended, namely, in the treatment of stomach and duodenal ulcers, which were the conditions for which the article was offered in a circular entitled "New Treatment for Gastric-Peptic Stomach and Duodenal Ulcers" disseminated by and on behalf of its manufacturer.

DISPOSITION: 6-30-59. Consent—destruction.

5868. Vi-Arthra capsules. (F.D.C. No. 43160. S. No. 53-101 P.)

QUANTITY: 10 100-capsule btl. at Los Angeles, Calif.

SHIPPED: The betaine hydrochloride component of the article was shipped on an unknown date from New York, N.Y., by Polychemical Laboratories, Inc., to San Francisco, Calif., and from there to San Jose, Calif., where it was used in the manufacture of the article. On 4-15-59, following its manufacture, the article was shipped to Los Angeles, Calif.

LABEL IN PART: (Btl.) "100 Capsules Vi-Arthra A Special Dietary Supplement \* \* \* Each Capsule Contains: Betaine 100 mg. Glycocyanine 25 mg. Glucuronolactone 40 mg."

LIBELED: 5-26-59, S. Dist. Calif.

CHARGE: 502(f)(1)—when shipped from New York, the labeling of the betaine hydrochloride component of the article failed to bear adequate directions for use.

DISPOSITION: 6-17-59. Default—destruction.

5869. Aloe leaves and Papaya Rica. (F.D.C. No. 42472. S. Nos. 55-861/2 P.)

INDICTMENT FILED: 7-2-59, W. Dist. Mo., against Lloyd C. Shanklin, t/a A-1 Harmony Health Foods and Juices, Kansas City, Mo.

ALLEGED VIOLATION: On 5-29-59, while quantities of *aloe leaves* and *Papaya Rica* were being held for sale by the defendant after shipment in interstate commerce, the defendant caused oral representations to be made regarding the purposes, conditions, and diseases for which the articles were intended; and also caused to accompany such articles, as labeling, a book entitled "Chemical Types of People and Their Foods," which acts resulted in the articles being misbranded.

CHARGE: 502(a)—the labeling of the articles, namely, the above-mentioned book, contained false and misleading representations that the *aloe leaves* were an adequate and effective treatment for stomach disorders, indigestion, gastritis, ulcers, piles and hemorrhoids, fistulas, tumors, cancer, kidney troubles, cataract, arthritis, external ulcers, stomach ulcers, colitis, diabetes, burns, bruises, sprains, boils, swelling of the joints, eczema, and athlete's foot, and that the *Papaya Rica* was an adequate and effective treatment for stomach disorders, indigestion, gastritis, ulcers, kidney troubles, stomach ulcers, colitis, and eczema; and 502(f)(1)—the labeling of the articles failed