

DISPOSITION: January 4, 1952. Pleas of nolo contendere having been entered, the court imposed a fine of \$1,000 against the corporation and a fine of \$250 against the individual defendant.

3669. Adulteration and misbranding of Liver - Iron - Vitamins (injection).
U. S. v. Taylor Pharmacal Co. Plea of nolo contendere. Fine, \$100.
(F. D. C. No. 31280. Sample No. 24678-L.)

INFORMATION FILED: December 27, 1951, Southern District of Illinois, against the Taylor Pharmacal Co., a corporation, Decatur, Ill.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 2, 1951, from the State of Illinois into the State of New York.

LABEL, IN PART: (Vial) "Multiple Dose Vial 10 CC. Size Liver - Iron - Vitamins * * * Syracuse Pharmacal Co., Inc. Syracuse, N. Y., Distributors."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (c), the strength of the article differed from that which it was represented to possess, namely, "Each 2 cc. contains: * * * Riboflavin ---- 0.3 mg."

Misbranding, Section 502(a), the label statement "Each 2 cc. contains: * * * Riboflavin ---- 0.3 mg." was false and misleading since each 2 cc. of the article contained less than 0.3 milligram of riboflavin.

DISPOSITION: January 24, 1952. A plea of nolo contendere having been entered, the court imposed a fine of \$100.

3670. Adulteration and misbranding of liver extract (injection). U. S. v. 12 Boxes * * *. (F. D. C. No. 32155. Sample No. 38570-L.)

LABEL FILED: November 16, 1951, District of New Jersey.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 9, 1951, by the Lederle Laboratories, from Pearl River, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 12 boxes, each containing 3 1-cc. vials, of *liver extract* at Newark, N. J.

LABEL, IN PART: (Box) "Lederle Concentrated Solution Liver Extract 15 U (Liver Injection U. S. P.) * * * Each cc * * * constitutes 15 U. S. P. units injectable * * * each cc contains 20 Microgm of Vitamin B₁₂ by biological assay."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (c), the strength of the article differed from that which it purported or was represented to possess.

Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the label statement "each cc contains 20 Microgm of Vitamin B₁₂ by biological assay" was false and misleading since the article contained less than 2 micrograms of vitamin B₁₂ per cubic centimeter.

DISPOSITION: January 29, 1952. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that samples be delivered to the Food and Drug Administration and that the remainder be destroyed by the United States marshal.

3671. Adulteration and misbranding of Vidodec. U. S. v. 370 Vials * * *.
(F. D. C. No. 32137. Sample No. 21134-L.)

LABEL FILED: November 27, 1951, Western District of Texas.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 1, 1951, from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 370 10-cc. vials of *Vidodec* at San Antonio, Tex.

LABEL, IN PART: "Injectable Vidodec 10 cc. Sterile Solution Each cc. contains Vitamin B₁ 25 mg."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (c), the strength of the article differed from that which it purported or was represented to possess.

Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the label statement "Each cc contains Vitamin B₁ 25 mg." was false and misleading since the article contained less than 25 mg. of vitamin B₁ per cubic centimeter. (Examination disclosed that the article contained approximately 16.7 mg. of vitamin B₁ per cubic centimeter.)

The product was adulterated and misbranded while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: January 4, 1952. Default decree of forfeiture and destruction.

3672. Adulteration and misbranding of Estrotron (estrogenic hormone). U. S. v. 52 Bottles, etc. (F. D. C. No. 31206. Sample No. 23573-L.)

LABEL FILED: June 21, 1951, Southern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 17 and 24, 1951, by the Pitman-Moore Co., from Indianapolis, Ind.

PRODUCT: 52 10-cc. size bottles of *Estrotron* at New York, N. Y., together with leaflets entitled "Estrotron." Examination of the article showed that some of the bottles contained not more than 1.42 milligrams of estrogenic ketosteroids per cubic centimeter.

LABEL, IN PART: (Bottle and carton) "10 cc Size * * * Estrotron, 2 mg. (20,000 I. U.) per cc. in Peanut Oil A highly purified estrus producing extract from the urine of pregnant mares."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (c), the strength of the article differed from that which it was represented to possess, namely, 2 milligrams of estrogenic ketosteroids per cubic centimeter.

Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the label statements (bottle and carton) "Estrotron, 2 mg. (20,000 I. U.) per cc * * * consisting primarily of estrone with smaller amounts of naturally occurring estrogens * * * standardized to 20,000 I. U. of activity per cc" and (leaflet entitled "Estrotron") "containing 2 mg. of estrogenic substance per cc. equal in estrogenic activity to 20,000 I. U. per cc." were false and misleading as applied to an article which contained less than the declared amount of estrogenic ketosteroids per cubic centimeter.

DISPOSITION: November 29, 1951. The Pitman-Moore Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the article be released under bond for treating or re-processing so that the article would contain the declared amount of estrogenic ketosteroids per cubic centimeter, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

3673. Adulteration of yerba santa and grindelia. U. S. v. 4 Sacks, etc. (F. D. C. No. 30880. Sample Nos. 27834-L to 27836-L, incl.)

LABEL FILED: April 2, 1951, Southern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 2, 1951, by J. G. Olvey, from Colusa, Calif.

PRODUCT: 4 100-pound sacks of *yerba santa* and 22 200-pound bales of *grindelia* at New York, N. Y.

NATURE OF CHARGE: *Yerba santa*. Adulteration, Section 501 (b), the product purported to be and was represented as "Yerba Santa," a drug, the name of which is recognized in the National Formulary, an official compendium, and