

PRODUCT: Oleen shampoo. 6 cartons, each containing 6 8-ounce bottles and 1 gallon bottle, and 24 cartons, each containing 4 8-ounce bottles and 1 quart bottle, at Washington, D. C.

Analysis showed that the product contained approximately 20 percent of a polyethylene oxide alkyl phenol and 0.5 percent lauryl isoquinolinium bromide.

LABEL, IN PART: (Bottle) "Oleen Dandruff Treatment Shampoo With Hair Conditioner Contains Kurium Directions: Apply directly to scalp and massage. A hot towel may be used if desired. Rinse thoroughly. Apply more to the hair and work up lather, then rinse. Use at least once a week as a regular shampoo to control dandruff. For best results give a double shampoo."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 601 (a), the article contained a deleterious substance which may have rendered it injurious to users under the conditions of use prescribed in its labeling and under such conditions of use as are customary or usual.

DISPOSITION: September 18, 1951. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

COSMETIC ACTIONABLE BECAUSE OF CONTAMINATION WITH FILTH

193. Adulteration of orrisroot. U. S. v. 181 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 30917. Sample No. 24004-L.)

LIBEL FILED: April 12, 1951, District of New Jersey.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 23, 1948, from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 181 bags each containing 110 pounds of orrisroot at Bayonne, N. J.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 601 (b), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

The article was alleged also to be adulterated under the provisions of the law applicable to drugs, as reported in notices of judgment on drugs and devices.

DISPOSITION: July 2, 1951. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

COSMETICS ACTIONABLE BECAUSE OF ADULTERATION WITH UNCERTIFIED COAL-TAR COLORS

194. Adulteration and misbranding of coal-tar colors and the use without proper authority of identification devices authorized and required by the coal-tar color regulations. U. S. v. Interstate Color Co., Inc. Plea of guilty. Fine, \$500. (F. D. C. No. 17823. Sample Nos. 77877-F, 77878-F.)

INFORMATION FILED: May 1, 1946, Southern District of New York, against the Interstate Color Co., Inc., New York, N. Y.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 21, 1944, from the State of New York into the State of Pennsylvania.

LABEL, IN PART: "F. D. & C. Mixture Yellow 10013 Part of Certified Lot No. B-3438 Not less than 92% Pure Coal Tar Dye" and "F. D. & C. Mixture Blue 10656 Part of Certified Lot No. B-6088 Not Less Than 88% Pure Coal Tar Dye."